### **Examination Control Division** 2079 Bhadra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEI	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Digital Logic (EX 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.

✓	Assume suitable data if necessary.	
1.	Write down the advantages of digital systems. Define BCD and excess-3 codes.	[2+4]
	The state of the s	[4×1.5]
	a) $(329.54)_{10} = (?)_{16}$ b) $(BD.1A)_{16} = (?)_{10}$ c) $(01010111)_{gray} = (?)_2$ d) $(10100111)_{excess-3} = (?)_{BCD}$	
	Explain the positive and negative logic level of digital system. Show that positive logic level XOR gate is equivalent to negative logic level XNOR gate.	[2,3]
4.	Simplify the given function using K-map. $F = \sum_{m} (1,2,3,8,9,10,11,14) + d\sum_{m} (0,4,12)$ .	
	Realize the simplified Boolean function using NAND Gate.	[4+2]
	Realize full-adder using a single 4:1 MUX and logical gates. Design the BCD to sever segment decoder. Obtain the simplest logic expressions for segments "a" and "e" also draw their circuits.	[4+6]
6.	What is an encoder? Explain 8 to 3 line encoder with circuit diagram and truth table.	[1+5]
	Explain the operation of D flip-flop with necessary diagrams truth tables and make it excitation table.	[~]
	Explain the operation of 4-bit serial-in-parallel out (SIPO) register with timing diagram for the given data pattern 1101.	r_1
	Differentiate between synchronous and asynchronous counters. Design a mod-	r 1
	A synchronous machine has 1-bit input 'X'. The output 'Y' goes high when input contain the massage '101'. Draw the state diagram, derive the transition table (state table) excitation table and design circuit. Use only T flip-flops.	[10]
11	What is a memory device? Distinguish between PAL and PLA memory devices.	[2+4]
12	. With the help of block diagram explain the operation of frequency counter circuit.	[4]

### Examination Control Division 2079 Baisbakh

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEI	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

## Subject: - Digital Logic (EX 401)

✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions. ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. What are digital signals? Explain digital logic levels with appropriate diagram. [1+2]2. What is gray code? Explain with its advantages and disadvantages. [1+3][1.5+1.5]3. Perform the following code conversion: a)  $(5F.D)_{16} = (?)_{BCD}$ b)  $(126)_8 = (?)_{\text{gray code}}$ 4. Implement Y = AB + C'(D + E) using minimum number of two input NAND gates only. [4] [3] 5. State and prove De'Morgan's theorem. 6. Explain Duality principle in Boolean algebra with example. Define SOP and POS. [3+2]7. Simplify  $F = \sum (1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14)$  and  $d = \sum (0, 4, 12)$  using K-map and write its simplified expression in POS (Product of sum). Draw final logic circuits diagram. [4+2]8. Design a logic circuit for segment 'b' and 'g' of the seven segment display decoder. [3+3]9. What is the magnitude comparator? Design logic circuit diagram of 3-bit magnitude [1+5]comparator. 10. Differentiate between latch and flip flop. Explain the working principle of negative edge triggered JK flip flop with necessary circuit, tables, characteristics equation and timing [2+5]diagram. 11. Design 3-bit synchronous up/down counter in a single circuit with its timing diagram. [4+2]12. Draw the circuit diagram of Parallel IN Serial out Shift Register (PISO). Explain its [2+4]working principle with its timing diagram. 13. Differentiate between mealy and moore machine. Design a sequential machine that can go through 2-bit gray code combination of states. The machine changes its state when serial input is high (1) and remains same state when input is low (0). The machine produces output 1 when it passes through all states and finally goes back to initial state. [2+10](Use J-K flip flop) 14. How DRAM does differ from SRAM? Implement full substractor using PROM. [1+4]15. With the help of block diagram, explain the operation of frequency counter. [4]

### **Examination Control Division** 2078 Bhadra

13. Design and describe 24 hr digital clock.

Exam.		Regular :-	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEI	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Digital Logic (EX 401)

✓	Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.	
✓	Attempt All questions.	
. ✓		
✓	Assume suitable data if necessary.	
1.	Define analog and digital signal. What are the advantages of digital system over analog system?	[2+2]
2.	Explain BCD, Excess-2, Gray and ASCII Code with examples. [4	×1.5]
3.	a) Define SOP and POS form and convert $F = A + BC + ABC$ into its canonical form.	[2+2]
4.		[4+3]
5.	Implement the given function $F = \Sigma$ (0, 2, 3, 5, 8, 12, 14) using only one 8:1 MUX. Add the binary numbers 1011 and 1101 by using Full adders.	[4+3]
6.	Design a 3 bit binary multiplier using binary parallel adder (BPA).	[6]
7.	Find out the simplest logic circuit as far as possible for the 'e' segment of the seven segment display decoder.	[6]
8.	Convert SR flip-flop to T filp-flop and draw the timing diagram of SR flip flop.	[4+2]
9.	Describe the operation of 4-bit parallel in serial out shift register with its truth table and timing diagram for a given data sequence 1101.	[6]
10.	Design a 3-bit Asynchrounous up/down counter with its truth table and explain it working principle.	[6]
	Design a sequential circuit with T flip-flop and two inputs X and Y. If X=1 and Y=0 the circuit goes through 00 to 01 to 11 to 10. When X=Y=1, the circuit goes through the transition from 00 to 10 to 01 to 11. When X = 0 and Y=1, the circuit goes through 00 to	[12]
	11 to 10 to 00. When $X = Y = 0$ , the circuit 00 to 01 to 10 to 11 and repeats.	_
12.	Define PLA (Programmable Logic Array). Implement the full substractor using PLA.	[2+3]
13.	Design and describe 24 hr digital clock.	[5]

### Examination Control Division 2078 Kartik

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	BEI	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Digital Logic (EX 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- [3] 1. List out the advantages of digital signal over the analog signal. [1.5+1.5]2. Explain ASCII and EBCDIC codes with example. [2×2] 3. Convert the following number system. a)  $(5A.B)_{16}=(?)_{Excess-3}$ b)  $(1011011)_2 = (?)_{BCD}$ 4. Define universal gates with example. Explain positive and negative logic. [2+2]5. Design three input exclusive NOR gate using NOR gates only. [3] 6. Given function F=A(B'+C)+BD, change into its canonical form. Define max term and [3+2]min term. 7. Simplify the given function using K-map  $F=\Pi(0,1,4,7,8,10,11,12)$  and D=(2,3,6,9,15) and [4+2]implement the final expression using NAND gate only. 8. Define and design 2-bit binary fast adder. Draw the circuit diagram of full substractor [5+2]using half substractor. 9. Implement the given function  $F=\Sigma(0,1,3,6,10,12,14)$  using  $8\times1$  MUX only. [4] 10. Define race around condition. What are the limitation of SR flip flop? Convert JK flip [2+2+4]flop to SR flip flop. 11. Mention the application of shift Register. Explain the circuit diagram of 3-bit switched [2+4]tail ring counter. 12. Design the synchronous MOD-6 counter using -ve edge triggered JK flip flop. [6] 13. Design a sequential machine that detects three consecutive zeros from an input data [10] stream x by making output y=1. (Use SR flip flop in your design) 14. Differentiate between PROM and PLA. Implement the following boolean functions using [2+2×2] PAL. a)  $A(x,y,z) = \Sigma(2, 4, 5, 7)$ b)  $B(x,y,z) = \Sigma(0,2,6)$ [5] 15. Explain the operation of digital clock with neat and clean diagram.

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### Examination Control Division 2078 Bhadra

Exam.	R	gular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
	II / I	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Digital Logic (EX 502)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. Assume suitable data if necessary. [1+3]1. What is BCD code? List the advantages and disadvantages of BCD code. 2. State and prove De-Morgan's theorems with necessary diagrams. Construct XOR gate [2+4]using minimum number of NAND gates. 3. Obtain the minimal SOP form of F(A, B, C, D) =  $\sum m(3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 15) + d(0, 2, 7, 14)$ [3+3]using K-map and implement the simplified result using NOR gate only. 4. Design a circuit that compares two 2-bit numbers, A and B, to check if they are equal. [5] The circuit has one output x, so that x = 1 if A = B and x = 0 is  $A \neq B$ . [4] 5. Design full adder circuit using a 2×4 decoder and gates. [5] 6. Design a 5x32 line decoder using 3x8 line decoder and necessary logic gates. 7. Explain the operation of 4 bit serial in serial out (SISO) register with timing diagram of [3+3] 1011 data input. 8. Explain the operation of positive edge trigger S-R flip-flop with excitation table. Also [3+2+2]derive its characteristic equation and state diagram. 9. Define synchronous sequential circuits. Explain the operation of asynchronous decade [1+6] counter with timing diagrams and circuit diagram. 10. Define parallel counter. Design a mod-6 synchronous up counter using JK flip flop. [1+7]11. Explain the characteristics of CMOS logic families. Draw the schematic diagram of TTL [3+4] 2-input AND gate and explain with necessary diagrams. 12. Design a sequential machine that has one serial input X and one output Z. The machine is required to give an output z = 1 when the input X contains the message 1001. Use S-R [10] flip-flop. 13. With the help of block diagram explain the operation of frequency counter circuit. [5]

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### INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

### Examination Control Division 2076 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL,BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year/Part	11/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Digital Logic (EX 502)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions. ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. Explain Gray code with suitable examples. [3] 2. State and prove the De-margin's theorem and perform the addition (-47+27) by using 2' complement method. [3+3]3. Simplify the function using K-map  $F=\Sigma$  (1,2,3,8,9,10,11,14) and  $D=\Sigma$  (0,4,12). Also realize the simplified circuit using NAND Gates. [4+2] 4. Describe the importance of parity bits in communication system. Explain 3 bits even parity generator circuit clearly. [2+4] 5. Realize a full subtractor circuit by combining only one 1:4 demultiplexer and standard gates. [5] 6. Explain the operation of 8:1 multiplexer with necessary diagrams. Construct 32:1 MUX using only 8:1 MUXs. [3+3]7. Explain the serial in parallel-out (SIPO) shift register with timing diagram of 1101 data [6] 8. Explain the operation of edge triggered J-K Flip-Flop with necessary diagram and excitation table. [6] 9. Differentiate between combinational and sequential logic circuits. Construct and explain mod-12 asynchronous down counter with negative edge clock triggering system. Use JK flip-flops and necessary logic gates. [2+6]10. Design the synchronous decade counter using T flip-flop and also show its timing diagram. [8] 11. Explain the operation of TTL two input OR gate with schematic diagram and also define the propagation delay time and power dissipation. [4+2]12. With the help of block diagram, explain the operation of digital frequency counter. [4] 13. Consider a sequential detector that receives binary data stream at its input 'X' and signals when a serial sequence '1011' arrives at the input by making its output'Y' high, otherwise output remains low. Design a sequence detector state machine using positive edge triggered T flip flops. [10]

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### Examination Control Division 2076 Ashwin

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II/I	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Digital Logic (EX 502)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

  ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

•	Assume Sundoic acts of meeting.	
1.	a) What is a gray code? Compare with binary numbers.	[3]
	b) List the advantages of digital signal over analog signal.	[3]
2.	Describe De' Morgan's laws with examples. Construct XOR gate using only 3-inputs NAND gates.	[2+3]
3.	What is a decoder? Realize a 2-to-4 line decoder as a full adder circuit.	[1+5]
4.	Simplify the following function using K-map. And also draw reduced circuit using NOR gate $y(A, B, C, D) = \Pi M (0,2,3,8,10,11,12,15)$ and $d=\Pi M(7,13,14)$ .	[5+2]
5.	b) Realize the logic circuit of 1×16 DMUX using 1×4 DMUX and gates if necessary.	[5] [3]
6.	be used as bounce eliminator.	[2 1 4]
	Explain how 1001 data can be stored and retrieve n PISO shift register with neat diagram and truth table.	[,]
	Construct a mod-12 asynchronous up counter with positive clock edge triggering Implement only T flip-flops.	[2]
	Design BCD synchronous counter with circuit diagram, truth table and timing waveform. Use T flip-flop.	[,]
	<ol> <li>Draw the schematic diagram of 2-input TTL NAND gate and explain about CMOS characteristics.</li> </ol>	[ • • 2-]
	1. Design a sequential machine with one input x and one output z which gives output z=1 when serial input containts 1011 message. Use J-K flip-flop.	[ 12]
1	2. With the help of block diagram explain the operation of frequency counter.  ***	[5]

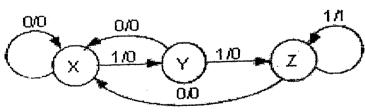
### Examination Control Division 2075 Ashwin

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	11/1	Time	3 hrs.

[6]

# Subject: - Digital Logic (EX502)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Describe in your own words the characteristics of an analog and a digital signal. Convert
   A2.64H into its octal and decimal equivalents.
- 2. Explain BCD code with suitable examples. [5]
- Simplify the function using K-map F=∑(0, 1, 4, 8, 10, 11, 12) and D=∑(2, 3, 6, 9, 15).
   Also realize the simplified circuit using NOR Gates. [4+2]
- 4. Explain the operation of octal to binary encoder with necessary diagrams. Convert A+B'C in to canonical form. [3+3]
- 5. Describe the importance of parity bits in communication system. Explain 3 bits odd parity generator circuit clearly. [3+3]
- 6. Realize the circuit diagram for BCD decoder. Explain 1's and 2's complements with examples? [3+3]
- 7. Explain the operation of edge triggered S-R Flip-Flop with timing diagram and truth
- 8. Design half subtractor circuit using HDL. [4]
- Define synchronous sequential circuits. Explain the operation of asynchronous mod-12 counter with necessary diagrams.
- 10. Design a synchronous sequential machine from the state diagram given below. Use S-R Flip-Flop. [10]



- 11. Explain the operation of 4 bit serial in parallel out (SIPO) register with timing diagram. [4]
- 12. What is the role of hazards in asynchronous circuit design? Explain two bit magnitude comparator with necessary diagrams. [2+4]
- 13. Draw the schematic diagram of TTL NAND gate and explain about the transistor switch. [2+3]
- 14. With the help of block diagram explain the operation of Time measuring circuit. [4]

# **Examination Control Division** 2074 Chaitra

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Exam.		Full Marks	80
Level	BE DEV DCT	Pass Marks	32
Programme	DLD, DLL,		3 hrs.
Year / Part	П/1	Time	13.123.

The sign (FYSO2)	
Subject: - Digital Logic (EX502)	
<ul> <li>✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.</li> <li>✓ Attempt All questions.</li> <li>✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.</li> <li>✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.</li> </ul>	
	[3]
1. a) Define TTL IC Signal levels for Input and Output logic with example.	[3]
and the simple pumber to hinary.	
h nacectary manufalls. 11000 that modern	[4+2] [2]
1-2 Explain with example.	[4]
<ul> <li>b) What is Gray code? Explain with charapters</li> <li>3. a) Minize the expression and implement the reduced expression by using NAND gates.</li> <li>F = ABCD + ABCD</li> </ul>	[4+2]
Landow term? Explain with example.	[3]
4. Design the 32:1 Multiplexer using 4:1 multiplexers tree concept and $E = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (0.13.8.9.13)$ using suitable Multiplexer.	[4+2]
5. a) Explain the operation of 3 bit magnitude comparator with truth table and draw the circuit.	[5]
and following bits 1011 and 1100.	[3]
6. a) Write down the drawback of SR Flip-Flop. Explain the operation of edge draggers.	
of 4 bit serial in serial out (SISO) register with things	[5]
62 Lit A synchronolls liD/dOWII Couliter with thinking and	[6]
8. Design a synchronous sequential machine such that it gives output 2. The such that it gives 0.	[10]
J-K Flip-Flop.  9. What do you mean by static and dynamic hazards? Give example of static hazards and dynamic hazards?	d [4+2]
	[4]
10. With the help of block diagram explain the operation of frequency counter.  11. Draw the schematic diagram of TTL NOR gate and explain about totem pole.	[6]
11. Dlaw the solution ***	

### **Examination Control Division** 2074 Ashwin

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	11/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Digital Logic (FX502)

	Subject Digital Dogie (IM302)	
	<ul> <li>✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.</li> <li>✓ Attempt All questions.</li> <li>✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.</li> <li>✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.</li> </ul>	
	1. a) Explain digital wave form based on TTL compatible logic. (Both for input and output)	(2)
	<ul><li>a) Explain digital wave form based on TTL compatible logic. (Both for input and output)</li><li>b) What is the importance of De-morgan's laws? Show how a two-input NOR gate can be constructed from a two-input NAND gate.</li></ul>	[3] [4]
2	2. Convert decimal 39 into binary and hexadecimal. Use 2'S complement method to perform the following addition (-28+17)	[2+3]
3	Simplify the function using K-map $F = \sum (0,1,4,8,10,11,12)$ and $D = \sum (2,3,6,9,15)$ . Also realize the simplified logic circuit.	[6]
4	. a) What is an encoder? Draw the logic circuit of an encoder that converts Octal number into binary.	[1+4]
	b) What is a multiplexer tree? Design the 16 to 1 multiplexer using 4 to 1 multiplexer.	[1+4]
5	What is the Setup time and hold time of a flip-flop? With the help of excitation table and K-map, convert R-S flip flop into D and J-K flip flops.	[2+6]
6.	Describe the operation of 4 bit serial in Serial Out shift register, with timing diagram. Consider the input 1011 to be entered into the register.	[6]
7.	List the advantages and disadvantages of a synchronous counter over asynchronous counter. Design a 3 bit synchronous counter which follow gray code sequence.	[2+6]
8.	Design a sequential machine that produces output $Y = 1$ when it detects the serial input $X = 100$ .	[10]
9.	Define fan-in and fan-out with reference to TTL. With a circuit diagram explain the operation of 2-bit TTL NAND gate.	[2+6]
10	. Draw the block diagram with decoders to show hour, minute and second.	[6]
11	. Write short notes on: (any two)	[2×3]
	i) Static and dynamic hazzard	

ii) ROM iii) DE-MUX tree

### Examination Control Division 2073 Chaitra

Exam.	R	egular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	П/І	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Digital Logic (EX502)

✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. Assume suitable data if necessary. [2] 1. a) Define the positive logic and negative logic with examples. b) Prove that NOR Gate is an universal gate. Realize EX-OR gate using only NAND [6] gate. 2. Convert the decimal number 73 into gray code and perform the addition (-5+13) by using [2+3]2's complement method. 3. Simplify the following function using K-map and implement the result using suitable [4+2]gates.  $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma m (7,9,12,13,14,15) + d (0,2,3,5)$ 4. a) Design a circuit that compares two 4-bit numbers, A and B, to check if they are equal. The circuit has one output x, so that x = 1 if A = B and x = 0 if  $A \ne B$ . [5] [4] b) Implement the following function with a Multiplexer:  $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma (0,1,3,4,8,9,15)$ 5. Define Flip-Flop. Explain the operation of positive edge trigger J-k Flip Flop with excitation table. Also derive its characteristic equation and draw state diagram. [1+3+2+2] 6. What is the difference between Asynchronous and Synchronous counter? Design Mod-13 synchronous counter using J-K flip flop and also draw its timing diagram. [2+6][3] 7. Explain the different types of registers with suitable block diagram. 8. Explain the operation of 4-bit serial in serial out (SISO) shift left register with timing [6] diagram. 9. Design a synchronous sequential machine such that it gives output Z = 1 if it detects input [10] message 011. Use D-Flip-Flop. 10. What do you mean by static and dynamic hazards? Give example of static hazards and [2+4]explain how do you eliminate such hazards? 11. Draw the schematic diagram of TTL NAND gate and explain the propagation delay time. [6] 12. With the help of block diagram, explain the operation of digital frequency counter. [5]

### Examination Control Division 2073 Shrawan

Exam.	New Back (20	66 & Later I	Batch)
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
	II/I	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Digital Logic (EX502)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1.	a) Perform the following code conversions.	[3+2]
	i) $(1110)_{gray} = (?)_{BCD}$ ii) $(1430)_{10} = (?)_{Excess-3}$	
	b) Construct two input XOR gate using minimum number of 2-input NAND gates only.	[5]
2.	Implement a full adder circuit using 4:1 Multiplexers.	[5]
	Draw the circuit diagram and explain the working principle of 4-bit parallel in serial or (PISO) shift register.	. [/]
4.	Simplify $\sum 1,2,3,8,10,13 + d(0,4,5,6,7,9,12)$ by using K-Map and write its standard SO	P .
••	expression.	[6]
5.	Design 1:32 dimultiplexer tree using 1:8 DEMUXS and 1:2 DEMUXS only.	[6]
6.	Draw the schematic diagram of TTL Inverter. Explain the working principle of circuit.	[3+4]
7.	Derive characteristic equation of a JK flip flop. How do you make it a toggle flip flop. Draw the input and output wave form of JK flip flop.	[3,2,2]
8.	Differentiate between combinational and sequential circuits. Explain BCD-to-Decim decoder circuit with suitable diagram.	[210]
	Design a synchronous MOD-5 counter along with block diagram and timing diagram. Also write the applications of counters and shift registers.	is. [6]
10	Sketch block diagram of digital frequency counter and describe its operation.	[8]
11	. A sequential machine has to detect serial input sequence of 101, the machine output we be high. The machine contains two JK flip flops, A and B. Assume: single input, x as single output Y.	ill nd [12]

### **Examination Control Division** 2072 Chaitra

Exam.	R	legular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	n/I	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Digital Logic (EX502)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.  $[2\times4]$ 1. Perform the following as indicated in the brackets:  $(10.0101)_2 = (?)_{16}$  $(101001001)_{\text{binary}} = (?)_{\text{Gray}}$  $(93)_{10} = (?)_{Excess-3}$ (10.001)2-(11.101)2 using 2's complement method. 2. a) Describe commutative and associative laws of Boolean algebra with examples and [2+2]simplify A+A'B=A+B. [4] b) Implement Excusive OR gate by using NAND gates only. 3. Simplify  $\sum 1,2,3,8,9,10,11,13,14+d(0,4,7,12)$  by using K-Map and write its standard [4+3] product of sum (POS) expression. 4. How do you design 32:1 Mux by using multiplexer tree? Implement logic function  $Y = \sum m(0,1,3,8,9,13,15)$  by using suitable multiplexer. [4+3] 5. Realize a full-subtractor using suitable demultiplexer and standard getes. [6] 6. Design a simplest logic circuit for 'b' segment of the BCD to 7 segment decoder. [7] 7. Design and draw the circuit diagram of a 3 bit gray code synchronous counter. [7] [5+2]8. Draw ripple decade counter and sketch its timing diagram. 9. Draw 2-input TTL NAND gate and explain its working principle. [5] 10. How does second section of a digital clock work? Explain its working principle using [6] block diagram. 11. Design a sequential machine that has a single input 'x' and single output 'z'. The machine is required to give high output when it detects the serial sequence of 011 message. Use JK [12] flip-flops only.

# tribhuvan university INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

### Examination Control Division 2071 Shawan

Exam.	New Back (2	066 & Later B	atch)
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Digital Logic (EX502)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1.	Define digital operations. What is Excess-3 Code explain with example.	[2+4]
2.	Define universal Gate with example. Realise Ex-OR Gate using NAND gate only.	[1+4]
3.	Simplify the following using K-map and realize the simplified result with NAND gates only. $\sum_{m} (2,5,7,8,10,13) + d(0,6,14,15)$	s [3+3]
4.	Implement following combinational circuit with multiplexer. $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum_{m} (1,3,4,11,12,13,14,15)$	[4]
5.	Using seven segment display decoder realize the logic circuit for segment 'b', 'c' and'd'.	[5]
6.	With neat and clean diagram explain the operation of adder-subtractor circuit.	[4]
7.	Explain the operation of positive edge triggered RS flip-flop with circuit diagram, trust table and excitation table.	[2+8]
8.	With clear circuit and timing diagram, explain the operation of parallel in Serial out shift register.	[8]
9.	Design Synchronous MOD-12 counter using T-flip-flop.	[8]
10.	Design a sequential machine that can go through 2-bit gray code combination of states. The machine changes its state when serial input is one and remains in same state when input is zero. The machine produces output one when it passes through all states and finally goes back to initial state. (use JK flip flop)	[10]
11.	What are the characteristics of TTL circuit for logic high and low level? Explain the operation of TTL NAND gate.	[2+6]
12.	Describe the operation of Digital Clock with block diagram.	[6]

# Examination Control Division 2070 Chaitra

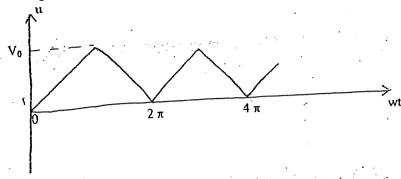
Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL,BEX,BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	11/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Digital Logic (EX502)

		andidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.	
,	At	tempt <u>All</u> questions. ne figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u> .	
✓ ✓	As	sume suitable data if necessary.	
1.	Dε	efine digital signal and explain Gray code with example.	[1+5]
2.		ove that positive X-OR is equivalent to negative X-NOR.	[5]
3.		Convert the following term into standard min term. A+B'C.	[3]
	•	Use K-map method to implement the following function and also draw the reduced circuit using NOR gate.	I [5]
		$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma_m (0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 15)$ and	
		$d = \Sigma_m (3, 11, 14)$	
4.	a)	Realize the logic circuit of the following using 8:1 MUX.	[4]
		$F(W, X, Y, Z) = \Sigma_m (1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 15)$	
	b)	When FF <sub>H</sub> is ANDed with CO <sub>H</sub> what will be the resulting number? Subtract (26) 10 from (16) 10 using 2's complement binary method.	[2+2]
5.	a)	Differentiate between level and Edge triggering?	[3]
	b)	Explain the operation of two bit magnitude comparator with truth table and circuit diagram.	[5]
6.	a)	Describe different types of registers with diagram.	[8]
		Illustrate how 1011 data can be stored and retrieve in parallel in serial out shift register with neat timing diagram and truth table.	[8]
7.	Dif mo	fferentiate synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuits. Explain the operation of d-12 synchronous counter with timing diagram.	[2+6]
8.		Define state diagram and state table with example.	[2]
	h)	Design a sequential machine that has one serial input and one output z. The machine is required to give an output $z = 1$ when the input X contains the message 110.	[8]
9.		aw the schematic diagram of TTL two input NOR Gate.	[6]
10.	Ex	plain briefly the block diagram of an instrument to measure frequency.	[5]

b) Find the trigonometric form of Fourier Series and plot the line spectrum for the following wave form.





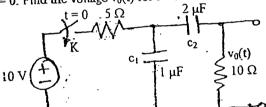
5. a) Plot the asymptotic Bode-diagram for the transfer function:

[4]

[6]

function G(S) = 
$$\frac{20(s+1)}{s(s^2+2s+10)(s+5)}$$

b) In figure below, the capacitors  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are initially discharged. The switch K is closed at t = 0. Find the voltage  $v_0(t)$  for t > 0.



c) Find the expression for Equivalent T-parameter equation if three two-port networks are connected in cascade.

# 17 INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

### **Examination Control Division**

#### 2070 Chaitra

Exam.	Old Back (2	065 & Earlier	Batch)
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	II/I	Time	3 hrs.

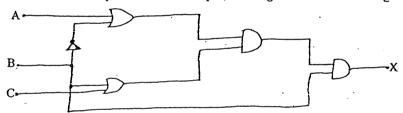
### Subject: - Logic Circuit (EG533EX)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Typical digital thermometer use BCD to drive their digital displays.

[2]

[2]

- a) How many BCD bits are required to drive a 3 digit thermometer display?
- b) What happens when 12 bits are sent to display for a temperature of 157°C.
- 2. What are the next four numbers in the hexadecimal counting sequence D9A, D9B, D9C, D9D.....
- 3. Sketch for the following Boolean equation, using only NAND logic gates.  $y = A\overline{B} + AC + BD$ . [5]
- 4. Determine the Boolean expression for the output, X of logic circuit shown in figure.



Also minimize the Boolean expression for the output X using Boolean Algebra to AB.

5. Simplify the following using Karnaugh map  $F = \overline{ABC} + \overline{BC} + \overline{AB}$ .

[4] [4]

6. Design a combinational circuit with three inputs A, B, C and three outputs x, y, z. When the binary input is 0, 1, 2, 3 the binary output is one greater than the input. When the binary input is 4, 5, 6, 7 the binary output is one less than the input.

[6]

7. Design a combinational circuit that takes decimal digit as input and output lines that generates the 9's complement of the corresponding input digit.

[7]

- 8. What is data selector? How can a decoder be used as a de-multiplexer? Implement the following function with MUX.  $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma(0,1,3,4,8,9,15)$ . [1+2+5]
- 9. Differentiate between combinational circuit and sequential circuit with suitable examples. [5]
- 10. A sequential circuit has two D flip flops A and B, two inputs x and y, and one output z.The flip flop input equations and the circuit output are as follows: [3+4]

$$DA = xy + xA$$

$$DB = \overline{x}B + xA$$

$$Z = B$$

	a) Draw the logic diagram of the circuit.
	L) Tabulate the state table.
	11. Design a 2-bit count-down counter. This is a sequential circuit with two hip-hops and one input $x$ . When $x = 0$ , the state of the flip flops does not change. When $x = 1$ , the state
	is 11 10 01 00 11 and repeats.
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Constant common hus with tristate logic and explain the use of common bus.
At Destination	c / 1 is about a requester 110100 17 1111111111111111111111111111
	flops output are in zero state, prepare the state determined [2+2+2]  Draw the above shift register using J-K flip-flops only.
	Draw the above shift register using 5 to the Depth of the Police of the Depth of th
	10 Laure digital CIOCK Hally Counties and explain to many 1

# **Examination Control Division**

### 2069 Chaitra

11. Describe the operation of a frequency counter.

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	: 10
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	12
Year / Part	11/1	Time	hrs.

[4]

Subject: -	Digital	Logic	(EX502)
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	Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.  Attempt All questions.	
1	The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.  Assume suitable data if necessary.	
1.	Define digital IC signal levels. What is Gray Code? Explain with example.	[3+3]
2.	Construct the given Boolean function: F = (A+B) (C+D) E using NOR gates only.	[4]
	Simplify F (A,B,C,D) = $\pi$ (0,2,5,8,10) + d(7,15). Write its standard SOP and implement the simplified circuit using NOR gates only.	[4+4]
4.	a) What is priority Encoder? Design octal to binary priority encoder.	[2+4]
	b) Design a 2 bit magnitude comparator.	[4]
5.	Design a combinational logic that performs multiplication between two 4 bit numbers using binary parallel adder and other gates.	[8]
6.	Draw the circuit diagram and explain the operation of positive edge triggered JK flip-flop. What are the drawbacks of JK flip-flop?	[7+1]
7.	Explain the Serial in Serial out (SISO) shift register with timing diagram.	[4]
8.	Design the synchronous decade counter and also show the tirning diagram.	[8]
9.	Design a sequential machine that detects three consecutive zeros from an input data stream $X$ by making output, $Y = 1$ .	[12]
10.	Draw the schematic circuit for CMOS NAND gates. What do you mean by totem-pole output?	[4+4]

# **Examination Control Division**

### 2068 Chaitra

Exem.		Regular	
	BE	Full Marks	80
Level Programme	BEL BEX,	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	11/1	Time	3 hrs.

## Subject: - Digital Logic (EX 502)

	Subject: - Digital Logic (EA 302)	
✓	Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.  Attempt All questions.  The figures in the margin indicate Full Murks.  Assume suitable data if necessary.	
<b>1.</b>	List out the name of universal gates and why they are called universal gate? Relise Ex- OR Gate using only NAND gates.	[2+2]
2.	Explain Excess 3 code with suitable examples.	[6]
3.	Simplify the function using K-map $F = \sum (0,1,4.8,10,11.12)$ and $D = \sum (2,3,6,9,15)$ . Also convert the result into standard minterm.	[3+5]
4.	Design a 32 to 1 multiplexer using 16 to 1 and 2 to 1 multiplexers.	<b>[5]</b>
5.	a 2 is a second and 4-bit even parity checker circuit.	[5]
6.	Draw the block diagram of n-bit full adder and explain its operation.	[8]
7.	Write down the drawbacks of SR flip flop. Explain the operation of data flip flop with timing diagram and truth table.	
	With clear circuit and timing diagram, explain the operation of Serial in - Serial out shift	•
	Define ripple counter. Explain the operation of mode-10 ripple counter with fiming	
	<ol> <li>Design a sequential machine that has one serial input and one output z. The machine is required to give an output z = 1 when the input x contains the message 1010.</li> </ol>	[12]
1	1. Describe the voltage profile of TTL. Explain the operation of TTL to CMOS interface.	[2+6]
1	2. What is frequency counter? Explain with block diagram.	[4]
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# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

### 2079 Bhadra

Exam.	Regul	ar	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS	Pass Marks	
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

	2079 Bhadra	i
	Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH 402)	
✓	Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.	
1	Attempt <u>All</u> questions. The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u> . Assume suitable data if necessary.	
1.	Define centers of suspension and oscillation of a compound and show that they are interchangeable. Find the expression for minimum time period.	+2+1]
	OR	
	frequency of LC OSCIIIation for under damped constant.	+2+2]
	A 750 gm block oscillates on the end of a spring whose force constant is 56 N/m. The mass moves in a fluid of damping const 0.162 Ns/m. Find the period of oscillation.	[5]
	A room has dimension 5m × 4m × 4m. Find (i) the mean free path of the sound wave in the room. (ii) No. of reflection made/sec by sound waves with the walls of the room. Given the velocity of sound in air is 350 m/sec.	[5]
	What is the power of combination of lenses of focal lengths 50 cm and 10 cm which are separated by 10 cm?	[5]
5.	Explain briefly, with well-labeled ray diagram, the diffraction at single slit. Show that the intensity of first maxima is 4.54% of intensity of central maxima.	[2+3]
	OR	
	What is Nicol prism? How can linearly, circularly and elliptically polarized light be produced? Derive the relation.	(,
	What is Newton's ring? Describe a necessary theory of Newton's rings method for the determination of wavelength of light.	
	Calculate the minimum number of lines in a grating which will just resolve the sodium lines in the first order spectrum. The wavelengths are 5890 A° and 5896 A°.	r-2
	Starting from energy level diagram, explain how lasers can be produced by Helium-Neon	
9.	What is an electric quadrupole? Calculate potential for points on the axis of the quadrupole.	[1+4]
	OR	
	Find the electric field at a distance z above the center of a flat circular disc of radius R which carries a uniform surface charge densityo. What does your formula give in the limit R->∞?	[4+1]
	0. A long cylindrical conductor has length 1 m and is surrounded by a coaxial cylindrical conducting shell with inner radius double that of long cylindrical conductor. Calculate the conducting for this capacitor assuming that is vacuum in space between cylinders.	[5]
1	1. State Gauss Law of electrostatics. Show that electric field intensity at the surface o infinitely long non-conducting cylindrical symmetric uniform charge distribution is maximum.	f s [1+4]

12. Calculate the mean free path and mean free time between collisions for the conduction electrons in copper having electron density $8.5 \times 10^{22}/\text{cm}^3$ and resistivity $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \text{m}$ . Given: charge of an electron = $1.6 \times 10^{19} \text{C}$ , mass of an electron = $9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ and spee of an electron = $1.6 \times 10^{6} \text{ m/s}$ .	n. :d [5]
13. Compare the methods of Biot and Savart law and Ampere's law to calculate magnetic fields due to current carrying conductor. Calculate magnetic field at an axial distance 's from the center of the circular coil carrying current.	ic x' [2+3]
OR	• .
Explain Hall Effect. Derive an expression for Hall coefficient for an electron.	[1+4]
14. In a LR circuit, the current builds up to 20% of its steady state value in 3 sec. What is the inductive time constant?	[5]
15. Prove that $\frac{E}{B} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}}$ where E is electric field, B is magnetic field; $\mu_0$ and $\epsilon_0$ are the	ne
permeability and permittivity of free space.	[5]
16. A beam of electrons having energy of each 3eV is incident on a potential barrier of finitheight 4eV. If the width of the barrier is 1 nm, calculate the percentage transmission of the beam through barrier.	te of [5]

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# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

Exam.	В	ack	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS	Pass Marks	L
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### 2079 Baishakh

Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH 402)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Derive a differential equation for damped oscillation. Write it solution and angular frequency. Hence discuss all three cases of damped angular frequency and corresponding motion.

OR

Derive a relation to determine the radius of gyration of a compound pendulum. Why determination of acceleration due to gravity is more accurate from a compound pendulum than a simple pendulum?

- 2. A circuit has L = 12 mH, C = 1.6  $\mu F$  and R = 1.5  $\Omega$ 
  - a) After what time t, will the amplitude of the charge oscillatons drop to one half of its initial value?
  - b) To how many periods of oscillation does this correspond?
- 3. What are particle velocity and wave velocity? Find the relation between them.
- 4. What is chromatic aberration of a lens? Obtain the condition of achromatism in the case of combination of two lens of the same material.
- 5. What is diffraction of light? Explain how can you obtain the wavelength of light using a diffraction grating.

OR

Define interference of light. Analytically explain the condition for maximum and minimum intensity and hence show graphically the variation of intensity with phase angle.

- 6. A screen is placed 2m away from a narrow slit which is illuminated with light of wavelength 6000A°. If the first minimum lies 5 mm on either side of the central maximum, calculate the slit width.
- 7. Find the specific rotation of a given sample of sugar solution if the plane of polarization is turned through an angle 25.2°. The length of the tube containing 15% sugar solution is 20 cm.
- 8. Calculate the numerical aperture and acceptance angle of optical fiber in which refractive index of core is 1.62 and that of cladding is 1.52.

9. Give the general method to calculate the electric field due to continuous charge distribution. Use it to calculate the electric field intensity at a perpendicular distance 'y' from the infinite rod having a linear charge density  $\lambda$ .

#### OR

What is electric field? Calculate the electric field at a distance x from the center of ring of charge. Show that if a negative charge -q is placed near the center of charged ring, the motion of charge -q will be simple harmonic.

- 10. A parallel plate capacitor has a capacitance of 110 pF, with a plate area of 90 cm<sup>2</sup> is filled with a substance of dielectric constant k = 5.5. A potential difference of 50 V is maintained between plates. Determine:
  - a) The electrifield strength in the dielectrics.
  - b) The magnitude of free charge on the plate.
  - c) The magnitude of induced surface charge.
  - d) The magnitude of polarization vector.
- 11. Discuss microscopic view of conduction. Show that resistivity and conductivity are independent of applied field and depends on nature of material.
- 12. Compare Biot-Savart law with Amper's law to calculate magnetic field due to current carrying conductor. Calculate the magnetic flux density at an axial distance 'x' from the centre of the coil of radius 'R' carrying a current 'i'.

### OR

Describe the working mechanism of cyclotron. Find the expression for maximum energy of a rotating particles in a cyclotron. Write its limitation. How can you overcome its limitation?

- 13. A long circular coil consisting of 100 turns with diameter 1.2 m carries a current of 5A
  - a) Calculate the magnetic field at a point along the axis 80 cm from the center.
  - b) At what distance from the center, along the axis, the magnitude of field is 1/8 times its value at the center?
- 14. A uniform magnetic field of strength 8.0 T is applied perpendicularly on a rectangular metal strip of width 2.0 mm and thickness 15.0 µm. A current of 1.5A is passed along the length of strip and a transverse voltage equal to  $350\mu V$  is measured across its width. Calculate
  - a) The average velocity of the electron in the metal.
  - b) The number of conduction electron per unit volume in this metal.
- 15. Mention the Maxwell's electromagnetic equations in integral and differential form. Show that the electromagnetic wave propagate with the speed of light in free space.
- 16. A particle of mass M is confined in one dimensional infinitely deep potential well of width 'L'. Calculate the wave function and energy eigen value. Hence draw the wave function and its corresponding probability density for first three Quantum number.

# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

Exam.			Re	egular	
Level	BE			Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BCT, BAG,	BEX, BAM, BAS	BEI, BIE,	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1			Time	3 hrs.

### 2078 Bhadra

### Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH 402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Deduce the formula for the time period of compound pendulum and show that it is minimum when length of the pendulum is equal to radius of gyration.

Develop a differential equation of forced oscillations in LCR series circuit and find an expression for resonant frequency.

- 2. A string has linear density 525gm/m and tension 45N. When a sinusoidal wave of frequency 120Hz and amplitude 8.5mm is sent along the string, at what average rate does the wave transport energy.
- 3. What is meant by reverberation time. Derive the relation of sabine's formula. Also explain the growth and decay of sound in a hall.
- 4. What is chromatic aberration? Derive an expression for the condition of achromatism of two thin lenses in contract.
- 5. What do you mean by coherent sources? Derive necessary theory of interference due to wedge shape thin film.
- 6. The spacing of a atomic planes in a crystal is  $3.1 \times 10^{-10}$ . When a monochromatic beam of X-ray is incident on them at incident angle 82°30' second order image is produced, calculate the glancing angle for the 4<sup>th</sup> order image.
- 7. A 200mm long glass tube is filled with a solution of sugar, containing 15 gram of sugar in 100ml of water. The plane of polarized light, passing through this solution, is rotated though 20° 30'. Find the specific rotation of sugar.
- 8. An optical fiber has numerical aperture 0.22 and refractive index change 0.012. What are the values of refractive index of core and cladding?
- Define the term quadrupole. Derive the relation of the electric potential due to linear quadruple along its axial line.

Derive an expression for electric field intensity due to the non-conducting spherically symmetric charge distribution of radius R at point (i) inside sphere (ii) outside sphere by using Gauss law. Also write down the significance of Gaussian surface.

10. Two similar balls of mass m and charge q are hanging from silk thread of length l. These two balls are repelled by angle  $2\theta$ , prove that the separation of the balls as

$$x = \left(\frac{q^2 l}{2\pi \epsilon_o mg}\right)^{1/3}, \text{ assuming } \theta \text{ is very small.}$$

- 11. An electron with kinetic energy 2.5 KeV circles in a plane perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field. The radius of the orbit is 25cm. Calculate (i) the speed of the electron (ii) the flux density of magnetic field (iii) the number of revolutions per second.
- 12. What is the average time between collisions of free electrons in copper wire? Given, atomic weight = 63 gm/mol, denisty = 9gm/cm<sup>3</sup>, resistivity =  $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega m$  and Avogadro's  $n_0 = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ .
- 13. State and explain Biot and Savart's law. Derive an expression for magnetic field due to current carrying circular loop at axial line.

OR

- Derive an expression for the growth and decay of current in LR circuit. Explain the meaning of inductive time constant.
- 14. A 10eV electron is circulating in a plane at right angles to a uniform field of magnetic induction of 1×10<sup>-4</sup> Wb/m<sup>2</sup>. Calculate its orbital radius, cyclotron frequency and period of revolution.
- 15. Sun light just outside the earth in atmosphere has an intensity of 1.4kW/m<sup>2</sup>. Calculate the maximum electric and magnetic fields for sun light, assuming it to be a plane wave. Given c=2.99×10<sup>8</sup> m/s.
- 16. Show that energy of an electron that is confined in the infinite potential well is quantized and sketch that energy level and wave function diagram for n=1, 2 and 3 for that well.

### **Examination Control Division**

Exam.		Back	
Level .	BE	Full Marks	80
	BEL, BEX, BI BCT, BAM, BI BAG, BAS	El. E. Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### 2078 Kartik

### Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Derive the time period of physical pendulum. Show that its time period is minimum when length of pendulum is equal to radius of gyration.

#### or

Derive a differential equation for LC oscillation. Show that the maximum values of electric and magnetic energies stored in LC circuit in equal.

- A solid sphere of mass 3kg and diameter 0.20m is suspended on a wire. Find the period of angular oscillation for small displacements if the torsional constant of the wire is 6×10<sup>-3</sup>Nm/rad.
- 3. A string has linear mass density 530g/m and tension 50N. We send a sinusiodal wave with frequency 120Hz and amplitude 6.5mm along the string. At what average rate does the wave transport energy?
- 4. What are Newton's rings? Give the necessary theory for the determination of refractive index of liquid using Newton's ring method.

#### OR

What is double refraction? Show that linearly and circularly polarized light are the special cases of elliptically polarized light.

- 5. Light is incident normally on a grating 0.5cm wide with 2500 lines. Find the angular separation for the principle maxima of two sodium lines ( $\lambda_1 = 589.0$ nm and  $\lambda_1 = 589.6$ nm) in the first order. Are the two lines resolved?
- 6. Show that diameter of the circle of least confusion is independent of the focal length of lens in the case when object is at infinity.
- 7. Two lenses of focal length +5.5cm and +4.5cm are separated by a finite distance. Find the position of principle points if the combination satisfies the condition of achromatism.
- 8. Define optical fiber. Derive the expressions for acceptance angle and numerical aperture of optical fiber.
- 9. Prove that the electric field due to a short dipole at a point on axial line is twice that on the equatorial line.

#### OR

Discuss Gauss's law in electrostatics. Find the electric field intensity at a point outside and inside the uniformly charged non-conducting sphere of radius R.

- 10. A capacitor of capacitance C is discharged through a resistor of resistance R. After how many time constants is the stored energy 1/4 of its initial value.
- 11. Discuss a microscopic view of Ohm's law and show that resistivity of a conductor is independent of the external electric field.
- 12. Derive the expression of magnetic flux density at a point on the axis of a circular coil carrying current with N number of turns. Explain how the coil behaves for large distance.

Show that the electrical energy density and the magnetic energy density are proportional to square of their corresponding fields.

- 13. Deuterons in cyclotron describe a circle of radius 0.32m just before emerging from dees. The frequency of the applied emf is 10 MHz. Find the flux density of the magnetic field and velocity of deuterons emerging out of the cyclotrons. (Mass of deuteron is  $3.32 \times 10^{-27} \text{kg}$ ,
- 14. Find an expression of the self inductance of a toroid having N number of turns, radius r and carrying current i.
- 15. The maximum electric field 20m from an isotropic point source is 1.5V/m. Determine:
  - a) the maximum value of magnetic field
  - b) average intensity of light
  - c) power of the source
- 16. Prove that the energy levels are quantized, when an electron is confined in an infinite potential well of width a.

### **Examination Control Division**

Exam.	R CAR	egular	1848
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### 2076 Chaitra

## Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH 402)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Define point of suspension & oscillation of bar pendulum & show that they are interchangeable. Also show that the time period will be minimum, when these points are equidistance from centre of gravity.

Or,

What is damped oscillation? Develop a relation for damped frequency in LCR oscillation. Hence discuss the underdamped, overdamped and critically damped oscillations.

- In an oscillation, the amplitude drops to 1/e of its original amplitude in 50sec. Find the relaxation time. Also, obtain the time required to drop the amplitude to 1/e<sup>2</sup> of the original amplitude.
- 3. The reverberation time for an empty hall is 1.5 sec. With 500 audiences present in the hall, the reverberation time falls to 1.4 secs. Find the number of persons present in the hall if the reverberation time falls to 1.312 sec.
- A coaxial lens system placed in air has two lens of focal length 36cm & 12cm separated by a distance 24cm. Find the position of the cardinal points.
- 5. What is Newton's Ring? How can it be used to determine the refractive index of the liquid?

Discuss the similarities & difference of Young's double slit interference & single slit diffraction. Interrelate the discussion to explain the formation of spectra by diffraction in a single slit.

- Show the intensity in the first and second order in a single slit diffraction reduced approximately to 4.5% and 1.6% of its central maxima.
- 7. Two polarizing sheets are placed together with their transmission axes crossed. A third sheet is inserted between them with its transmission axis at an angle of 45° with respect to each of the other axes. Find the fraction of incident unpolarised light intensity transmitted by the combination.
- 8. What is the fiber optics? Discuss the physics behind the optical fiber transmission. Derive an expression for acceptance angle of an optical fiber.
- Define electric quadrupole and quadrupole moment. Hence, determine the expression for electric field intensity due to the quadrupole at axial line.

Or,

State and prove the Gauss's law in electrostatics. Apply this law to determine the electric field intensity at a point inside the uniformly charged non conducting solid sphere.

- 10. A parallel plate capacitor each of area 100cm<sup>2</sup> has potential difference of 50V and capacitance 100pF, if a mica of dielectric constant 5.4 is inserted between plate, find the magnitude of
  - a) Electric field intensity
  - b) Displacement vector
  - c) Polarization vector
- 11. Define Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction and Lenz's law. Obtain an expression for self inductance of toroid.
- 12. If the carrier density of intrinsic Germanium at 300K is  $2.29 \times 10^{13}$ /cm<sup>3</sup>. Calculate the resistivity at the same temperature given that electron & hole mobilities are 0.39m<sup>2</sup>v<sup>-1</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> & 0.19m<sup>2</sup>v<sup>-1</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> respectively.
- 13. Compare Biot-Savart law with Amper's law. Calculate the magnetic field outside & inside due to a long, straight wire of radius R carrying a steady current 'I' that is uniformly distributed through the cross-section of the wire.
- 14. A long solenoid of radius 2cm has  $1 \times 10^3$  turns per meter and carries a sinusoidally varying current I= $5\sin 100\pi t$ , where I is in ampere & t is in second. Determine the magnitude of induced electric field at a radius r=1 cm & r=3 cm from its central axis.
- 15. What is Displacement current? Define and derive the relation of poynting vector in electromagnetism.
- 16. An electron with an energy of 8eV is incident on a potential barrier which is 9.2eV high & 0.2 nm wide.
  - a) what is the maximum transmission coefficient that the electron will pass through the barrier?
  - b) what is the probability of transmission that the electron will pass through the barrier.

## **Examination Control Division**

2076 Ashwin

Exam.	Ba	ek"	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH 402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- √ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Derive an expression for the time period of a physical pendulum and establish the interchangeability of the center of oscillation and suspension.

#### OR

Give the necessary theory of forced electromagnetic oscillation and deduce the condition for resonance amplitude in LCR series circuit with ac source.

- 2. Write down the characteristics of simple harmonic progressive wave. Derive an expression of energy of a progressive wave.
- 3. A spring is stretched by 5 cm when a load of 1kg is suspended to the lower and (upper end of spring is fixed). What will be the maximum velocity of object if it is pulled down further by 5cm form equilibrium position and then released?
- 4. Two thin lenses of focal lengths f<sub>1</sub> and f<sub>2</sub> separated by a distance d have an equivalent focal length 0.3m and both lenses are of same material. The combination of lenses satisfies the condition of achromatism and minimization of spherical aberration. Find the value of f<sub>1</sub> and f<sub>2</sub>.
- 5. Explain the formation of Newton's ring in reflected system of monochromatic light. Prove that in reflected light diameters of the dark rings are proportional to the square root of natural numbers.

### OR

What is double refraction of light? Using the concept of double refraction, show that the plane polarized light and circularly polarized light are the special cases of elliptically polarized light.

- 6. A plane transmission grating of width 6 cm has 5000 lines/cm. Find the resolving power of grating for second order spectrum and the smallest wavelength difference that can be resolved for light of wavelength 5000 Å.
- 7. A plano-convex lens of radius 300 cm is placed on an optically flat glass plate and is illuminated by monochromatic light. The diameter of the 8<sup>th</sup> dark ring in the transmitted system is 0.72 cm. Calculate the wavelength of light used.
- 8. Differentiate between LASER and white light. Why the light in He-Ne laser is produced from Neon and not form Helium?
- 9. A ring shaped conductor with radius R carries a charge q uniformly distributed around it. Find the electric field intensity at an axial point of ring at distance y form the centre.

#### OR

Define capacitance. Give a general method to calculate capacitance of a capacitor. Find expression for the capacitance of a cylindrical capacitor.

- 10. An electric dipole consists of charges 10μC and -10μC separated by a distance of 1mm. What is the maximum torque experienced by the dipole if placed in the uniform electric field of intensity 400 V/cm?
- 11. Calculate the (i) mean free time and (ii) mean free path between collisions for the conduction electrons in copper having electron density 8.5×10<sup>28</sup> /m³ and resistivity 1.7×10<sup>-8</sup> Ωm. Charge of electron 1.6×10<sup>-19</sup> C, mass of electron 9.1×10<sup>-31</sup> kg, effective speed of electron 1.6×10<sup>6</sup> m/s.
- 12. Using Ampere's law, calculate the magnetic field inside, outside and on the surface of a long current carrying conductor and hence plot a graph between the magnetic field and the distance from the center of the conductor.

#### OR

Show that the energy per unit volume in an electric field and magnetic field are proportional to the square of their fields.

- 13. A series circuit has 25 ohm resistance and 0.1 henry inductance. What will be initial rate of increase of current if the circuit contains a 12V steady source? What time is required for the current to attain a value of 100mA?
- 14. A wire of length L carries a current I. If the wire is formed into a circular coil, then the maximum torque in a given magnetic field B developed for a single turn is  $\tau = \left(\frac{1}{4\pi}\right)L^2$ IB
- 15. Write Maxwell's equations in integral form. Convert them into differential form.
- 16. An electron is confined to an infinite potential well of size 8.5 nm. Calculate the ground state energy of the electron and radian frequency. Given: Plank's constant = 6.62 ×10<sup>-34</sup> Js, mass of electron = 9.1×10<sup>-31</sup> kg.

## **Examination Control Division**

2075 Chaitra

Exam.	n. Regular/Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH 402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions:
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Define torsional pendulum. Derive an expression for its time period. Explain why the time period of the torsional pendulum remains unaffected even if the amplitude is large.

#### OR

What is a damped EM oscillations? Which factor in the circuit is responsible to produce such a motion? Derive a differential equation for this motion and write its solution. What will be the remedy of such motion to make it smooth?

- A meter stick swings as a compound pendulum when suspended from one of its end.
   Calculate (a) period of the oscillations and (b) equivalent length of the simple pendulum that would have the same period.
- 3. Mention the conditions for good acoustics of a hall and derive an expression for reverberation time.
- Why Newton's interference fringes are circular? Derive an expression for radius of the Newton's ring due to the transmitted light.

### OR

Define dispersive and resolving power of a diffraction grating. Derive an expression for the resolving power of the grating having N slits.

- 5. A plane transmission grating having 5000 lines/cm is used to obtain a spectrum of light from a sodium lamp in the second order. Calculate the angular separation between the two sodium lines whose wavelengths are 589 nm and 589.6 nm.
- 6. Calculate the specific rotation if the plane of polarization is turned through 30.5° traversing 25 cm length of 10% sugar solution.
- 7. Define an optical fiber and mention its types. Explain the numerical aperture and acceptance angle for the optical fiber and derive the expression to establish a relationship between them.
- 8. Dispersive powers for crown and flint glass lenses are 0.015 and 0.030 respectively. How can you design an achromatic contact of the lenses of focal length 50 cm?
- 9. What is an electric Quadrupole? Derive an expression for the electric potential at any point on the axial line at a distance 'r' from the centre of a short Quadrupole. Also, show that the electric potential at that point is inversely proportional to r<sup>3</sup>.

#### OR

Discuss the modification of Gauss law due to the presence of the dielectrics and derive a relation among displacement vector, polarization vector and the electric field.

- 10. A particle of charge -q and mass m is placed midway between two equal positive charges q<sub>0</sub> of separation d. If the negative charge executes SHM between the positive charges, then derive an expression for the time period of the oscillations.
- 11. Calculate the mean free time and mean free path between the collisions for the free electrons in copper with number density of the electron  $8.5 \times 10^{28}$  m<sup>-3</sup> and resistivity  $1.7 \times 10^{-8}$  ohm-m.(e =  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C,  $m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31}$  kg and effective speed of the electron =  $1.6 \times 10^{6}$  m/s)
- 12. Define the cyclotron and cyclotron frequency, show that energy of a charged particle in a cyclotron is independent to the oscillating electric field.

#### OR

State Ampere's law in magnetism. Calculate the magnetic field outside and inside a current carrying long straight conductor.

- 13. An inductance of an inductor L connected to a battery of emf  $\varepsilon$  through a resistor of resistance R. Show that the p.d. across the inductor after time t is  $V_L = \varepsilon e^{-(R/L)t}$ . At what time the p.d. across the inductor is equal to the p.d. across the resistor such that  $i = i_0/2$ .
- 14. What is magnetic flux density at the center of a circular coil of radius 2 cm and with 20 turns carrying current of 10 A?
- 15. Write Maxwell equations in differential form. State and explain the pointing vector and theorem.
- 16. What is the physical significance of wave function? Derive the relation of Schrodinger wave equation in time dependent form.

# Examination Control Division

2075 Ashwin

Exam.	Bulke Star B	ack **	\$ 100
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BAME, BIE, B. Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)	
✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions.	
The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.	
Assume suitable data if necessary.	
1) Deduce the time period of a simple harmonic vibration. Explain why a loaded bus is more	e
comfortable than an empty bus.	(3+2)
2) Explain forced escillation with its differential equation. Write the relation for the frequen	су
dependent amplitude and hence give a rough sketch of the resonance curve.	(3+2)
Calculate the average amplitude of a sinusoidal sound wave in air of a frequency of 1.5 K	Hz
and average intensity 10-5W/cm <sup>2</sup> , where density of air is 1.29kg/m <sup>3</sup> .	(5)
3) Give an account of bad acoustic properties of a hall and discuss the method to improve th	ese (5)
defects.	
<ol> <li>Explain the physical meaning of Dispersive and resolving powers of a Grating. Two spec lines have wavelengths λ and λ+Δλ respectively where Δλ &lt;&lt;λ. Show that their angular</li> </ol>	
separation $\Delta\theta$ in a grating spectrometer is $\Delta\theta = \frac{\Delta\lambda}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{d}{m}\right)^2 - \lambda^2}}$ , where 'd' and 'm' are grating	
elements and no. of order respectively.	(2+3)
Or	
In newton's ring experiment, "Central spot is dark in reflected system" and "Fringes get closer as the no. of order increased" explain. Is it possible to make central spot bright in reflected system? If so how?	(3+2)
5) A soap film 5*10 <sup>5</sup> cm thick is viewed at an angle of 35° to the normal. Find the wavelength of the visible light which will be absent from the reflected light.	(5)
6) Light of wavelength 580nm falls on a calcite crystal of certain thickness. The emerging light is circularly polarized. What must be the thickness of such crystal?	(5)
7) Calculate the focal length of combination of two thin lenses of focal length f <sub>1</sub> and f <sub>2</sub> separated by a distance d'. Find the position of two principal points.	(5)
B) Trace the ray diagram that shows the propagation of light through the step and graded inc	dex
and the Write the importance of self-focusing in an optical fiber.	(3+2)

optical fiber. Write the importance of self-focusing in an optical fiber.

<ul> <li>9) Charge of uniform density ρ=3.2µC/m² fills a non-conducting solid sphere of radius of 5.0 cm. What is the magnitude of the electric field a) at 3.5 cm b) 8.0 cm from the sphere's center</li> <li>Or</li> <li>Two large parallel plates are separated by a distance of 5cm. The plates have equal but opposite charges that create an electric field in the region between the plates. An alpha particle (q= 3.2*10<sup>-19</sup> C, m= 6.68*10<sup>-27</sup>kg) is released from the positively charged plate, and it strikes the negatively charged plate 2*10<sup>-6</sup> sec later. Assuming that the electric field between plates is uniform and perpendicular to the plates, what is the strength of electric field?</li> </ul>	
10) Calculate the potential at a point due to a uniform line of charge of length L at a distance D from its one end which lies in the perpendicular line. (5)	)
11) Explain how electric energy is stored in a capacitor and derive an expression for energy density of electric field. (2+3)	;
12) Explain super conductivity and its types with examples. Write the difference(s) between super conductor and perfect conductor. (3+2)	)
13) If a test charge revolves round a circular path of radius 8.5cm where the magnetic field increases at steady rate 0.13T/s, calculate the magnitude of induced electric field at a point 12.5 cm? (5)	)
14) Derive expression for inductances of a solenoid and toroid. Then show that inductance is the property of the coil.  Or  (5)	)
What is Hall Effect? Write its importance. Show that the hall coefficient $R_H = -1/ne$ , where the symbols have their own meanings.  (1+1+3)	)
15) The Sun delivers about 10 <sup>3</sup> W/m <sup>2</sup> of energy to the earth's surface through EM radiation calculate a) the total power incident on a roof of dimensions 8m *20 m. b) Radiation pressure and force exerted on the roof, assuming roof is perfect absorber. (2+3)	)
16) A beam of electrons having energy of each 3ev is incident on a potential barrier of height 4ev. If the width of the barrier is 20nm, calculate the percentage transmission of the beam through the barrier.	)

## Examination Control Division 2075 Baishakh

Exam.		Back	
Level	RE	Full Marke	δÙ
Programme	BCE, BGE, BME	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/11	Time	3 hrs.

## Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH452)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Derive the resonance condition in an LCR circuit. Briefly explain the quality factor and hence show the quality factor will be higher if the band width of the circuit is lower.
- 2. What is Ultrasound? How these waves are produced? Write the fields of major application of Ultrasound.
- 3. Show that the wave equation of a transverse wave in a string is

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{v^2}\frac{d^2y}{dt^2}, \mbox{where } v = \sqrt{\frac{F}{\mu}} \ \ , \mbox{ where } \mu = \mbox{mass per unit length}$$

4. Explain how Newton's rings are formed and describe the method for the determinations of refractive index of liquid using Newton's ring formula.

#### OR

Discuss Fraunbofer diffraction due to a single slit. Draw a curve indicating distribution of intensity of diffraction patterns. Is there any fundamental difference between interference and diffraction? Give the reasons.

- 5. What is double Refraction? Explain how Nicol prism can be used as polariser and analyser?
- A diffraction grating has 4000 lines per cm and is used at normal incidence. Calculate the
  dispersive power of the grating in the third order spectrum for the wavelength 500nm.
- 7. Write down the characteristics of LASER and its use in holography. How semi conductor laser is produced?
- 8. It is desired to make a converging achromatic lens of mean focal length 30 cm by using two lenses of materials A and B. If the dispersive powers of A and B are in the ratio 1:2. Find the local length of each lens.
- 9. Define electric flux. Determine electric field due to an infinite line of change.

#### OR

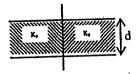
What is dielectric constant? Prove the relation  $\vec{D} = \varepsilon_0 \vec{E} + \vec{P}$ , Where symbols carry their usual meanings.

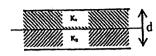
10. Two tiny conducting balls of identical mass in and charge q hang from non conducting thread each of length L. Derive and expression for the equilibrium separation 'x' between the balls assuming that the separation angle to be small.

#### OR

What is a damped em oscillations? Which factor in the circuit is responsible to produce such a motion? Derive a differential equation for this motion and write its solution. What will be the remedy of such motion to make it smooth?

11. A parallel plate capacitor contains two dielectric slabs (of equal dimensions) of dielectrics  $K_1$  and  $K_2$  as shown in figure below (i) Find the capacitance in each case if A is the area of each plate. (ii) If  $K_1 = 2$  and  $K_2 = 3$ , what will be the ratio of the capacitance in two cases.





- A p.d. of 1V is applied to a 30.5 m length of copper wire (diameter 0.02 inch). Calculate

   (i) The current (ii) Current density (iii) The electric field strength (Given, Resistivity of copper is 1.7×10<sup>-8</sup>Ωm).
- 13. Discuss the Hall Effect. Derive (i) Hall voltage (ii) Hall coefficient and (iii) Hall resistance. Explain that the Hall resistance leads to the quantum Hall effect.
- 14. Derive an expression for the magnetic flux density inside a long solenid, carrying current I, at a point nearits center.

OR

Derive an expression for growth and decay of current in inductance and resistance circuit. Also explain the decay current in LR circut.

- 15. Prove that charge conservation theorem with the help of maxwell's equation of electromagnetism.
- 16. Using the uncertainly principle, calculate the minimum uncertainty in velocity when an electron is confined to a box having a length 1nm. Given,  $m = 9.1 \times 10^{-31}$  Kg,  $h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34}$ Js.

# **Examination Control Division**

#### 2074 Chaitra

Exam.	Re	gular.	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BAME, BIE, B. Agri.	Pass Marks	32 .
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Describe L.C oscillation qualitatively by using necessary circuits and graph.

#### OR

Define the terms sharpness of resonance and quality factor. Derive the relation of quality factor in terms of band width.

- Define transverse wave. Develop a differential equation of the wave in a stretched string and then find the velocity of transverse wave.
- 3. A reverberation time of 2.3 sec is observed in a hall of volume 5500 m<sup>3</sup>. The sound absorbing surface of the hall has an area of 750 m<sup>2</sup>. Calculate the average absorption coefficient.
- 4. What are constructive and destructive interference? Prove that the path difference for constructive interference is integer multiple of  $\lambda$  and that for destructive interference is odd integer multiple of  $\lambda$ 2.

#### OR

How can you distinguish the plane, circularly and elliptically polarized light by using nicol prised and wave plate?

- 5. What is diffraction of light? Explain the dispersive power and resolving power of a diffraction grating. Derive the relation and also relate them.
- 6. A 30 cm long polarimeter tube containing 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of sugar solution produces an optical rotation 14.5° when placed on a polarimeter tube. If the specific rotation of sugar solution is 65°, calculate the quantity of sugar contained in the tube.
- 7. Two thin converging lenses of focal lengths 30 cm and 40 cm respectively are placed co-oxially in air separated by a distance of 20 cm. An object is placed 40 cm in front of the first lens. Find the position and nature of the image.
- 8. What is optical fiber? Explain numerical aperture and acceptance angle. Also compare the attenuation property efficiency and cost of single mode and multimode optical fibers.
- 9. What is electrical dipole and dipole moment? Derive an expression of the electric field intensity at a point due to dipole at equatorial line?

10. Define the three electric vectors E,P,D and develop a relation between them.

#### OR

A cylindrical capacitor has radii 'a' and 'b'. Show that half the energy stored lies within the cylinder whose radius is  $r = \sqrt{ab}$ .

- 11. What will be the conductivity of sodium metal having atomic weight 22.9 and density 1.013 gm/cm<sup>-3</sup>? The relaxation time of sodium metal is  $3 \times 10^{-14}$  sec.
- 12. What type of particles can be accelerated by a cyclotron? Explain the working of cyclotron and synchrotron with their differences.

#### OR

Differentiate between electromagnetic induction and self-induction. Develop an expression for self-inductance of a teroid.

- 13. Using Ampere's law, calculate the magnetic field inside, outside and on the surface of a long current carrying conductor and hence plot a graph between the magnetic field versus distance from the center of the conductor.
- 14. Determine the energy stored in an inductor. Also, determine the energy density in magnetic field.
- 15. A radio wave transmits 25 W/m<sup>2</sup> of power per unit area. The flat surface area is perpendicular to the direction of propagation of the wave. Calculate the radiation pressure on it and maximum electric and magnetic field associated with the wave.
- 16. What are the significances of wave-function? Using the wave function derive and expression for the time dependent Schrodinger wave equation.

## **Examination Control Division**

2074 Ashwin

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BAME, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions. -
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Define centers of suspension and oscillation of a compound pendulum and show that they are interchangeable. What length of the pendulum has its minimum time period?

#### OR

Define SHM. Derive the expression for energy of SHM. Show that the KE and PE of simple harmonically oscillating object changes with time however the total energy is invariant.

- What is LC oscillation? Derive the differential equation of free oscillation and compare its solution with mass spring system.
- What is piezoelectric effect? Describe the construction of a piezoelectric oscillator for the production of ultrasonic waves.
- 4. Explain how interference fringes are formed by a thin wedge shaped film examining by normally reflected light. Derive a relation for the fringe width on such system of interference fringes.

#### OR

What is double refraction? Explain how would you use the phenomenon to produce linear polarized light and circularly polarized light.

- 5. A diffraction grating used at normal incidence gives a line (540 nm) in a certain order superposed on the violet line (405 nm) of the next higher order. How many lines per cm are there in the grating if the angle of diffraction is 30°?
- 6. In Ramsden's eyepiece a coaxial lens system is used. There are two lenses in air and are of equal focal length of separated by a distance 2f/3. Find positions of the cardinal points.
- 7. Discuss the physical significance of numerical aperture (NA). How does it depend on refractive index of core and cladding?
- 8. Calculate the thickness of doubly refracting plate capable of producing a path differences of  $\frac{\lambda}{4}$  between extraordinary and ordinary rays of wavelength 5890 Å. (Use  $\mu_0 = 1.53$ ; and  $\mu_e = 1.54$ )
- 9. What is an electric dipole and dipole moment? Show that electric field for a short dipole drops inversely to cube of the distance at any point from the dipole on an axial line.

#### ΩÄ

What is an electric qudrupole? Calculate potential for points on the axis of the qudrupole.

- 10. Two point charges 6μc and -24μc are 18 cm apart in air. Locate the positions of zero potential on the line joining the charges.
- 11. Two capacitors having capacitance  $25\mu F$  and  $5\mu F$  are connected in parallel and charged with a 100V power supply. Calculate the total energy stored in the two capacitors.
- 12. What is superconductor? Explain critical magnetic field. Describe the characteristics of superconductor.

#### OR

Explain Biot-Savart law. Show that a current carrying circular coil behaves as a magnetic dipole for a large distance.

- 13. Explain meaning of self induction. Calculate inductance for a solenoid and Toroid.
- 14. Deuterons in a cyclotron describe a circle of radius 0.32 m just before emerging from dees. The frequency of the applied emf's 10 MHz. Find the flux density of the magnetic field and the energy of deuterons emerging out of the cyclotron. (mass of deuterons =  $3.32 \times 10^{-27}$  kg.)
- 15. What are Maxwell's equations? Using Maxwell equations derive electromagnetic (em) wave equation in dielectric medium. Prove that em wave travels with velocity less than velocity of light in such medium.
- 16. A non relativistic particle is moving three times as fast as an electron. The ratio of the de-Broglie wavelength of the particle to that of the electron is 1.813 × 10<sup>-4</sup>. Calculate the mass of the particle.

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## **Examination Control Division**

#### 2073 Chaitra

Exam.	- Re	gular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BAME, BCT,BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Define compound pendulum. Show that the motion of torsional pendulum follows angular SHM. Use it to find modulus of rigidity of a given wire.

#### OR

Prove that LC circuit is an analogy of spring mass system. Hence prove that maximum energy stored in the capacitor is equal to maximum energy stored in inductor.

- 2. If the relaxation time of a damped harmonic oscillator is 50 sec, find the time in which the amplitude falls to  $\frac{1}{e^3}$  times the initial value and energy of the system falls to  $\frac{1}{e^4}$  of its initial value.
- 3. A room has dimensions of 6×4×5m. Find (a) the mean free path of the sound wave in the room (b) the number of reflections per second made by sound wave with the walls of the room. (Given, velocity of sound in air is 330ms<sup>-1</sup>)
- 4. Write down the conditions for interference of light? Give the necessary theory for the interference in thin film due to reflected light.

#### OR

Describe how will you produce linearly, circularly and elliptically polarized light. Explain with mathematical calculation.

- 5. A grating with 250 grooves/mm is used with an incandensent light source. Assume visible spectrum to range in wavelength from 400 to 700 nm. In how many orders can one see the entire visible spectrum?
- 6. Newton's rings formed by sodium light viewed normally. What is the order of dark ring which will have double the diameter of 50<sup>th</sup> ring?
- What do you mean by population inversion and pumping? Describe the working of He-Ne laser with the help of energy level diagram.
- 8. What is chromatic Aberration? Show that a single lens is always accompanied with such aberration. Discuss in brief how can we minimize chromatic Aberration in the combination of lenses.
- Derive an expression for the electric potential at a point P at an axial distance x from center of the ring of radius 'a' and linear charge density λ. Hence develop the expression for electric field intensity at the same point.

#### OR

Prove that the electric field due to a short dipole at a point on axial line is twice that on the equatorial line.

- 10. Charge of uniform volume density  $\rho = 3.2 \,\mu\text{C/m}^3$  fills a non conducting solid sphere of radius 5 cm. What is the magnitude of the electric field 3 cm from the sphere's center?
- 11. A parallel plate capacitor has a capacitance of 100 μF, a plate area of 100 cm² and a mica dielectric. At 50 volts potential difference calculate (a) E in the mica (b) the free charge on the plates and (c) the induced surface charge. [Dielectric constant for mica, k = 5.4]
- 12. What will be the conductivity of sodium metal having electron density 2.5×10<sup>28</sup> m<sup>-3</sup> and relaxation time 3×10<sup>-14</sup>sec?
- 13. Derive an expression for Hall Voltage. How do you differentiate the type of charge carrier from the result of Hall experiment? What is Hall resistance?

#### OR

Derive the relation for rise and fall of current in LR circuit. Plot a graph between current and time and explain the figure.

- 14. A parallel plate capacitor with circular plates is being charged by varying electric filed of 1.5×10<sup>12</sup> V/m-s. Calculate the induced magnetic field if the diameter of the plate is 110 mm and displacement current of this condition.
- 15. Write Maxwell equations in differential form in free space. Derive electromagnetic wave equations in vacuum. Find their plane wave solutions.
- 16. Write down Schrodinger time dependent and time independent wave equations. Prove that the energy levels are quantized when the electron is confined in an infinite potential well of width 'a'.

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# **Examination Control Division**

2073 Shrawan

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Ba			
Level	BE	Full Marks	80	
Programme	BAME, BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B. Agri.	Pass Marks	32	
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.	

# Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Write the differences between mechanical oscillation and e.m. oscillation. Set up the
  differential equation of damped harmonic mechanical oscillation. Obtain the relation for
  frequency of such oscillation. Hence explain the conditions for different types of damped
  oscillation

#### OR

Define sharpness of resonance. Derive the relation for current amplitude of forced e-m oscillation.

- What are the measures of good acoustic building? Show that the reverberation time decrease with increase in absorbing factors in a hall.
- 3. Two thin lenses of focal length fl and f2 separated by a distance having an equivalent focal length 50 cm. The combination satisfies the condition for no chromatic aberration and minimum spherical aberration. Find the separation between the two lenses if both lenses are of same materials.
- 4. Prove that the intensity of first maxima is 4.54% of the central maxima in Fraunhoffer's single slit diffraction.

#### OR

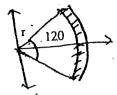
Write the physical meaning of dispersive power and resolving power of grating. Show that resolving power is directly proportional to the total number of rulings on the grating.

- 5. Newton's Rings arrangement is used with a source emitting two wavelength  $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$ . It is found that the n<sup>th</sup> dark ring due to  $\lambda_1$  coincides with (n+1)th dark ring to  $\lambda_2$ . Find the diameter of n<sup>th</sup> dark ring. ( $\lambda_1 = 6 \times 10^{-5}$  cm,  $\lambda_2 = 5.9 \times 10^{-5}$  cm radius of curvature of the lens R = 90 cm).
- A quartz crystal has refractive indices 1.553 and 1.544. Calculate the thickness of a quarter wave plate for sodium light of wavelength 5890A°.
- Explain the terms stimulated emission, population inversion, optical pumpling and metastable. Explain working principle of He-Nellaser.
- 8. A heavy circular ring of radius R oscillates in a vertical plane about a horizontal axis at a distance x from the center. Show that the time period is minimum when x = R

Derive the relation for potential at any point due to an electric dipole and show that no work is done in bringing a charge from infinity to dipole along the perpendicular bisector of the dipole.

OR

A plastic rod contains uniformly distributed Q charge. The rod has been bent in 120° circular arc of radius 't' as shown in figure below. Prove that the electric field intensity at the center of bent rod is E =



- 10. Derive the relation for rise and fall of current in charging and discharging of capacitor through resistor. Plot graphs between current and time and explain the figures.
- 11. The space between two concentric conducting spherical shells of radii b = 1.70 cm and a = 1.70 cm and a = 1.20 cm is filled with a substance of dielectric constant k = 23.5. A potential difference V = 73 V is applied across the inner and outer shells. Determine (a) the capacitance of the device (b) the free charge q on the inner shell.
- 12. What is Hall-effect? Derive an expression for the Hall coefficient and established the relation between mobility of charge carrier and conductivity of material of wire.

Derive a relation resistivity of a conductor using microscopic view. From your result, explain why resistivity of a conductor increase with necessary with increasing

- 13. Explain the phenomenon of self induction. Calculate the value of inductance for (a) long solenoid and (b) Toroid.
- 14. What is Ampere's law? Derive the expression for magnetic flux density outside and inside a long straight conductor carrying current I.
- 15. Define Poynting vector. Prove that  $\vec{S} = (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})/\mu_o$ , where the symbols have their usual
- 16. Discuss the significance of the wave function and deduce the time independent Schrodinger's wave equation.

# 24 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

Exam.	Regular		
Level .	BE	Full Marks	80 ·
Programme	BEL, BEX,BCT BAME, BIE, B Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### 2072 Chaitra

## Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Differentiate between bar pendulum and torsional pendulum. Prove that there exists four collinear points in bar pendulum.

#### OR

Prove that LC circuit is an analogy of simple harmonic motion and hence prove that maximum energy stored in electric field is equal to maximum energy stored in magnetic field.

- 2. In simple harmonic motion, when the displacement is one-half the amplitude, what fraction of the total energy is KE and what fraction is PE? At what displacement is the energy half KE and half PE?
- A source of sound has a frequency of 256 Hz and amplitude of 0.50 cm, calculate the
  energy flow across a square cm per sec. The velocity of sound in air is 330 m/s and
  density of air is 1.29 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.
- 4. Prove that interference in thin film of reflected and transmitted light are complementary to each other.

#### OR

What is diffraction of light? Discuss the intensity distribution with special reference to diffraction of light in a single slit.

- 5. Two thin converging lenses of focal lengths 30 cm and 40 cm respectively are placed coaxially in air separated by a distance of 20 cm. An object is placed 40 cm in front of the first lens. Find the position and nature of the image.
- 6. A 200 mm long tube and containing 48 cm<sup>3</sup> of sugar solution produces an optical rotation of 11° when placed in a saccharimeter. If the specific rotation of sugar solution is 66°, calculate the quantity of sugar contained in the tube in the form of a solution.
- 7. In a Newton's ring experiment the diameter of the 10<sup>th</sup> ring changes from 1.40 cm to 1.27 cm when a liquid is introduced between the lens and the plate. Calculate the refractive index of the liquid.
- 8. What is an optical fiber? Show that Numerical aperture of an optical fiber is given by the expression,  $NA = \mu \sqrt{2\Delta}$ , where the symbols carry their usual meanings.
- 9. Determine the electric field at a distance z on the central axis from the center of a charged ring. Also, find the maximum value of electric field.

#### OR

Calculate the potential at any point due to an electric dipole. Also, find the potential on the axial line.

- 10. Over certain region of space the electric potential is  $v = 15x-3x^2y+12yz^2$ . Find the expression for the x, y and z components of the electric field over this region. What is the magnitude of the field at the point P that has coordinates (1, 0, 2) m?
- 11. Write the general methods to calculate the capacitance of a capacitor and hence determine the capacitance of a cylindrical capacitor of inner and outer radii 'a' and 'b' respectively.
- 12. Calculate the drift speed of electrons when 20 A current is supplied through a copper wire of cross-sectional area 1 mm<sup>2</sup> and electron density 10<sup>28</sup> m<sup>-3</sup>.
- 13. Determine the energy stored in an inductor. Hence, prove that the energy density in magnetic field is directly proportional to square of magnetic field.

OR

Obtair, an expression for magnetic field intensity due to a circular coil carrying current at its axial point

- 14. A copper strip 3.0 cm wide and 2.0 mm thick is placed in a magnetic field 1.75T. If a current of 150 Å is setup in the strip, calculate (i) Hall voltage and (ii) Hall mobility if the number of electrons per unit volume is 8.4×10<sup>28</sup> m<sup>-3</sup> and resistivity is 1.72×10<sup>-8</sup> ohm-m.
- 15. Define poynting vector. Prove that  $\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu} \left( \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \right)$
- 16. A beam of electrons having energy of 3eV is incident on a potential barrier of height 4 eV. If the width of the barrier is 20 Å, calculate the percentage transmission of the beam through the barrier.

# **Examination Control Division**

#### 2072 Kartik

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch		
Yaral	RE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs

# Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Differentiate between bar pendulum and torsional pendulum. Using a torsional pendulum, derive a relation for modulus of rigidity of the metallic wire.

#### OR

Compare the damped and forced LCR oscillation. Derive the differential equation of forced em-oscillation and compare it with driven mechanical oscillation

- Show that in a bar pendulum, minimum time period is achieved if radius of gyration is equal to the distance of point of suspension or point of oscillation from center of gravity.
- 3. Write some features of acoustically good auditorium. Derive Sabine's formula.
- 4. Two thin converging lenses of focal lengths 3 cm and 4 cm respectively are placed coaxially in air separated by a distance of 2 cm. An object is placed at 4 cm in front of first lens. Locate the positions of the principal points and final image.
- 5. What is polarization? Derive the relation for plane, elliptical and circular polarized light.

#### OR

What are the coherent sources of light? How such sources develop in lab? Show that the square of diameters of the n<sup>th</sup> dark ring by the reflected light of Newton's ring is directly proportional to the natural number.

- 6. Define acceptance angle and numerical aperture. In an optical fiber, show that Numerical Aperture (NA) =  $\mu_{core}\sqrt{(2\Delta)}$ , symbols have their usual meanings.
- 7. In a Fraunhofer Single slit diffraction, a convex lens of focal length 20 cm is placed just after a slit of width 0.6 mm. If a plane wave of wavelength 6000A° falls on slit normally, calculate the separation between the second minima on either side of central maximum.
- Calculate the minimum no of lines per cm in a 2.5 cm wide grating which will just resolve the sodium lines 5890 Å and 5896 Å in second order spectrum.
- 9. A thin ring made of plastic of radius R is uniformly charged with linear charge density λ. Calculate the electric field intensity at any point at an axial distance y from the center. If electron is constrained to be in axial line of the same ring, show that the motion of electron is SHM.

#### OR

Discuss the behavior of dielectrics in a parallel plate capacitor. Based on Gauss law of electrostatic in dielectric, show that  $\overrightarrow{D} = \varepsilon_0 \stackrel{\rightarrow}{E} + \stackrel{\rightarrow}{P}$ , where symbols have their usual meaning.

- 10. The potential in a region between x = 0m and x = 6m is  $V = a + bx^2$  where a = 10 and b = -TV/m. Determine (i) the potentials at x = 0m, 3m and 6m and (ii) the magnitude and direction of electric fields at x = 0m, 3m and 6m.
- 11. What are the current density and mobility? Explain the atomic view of the resistivity and show that  $p = \{m/ne^2\tau\}$ , where symbols have their usual meanings.
- 12. Give general method of calculating capacitance of a capacitor. Use the method to calculate the capacitance of a spherical capacitor.
- 13. A toroid has number of turns 1250, internal radius 52 mm, external radius 95 mm and thickness of the ring 13 mm, calculate the inductance.

#### OK

A solenoid having an inductance of 6.3  $\mu H$  is connected in series with a 1.2  $k\Omega$  resistance. If a 14 V battery is connected across the pair, how long will it take for the current through the resistor to reach 80% of its final value?

- 14. Explain Hall effect. What results you can draw from Hall experiment? Obtain an expression for the Hall voltage in a current carrying specimen placed in a magnetic field.
- 15. State Maxwell equation in integral form. Convert them into differential form. Explain each of these equations.
- 16. A free particle is confined in a box of width L. Using Schrodinger wave equation find an expression for energy eigen value.

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# **Examination Control Division**

2071 Shawan

Exam.	New Back (2060	& Later Bat	ch) L
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓. Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Derive a relation to find the moment of inertia of a rigid body about an axis passing through its center of gravity using the torsional pendulum.

OR

What is resonance? Formulate the differential equation of forced electromagnetic oscillation. Then determine the expression for resonant frequency.

- 2. A string has a linear density of 625 gm/m and is stretched with a tension 50N. A wave, whose frequency and amplitude are 160Hz and 10mm respectively, is travelling along the string. At what average rate is the wave transporting energy along the string?
- 3. Why is it important to study the reverberation time, before the construction of a Cinema Hall? Derive a relation for reverberation time based on absorption coefficient, volume and surface area of the hall.
- 4. What happens to the energy when waves perfectly cancel to each other in interference? Derive the relations for thin film interference by reflected light.

OK

Show that the diameters of the Newton's rings when two surfaces of radii R1 and R2 are placed in contact are related by the relation  $(1/R_1)-(1/R_2)=(4n\lambda/d^2_n)$ , where n is the integer number of the fringes.

- 5. A grating with 250 grooves/mm is used with an incandescent light source. Assume the visible spectrum to range in wavelength from 400 to 700 nm. In how many orders can one see the entire visible spectrum?
- 6. Define the polarization of light. Write its importance in different optical instruments. Derive the relation for the thickness of quarter wave plate and half wave plate.
- 7. Two thin converging lenses of focal length 3cm and 4cm respectively are placed coaxially in air and separated by distance of 2cm. An object is placed 4cm in front of the first lens. Find the position of the nature of the image and its lateral magnification.
- 8. A glass-clad fiber is made with a core glass of refractive index 1.55 and the cladding is doped to give a fractional index difference of 5.5x10<sup>-4</sup>. Determine (i) Cladding index (ii) the critical internal reflection angle (iii) the external critical acceptance angle and (iv) numerical aperture (NA).
- 9. A particle of charge -q and mass m is placed midway between two equal positive charges q<sub>0</sub> of separation d. If the negative charge -q is displaced in perpendicular direction to the line joining them and released. Show that the particle describes a SHM with a period.

$$T = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_0 \ m \prod^3 d^3}{q q_0}}$$

OR

Calculate electric field at any point is axial distance due to a dipole and a quadrapole. What conclusion you can draw from your results.

- 10. Charges are uniformly distributed through out the volume of an infinitely large cylinder of radius 'a'. Show that the electric field at a distance 'r'from the cylinder axis r < a is given by  $E = \frac{\rho r}{2\epsilon_0}$  where  $\rho$  is the volume charge density.
- 11. A cylindrical capacitor has radii a and b. Show that half the stored electric potential energy lies within a cylinder whose radius is  $r = \sqrt{ab}$
- 12. Explain Hall Effect. Derive a relation for hall resistance. From this relation explain the meaning of quantization of hall resistance.
- 13. The current density in a cylindrical wire of radius R=2 mm and uniform cross-sectional area is given by  $J = 2 \times 10^5$  Am<sup>2</sup>. What is the current through the outer portion of the wire
- 14. Explain the phenomenon of "self-induction". Find an expression for the self-induction of a toroid having N numbers of turns, radius r and carrying current i.

State Ampere's law. Find the expressions for magnetic field outside and inside the long

- 15. Write down the Maxwell's equations for non conducting Find the equation of propagation of plane electromagnetic wave for E-field and B-field for such medium. Show that electromagnetic wave travels with velocity less than velocity of light in such medium.
- 16. Derive schodinger time independent wave equation. A particle is moving in one dimensional potential well of infinite height and width 'a'. Find the expression for energy of the particle.

# **Examination Control Division**

2070 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX ,BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

## Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Distinguish between free and forced vibrations. Write the differential equation of forced oscillation. Determine the amplitude of oscillation for forced oscillation and hence explain sharpness of the resonance.

#### OR

Define simple harmonic motion. Show the average kinetic energy is half oft the total energy of a particle executing simple harmonic motion.

- A 2μF capacitor is charged upto 50V. The battery is disconnected and 50mH coil is connected across the capacitor so that LC oscillation to occur. Calculate the maximum value of the current in the circuit.
- 3. The elastic limit of steel forming a piece of wire is equal to 2.70×10<sup>8</sup> Pa. What is the maximum speed at which transverse wave pulses can propagate along this wire without exceeding this stress? (density of steel = 7.89×10<sup>3</sup> kg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- 4. What are Newton's rings? How can you use these rings to determine the refractive index of a given liquid?

#### OR

Discuss the phenomenon of Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit. Show that the relative intensities of the successive maxima are 1:  $\frac{4}{9\pi^2}$ :  $\frac{4}{25\pi^2}$ .......

- 5. Light of wavelength 6000 A falls normally on a thin wedge shaped film of refractive index 1.4, forming fringes that are 2 mm apart. Find the angle of the wedge.
- 6. If the plane of vibration of the incident beam makes an angle of 30° with the optic axis, compare the intensities of extraordinary and ordinary light.
- 7. Show that the diameter of circle of least confusion depends on the diameter of lens aperture and dispersive power of the material of the lens but is independent of the focal length of the lens.
- 8. An optical fiber has a numerical aperture of 0.22 and core refractive index 1.62. Desermine the acceptance angle for the fiber in a liquid which has a refractive index of 1.25. Also, determine the fractional refractive index change.

- 9. Prove that electric field due to a short dipole at axial point is twice that at equatorial point.
- 10. A capacitor of capacitance C is discharging through a resistor of resistance R. After how many time constants is the stored energy 1/8 of its initial value?
- 11. Give a general method to calculate electric field and potential due to continuous charge distribution. Using your method, calculate electric field at an equitorial distance y due to a long charged rod having linear charge density  $\lambda$ .
- 12. Consider a circular coil of radius R carrying current I. Find the magnetic field at any point on the axis of the loop at a distance z from the center of the loop. Show that the circular current carrying coil behaves as a magnetic dipole for large distance.
- 13. In a Hall Effect experiment, a current of 3.2A lengthwise in a conductor 1.2 cm wide, 4.0 cm long and 9.5µm thick produces a transverse Hall voltage (across the width) of 40µV when a magnetic field of 1.4T is passed perpendicularly through the thin conductor. From this date, find (a) the drift velocity of the charge carriers and (b) the number density of charge carriers.
- 14. Derive an expression for growth and decay of current in LR circuit. Explain inductive time constant by sketching graph between current and time for both cases.

OR

Derive expressions for inductance of a Solenoid and Teroid. Then show that inductance is the property of the coil.

- 15. Write and explain Ampere's law in magnetism. How Maxwell modified it. Based on this modified equation, explain the term displacement current. Prove displacement current is equal to conduction current.
- 16. Explain Schrodinger's wave equation. Derive time independent Schrodinger wave equation. Use this equation to find energy for a particle in a box of infinite square well potential.

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24 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING
Examination Control Division

### 2070 Ashad

	New Back (20	66 & Later Bat	ch)
	BE	Full Marks	80
Level Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT,	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

- Subject: Engineering Physics (SH402)

  Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Derive an expression for the time period of a physical Pendulum and establish the interchangeability of the center of oscillation and suspension.
- Give the necessary theory of forced vibration and deduce the condition for resonance amplitude.

#### OR

Show that the fractional change in frequency of damped oscillation is 1/8Q<sup>2</sup> where Q is quality factor.

- 3. The reverberation time for an empty hall is 1.5 sec. With 500 audiences present in the hall, the reverberation time falls to 1.4 sec. Find the number of persons present in the hall if the reverberation time falls down to 1.312 sec.
- 4. What is interference? Explain the intensity distribution in interference with mathematical treatment.

#### OR

Show that the intensity of second primary maxima is 1.62% of central maxima in Fraunhoffer's single slit diffraction.

- 5. A beam of plane polarized light is converted into circularly polarized light by passing it through a crystal slice of thickness  $3\times10^{-5}$  m. Calculate the difference in the refractive indices of the two rays inside the crystal. Wavelength of light is 600nm.
- What are active medium population inversion and optical pumping? Give the importance in the study of LASER. Write a method for getting He-Ne LASER.
- 7. Write the physical meaning of dispersive and resolving power of plane transmission grating. Show that we product of the total number of ruling and the order of transmission grating.

  8. Two thus
- 8. I wo min. lense of focal length 8 cm and each are coaxial and 4 cm apart. Find the principal points are the position of object for which image is formed at infinity.
- 9. What is electric quadrupole? Calculate treelectric potential of a linear quadrupole of separation 2z at an axial distance R from its center.

#### OK

A ring radius "R" is carrying a uniformly distributed charge "q". Find an expression for electric field at any point on the axial line. Find the point at which electric field is maximum.

- 10. A cylindrical resistor of radius 6 mm and length 2.5 cm is made of material that has a resistivity of 4×10<sup>-5</sup> Ω.m. What are (i) The magnitude of the current density and (ii) the potential difference when the energy dissipation rate in the resistor is 2 Watt?
- 11. A solenoid 2.6 m long and 1.3 cm in diameter carries a current of 9A. The magnetic field inside the solenoid is 20mT. Find the length of the wire forming the solenoid.
- 12. Compare the methods of Biot and Savart Law and Ampere's Law to calculate magnetic fields due to current carrying conductor. Calculate magnetic field at an axial distance "x" from the center of the circular coil carrying current.
- 13. In a Hall experiment, a current of 25A is passed through a long foil of silver, which is 0.1 mm thick and 3 m long. Calculate the Hall voltage produces across the width by a flux of 1.4 Wb/m<sup>2</sup>. If the conduction of silver is 6.8×10<sup>7</sup> mho/m, estimate the mobility of the electrons in silver.
- 14. A parallel plate capacitor with circular plates is charged by current "i" (a) What is the magnitude of βB.ds in terms of μ<sub>0</sub> and i between the plates if r = (a/5) from the center? What is the magnitude of induced magnetic field for r = (a/5) in terms of displacement current?

OR

An inductance L is connected to a battery of emf E through a resistance. Show that the potential difference across the inductance after time t is  $V_L = \varepsilon e^{\left(\frac{-R}{L}\right)^t}$ . At what time is the potential difference across the inductance equal to that across the resistance such that  $i = \frac{i_0}{2}$ .

- 15. Write Maxwell equations in integral form. Convert them in differential form. Explain the physical meaning of each equation.
- 16. Describe the physical significance of the wave function. Derive an expression of time dependent Schrodinger equation.

# **Examination Control Division**

#### 2069 Chaitra

Exam.	R	egular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year/Part	1/1	Time	3 brs.

# Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH402)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Point out the similarities and dissimilarities between the oscillations of bar pendulum and torsinal poendulum. Show that the radius of gyration is equal to distance from center of suspension to center of gravity of compound pendulum, when time period in minimum.
- 2. Derive a differential equation for LC Oscillation. Show that the maximum value of electric and magnetic energies stored in LC circuit is equal.

Prove that if a transverse wave is travelling along a string, then the slope at any point of the string is numerically equal to the ratio of the particle speed to the wave speed at that point.

- The time of reverberation of an empty hall is 1.5 sec with 500 audiences present in the hall; the reverberation time falls to 1.4sec. Find the no. of persons present in the hall if the reverberation time falls down to 1.32 sec.
- 4. Show that the intensity of the first subsidiary maxima of Fraunhoffer's diffraction at a single slit is 4.5% of that or principal maxima.

#### OR

What is double diffraction? Explain how Nicol prism can be used as polarizer and aralyzer?

- 5. In a Newton's ring experiment, the radius of curvature of the lens is 5cm and the lens diameter is 20mm. (a) How many bright rings are produced? Assume that  $\lambda$ =589nm (b) How many bright rings would be produced if the arrangement were immersed in water  $(\mu=1.33)$ ?
- 6. A diffraction gratting 3cm wide produces the second order at 33° with light of wavelength 600m. What is the total number of lines on the gratting.
- 7. What is population inversion? Explain why laser action cannot occur without population inversion between atomic levels?
- 8. What are cardinal points of an optical system? Determine the equivalent focal length of a combination of two thin lenses separated by a finite distances.
- 9. A ring has a charge q uniform distributed in it. Derive an expression for the electric field at any point on the axial line of the ring. Extend your result to find the potential.

#### OR

Write an expression for electric field at any point in the axial line of a charged ring. Using this equation, calculate the electric field at any point in the axial line of a charged

- 10. What is the magnitude of the electric field at the point (3.2) m if the electric potential is given by  $V = 2x \div 5xy \div 3y^2$  volts. What acceleration does an electron experiences in the
- 11. Derive an equation  $\vec{l} = \sigma \vec{E}$ . Explain why resistivity of a conductor increases with increasing temperature plot a graph between  $R_{\theta}$  (Resistance at any temperature  $\theta$ ) and temperature. Based on the graph, explain what are superconductor? How they differ from perfect conductor? Describe the characteristics of superconductor.
- 12 Derive an extraction for energy stored in magnetic field. Show that the energy stored per unit volume is threatly proportional to the square of the magnetic flux density. Compare this result with electric energy density.

What is self induction? Define inductance of a coil. Show by calculation inductance of a coil depends on the permeability of a medium and the geometry of the coil.

- 13. A long circuit coil consisting of 50 turns with diameter 1.2m carries a current of 10Amp. (a) Find the magnetic field at a point along the axis 90cm from the center. (b) At what distance from the center, along the axis, the field is 1/8 greater as at the center.
- 14. Describe the principal and working of Cyclotron. Show that the time taken by the ion in a Dee to travel a semicircle is exactly same whatever be its radius and velocity.
- 15. Write Maxwell's equations in free space and dielectric medium. With the help of Maxwell's equations, Derive charge conservation theorem.
- 16. A beam of electrons having energy of each 3eV is incident on a potential barrier of height 4eV. If the width of the barrier is 20A°, calculate the transmission coefficient of the beam through the barrier.

# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division.

Exam.	New Back	(2066 & Lafer	Ratch
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### 2069 Ashad

# Subject: - Engineering Physics (SH 402)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Obtain an expression for the time period of a compound pendulum and show that its time period is unaffected by the fixing of a small additional mass to it at its centre of suspension.

#### OR

What is electromagnetic oscillation? Derive differential equation of damped LCR oscillation and find its frequency.

2. A particle is moving with simple harmonic motion in a straight line. If it has a speed v1 when the displacement is  $x_1$  and speed  $v_2$  when the displacement is  $x_2$  then show that the

amplitude of the motion is, 
$$a = \left[ \frac{v_2^2 x_1^2 - v_1^2 x_2^2}{v_2^2 - v_1^2} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- 3. In the progressive wave, show that the potential energy and kinetic energy of every particle will change with time but the average K.E. per unit volume and P.E. per unit volume remains constant.
- 4. Two coherent sources having constant phase  $\delta$  but different amplitudes  $A_1$  and  $A_2$ that intensity superimposed  $I = A_1^2 + A_2^2 + 2A_1 A_2 \cos \delta$ .

#### OR

Explain the phenomenon of double refraction. Describe the construction and action of

- 5. White light is incident on a soap film at an angle  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$  and the reflected light on examination by a spectrometer shows dark bands. The consecutive dark bands correspond to wavelength  $6.1\times10^{-5}$ cm and  $6.0\times10^{-5}$ cm. If  $\mu$ =1.33 for the film, calculate its thickness.
- 6. Light of wavelength 600nm is incident normally on a slit of width 0.1mm. Calculate the intensity at  $\theta=0.2^{\circ}$ .
- 7. Two lenses of focal lengths 8cm and 4cm are placed at a certain distance apart. Calculate the position of principal points if they form an achromatic combination.

- 8. An optical fiber has a NA of 0.2 and a cladding refractive index of 1.59. Determine acceptance angle for the fiber in water which has a refractive index of 1.33.
- 9. A ring has a charge q uniformly distributed in it. Find the expression for the electric field at any point on the axial line of the ring. Locate the point at which the field is maximum.

Prove that electric field due to a short dipole at axial point is twice that at equatorial point.

10. A particle of charge -q and a mass m is placed midway between two equal positive charges q<sub>0</sub> of separation d lf the negative charge -q is displaced in perpendicular direction to the line joining them and released, show that the particle descries a SHM with

a period 
$$T = \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_0 & mr^3 d^3 \end{bmatrix}^2$$

- 11. 11A cylindrical capacitor has radii a and b. Show that half the stored electric potential energy lies within a cylinder of radius  $r = \sqrt{ab}$ .
- 12. A flat silver strip of width 1.5cm and thickness 1.5mm carries a current of 150A. a magnetic field of 2.0 Tesla is applied perpendicular to the flat face of the strip. The emf developed across the width of strip is measured to be 17.9µV. Estimate the number density of free electrons in the metal.
- 13. A straight wire segment of length I carries current I. Show that the magnetic field B produced by that segment at a displace y from it along a perpendicular bisector is B =  $(\mu_0/2\pi y) [l(l^2+4y^2)]$ .
- 14. Find the inductance of a toroid having N number of turns and radius R.

Show that the energy per unit volume in electric field and magnetic field are proportional to the square of their fields.

- 15. State and explain Maxwell's equations. Derive the continuity equation:  $\nabla \cdot \vec{J} = \frac{\partial \delta}{\partial t}$ .
- 16. Determine the total energy of a particle using Schrodinger equation, when the potential energy has value V=0 for 0 < x < a, and V= $\alpha$ for  $x \le 0$  and  $x \ge a$ .

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY TTUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control I

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1.	Time	3 hrs.

# meering Physics (SH 402)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable
- Attempt All questions.
  All questions carry equal marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Differentiate between linear and angular harmonic motion. Show that the motion of torsion pendulum is angular harmonic motion. Also find its time period.

Derive the differential equation of the forced oscillation of LCR circuit with an AC source and find the expression for the current amplitude. Hence explain the condition of current resonance in such circuit.

- 2. A 750g block oscillates on the end of a spring whose force constant, k=56N/m. The mass moves in a fluid which offers a resistive force F = -bv, where b = 0.162Ns/m. What is the period of the oscillation?
- A room has dimensions 6m×4m×5m. Find:
  - i) Mean free path of sound wave in the room
  - ii) The number of reflections made persecond by the sound wave with the walls of the room. (Take velocity of sound in air= 350ms<sup>-1</sup>).
- 4. Define interference Show that interference in thin film due to reflected and transmitted lights are complementary.

What are Newton's rings? How can you determine the refractive index of given liquid using Newton's rings experiment?

- 5. Explain the dispersive and resolving power of a diffraction grating. Derive expressions and develop a relation between them.
- 6. A 2 00mm long tube containing 48cm<sup>3</sup> of sugar solution produces an optical rotation of 11° when placed on a saccharimeter. If the specific rotation of sugar solution is 66° calculate the quantity of sugar contained in the tube in the form of solution.
- 7. Prove that the condition for achromatism for the combination of two lenses of focal length  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  having dispersive power  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$  placed at a separate distance x is  $(\omega_1/f_1) + (\omega_2/f_2) = (x/f_1f_2) (\omega_1+\omega_2).$
- 8. Differentiate between spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation. Explain the construction and working of He-Ne laser with a suitable energy level diagram.
- Derive an expression for the electric field at a point P at a distance X from a circular plastic disc of radius a along its central axis. Does this expression for Exeduces to an expected result for x>>a?

- 10. A capacitor of capacitance 'C' is discharged through a resistor of resistance 'R'. After how many time constants is the energy stored becomes one fourth of initial value?
- 11. Calculate the electric field due to a uniformly charged rod of length I at a point along its long axis at a distance 'a' from its nearest end.
- 12. Explain the principle and working of cyclotron. Show that the time spent by the particle in a Dee is independent of its speed and radius of its circular path.

#### OR

Use Blot- Savart Law to calculate magnetic field on the axial line of a current carrying circular loop. Explain how the coil behaves for a large distance point.

- 13. A cooper strip 150 µm thick is placed in a magnetic field of strength 0.65T perpendicular to the plane of the strip and current of 23Amp is set up in the strip. Calculate: (i) the Hall voltage (ii) Hall coefficient and (iii) Hall mobility, if the number of electrons per unit volume is  $8.5 \times 10^{28}$ /m<sup>3</sup> and resistivity is  $1.72 \times 10^{-8}$  Ohm-m.
- 14 A parallel plate capacitor with circular plates of 10cm radius is charged producing uniform displacement current of magnitude 20A/m<sup>2</sup>. Calculate (i) dE/dt in the region (ii): Displacement current density and (iii) Induced magnetic field.
- 15. Obtain an expression for energy transfer rate by electromagnetic wave. From your result show that  $I \propto E^2_{ims}$ . Where I is the intensity cm wave and  $E_{ims}$  is root mean square value
- 16. Derive the schrodinger time independent wave equation. Also what do you mean by a potential barrier?

# o3 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2068 Bhadra

Exam.	Regular				
Level	BE	Full Marks	80		
Programme	BCE, BME - Pass Marks		32		
Year / Part	I/II	Time .	3 hrs.		

# Subject: - Engineering Physics

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
   Attempt All questions.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. What is forced oscillation? Derive differential equation for forced oscillation and show that amplitude at resonance is inversely proportional to damping constant of medium.

OR

Derive the differential equation for damped LCR oscillation. Obtain an expression for current and frequency of oscillation.

- of the string is numerically equal to the ratio of the particle speed to the wave speed at that point.
  - 3. The volume of a room is 600m<sup>3</sup>, wall area of room is 220m<sup>2</sup>, the floor and ceiling area each is 120m<sup>2</sup>. If average absorption coefficient for walls is 0.03, for ceiling is 0.80 and for floor is 0.06, calculate average absorption coefficient and reverberation time.
  - 4. Two thin lenses of power  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  are separated by a distance d. Find an expression to show that equivalent power of the combination is given as  $P = P_1 + P_2 dP_1P_2$ .
  - 5. Explain the formation of Newton's ring in reflected light. Prove that, in reflected light the diameter of the dark rings are proportional to the square root of natural numbers and diameter of bright rings are proportional to the square root of odd numbers.

OR

Write down the physical meanings of dispersive power and resolving power of plane transmission gratting. Show that both resolving and dispersive power have proportional relation with the order of spectrum.

- 6. A 200mm long tube containing 48cm<sup>3</sup> of sugar solution produces an optical rotation of 11° when placed in a polarimeter. If specific rotation of sugar solution is 66°, calculate quantity of sugar contained in the form of solution.
  - 7. Light is incident normally on a gratting 0.5cm wide with 2500 lines. Find the angles of diffraction for the principal maxima of the two sodium lines in the first order spectrum,  $\lambda_1 = 5890 \,\text{A}^{\circ}$  and  $\lambda_2 = 5896 \,\text{A}^{\circ}$ . Are the two lines resolved?
  - 8. What is principle of laser? Discuss how population inversion is carried out? With the help of energy level diagram, explain how He-Ne laser works.

A thin non conducting rod of finite length 1 carries a total charge q spread uniformly along it. Show that the electric field at any point at a distance y above from the centre of rod is  $E = \frac{q}{4\pi \epsilon_0} \frac{1}{y}$ . Extend this result for infinite length.

Find the potential at any point at an angle  $\theta$  at a distance r from the centre of the short dipole. What result do you obtain if the point is along axial line?

- 10. A capacitor is made of two concentric spherical plates of radii a and b of inner and outer spheres respectively. If outer plate is positively charged and inner sphere is earthed, prove that the capacitance of such capacitor is given as,  $C = 4\pi\epsilon_0 \left[\frac{b^2}{b-a}\right]$ .
- 11. Calculate the relaxation time for the electrons of sodium atom. The number of atoms per cm<sup>3</sup> in sodium is  $2.5 \times 10^{22}$ , and the electrical conductivity is  $1.9 \times 10^7$  s/m.
- 12. List and explain methods to calculate magnetic field due to a current carrying conductor.

  Derive an expression for the magnetic field on the axial line of a long solenoid carrying current

#### OR

What is self inductance? Calculate the inductance of a circular Toroid. From your result, show that inductance is a property of a coil and depends on permeability and shape and size of the coil.

- 13. Suppose a cyclotron is operated at an oscillator frequency of 12MHz and has a dee of radius 53cm.
  - a) What is the magnitude of the magnetic field needed for deuteron to be accelerated in the cyclotron?
  - the cyclotron?
    b) What is the resulting kinetic energy of the deuteron? Given: mass of deuteron = 3.34×10<sup>-27</sup>kg.
- 14. What must be the magnitude of a uniform electric field if it is to have the same energy density that passed by a 0.50T magnetic field?
- 15. What is poynting-vector? Show that the intensity of an electromagnetic wave equals the average magnetic energy density times the speed of light.
- 16. A particle is moving in one dimensional potential well of infinite height and width a. find the expression for energy of the particle.

# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY

# INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

# **Examination Control Division**

#### 2079 Bhadra

a) Associativity in C

b) Entry and exit control loop

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All except BAS & BAR	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Computer Programming (CT 401)

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✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicaable.
✓ Attempt All questions.
   The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.

✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. a) Differentiate between system software and application software. Provide relevant
                                                                                                 [4]
       examples for each of them.
   b) List the steps involved in solving a problem using a computer. Why do we need an
       algorithm before writing program code?
                                                                                              [2+2]
2. a) Define tokens in C programming language. How are variables declared as constant?
                                                                                              [2+2]
       Explain with example.
                                                                                                 [6]
    b) Write the output of the following:
       # include < stdio.h >
       int main ()
       char str1 [50], str2 [50] = \{ 'N', 'E', 'P', 'A', 'L' \} ;
       scanf ( "% [A-Z]", str1);
       printf ("%s\n", str1);
       printf ("% 0.5 s\n", str2);
       printf ("% 5.3 s\n", str2);
       printf ("% -0.3 s", str2);
       return 0;
       Input string: KATHmanDU
3. How are break and continue statements used to jump out from the loop? Write a program
      evaluate the following series until the term value becomes less
       10^{-6}: \cos(x) = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \frac{x^8}{8!} \dots
                                                                                              [4+6]
4. a) Write a syntax of function declaration, function definition and function call in C
       programming. Can a main function be called recursively in C? Justify your opinion.
                                                                                              [3+1]
   b) Explain the use of recursive function with a suitable example.
                                                                                                 [4]
5. a) Differentiate between array and string. Explain how to declare and use multi
                                                                                              [3+2]
       dimensional arrays in C.
   b) Write a C program to read a string from the user. Pass the string to a function and sort
       the alphabets in descending order. For example, if the user entered "exam" then the
                                                                                                 [5]
       program should display "xmea".
6. a) What is the meaning of data type used in pointer declaration? Define a function in
                                                                                              [1+3]
       your program to swap two integers using pass by reference.
   b) Write a program to find the frequency of a number in array. Explain the relation of
                                                                                                 [4]
       pointer and array using this program.
7. Write the purpose and syntax of fopen () and fclose () function. WAP to create a structure
   book with its member name price and author. Read 10 records from user write it to a file
    named "book.dat". Read information from book.dat file, search author name
    "Gotterfried". If found copy the records to a file "gotterfried.dat"
                                                                                              [3+7]
8. What are the data types available in FORTRAN? Write a program in FORTRAN to check
                                                                                               [3+5]
    a number is palindrome or not.
                                                                                               [2×4]
9. Write short notes on:
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# **Examination Control Division**

#### 2079 Baishakh

Exam.		ack	
Level	BE	Full Marks	8O
Programme	All (Except BAR and BAS)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I / I	Time	3 hrs.

[3+5]

[1+7]

Subject:	- Computer Programming (C1 401)	

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Explain the program development and compilation process in detail. Draw a flowchart to find all possible roots of a quadratic equation. [4+4]
- 2. Describe fundamental data types in the C programming language. What are relational and logical operators? Explain their precedance, associativity and their uses with example. [3+1+4]
- 3. Explain how scanf() and printf() are used. Write syntax and use of gets(), getchar(), scanf() and getche(); [4+4]
- 4. Discuss the difference between while and dowhile structure with examples. Write a program to find the following sum of following series up to n terms. [3+5]

sum = 
$$1 + \frac{x^1}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \dots$$

- 5. Give the necessary condition for a function to be a recursive. Write a program to generate Fibonacci series up n terms. You need to make a recursive function to generate the each term of Fibonacci series.
- 6. Why do we need array in programming? Write a program to display the addition of two matrix. Your program should include one function named input to enter the values of two matrix, one function named add to perform addition of two matrix and one function named display to show the result obtained after addition of two matrix.
- 7. What is difference between array and structure? Create a structure TIME containing hour, minutes and seconds as its member. Write a program that uses this structure to input start time and stop time. Pass structures to a function by reference that calculates the sum and difference of start and stop time. Display the sum and difference from calling function. [2+6]
- 8. How is an array related with pointer? Write a program to read a string containing letters, numbers and special characters, transfer only letters contained in it into another string using pointer, finally display the second string containing only alphabets. [2+6]
- 9. Discuss "a", "r" and "w" modes used in data file operations. Write a program that reads numbers from a file containing series of numbers and separates odd numbers from even numbers and writes them on two separate files. [2+6]
- 10. How are one dimensional array declared in FORTRAN. Write a program in FORTRAN to read and compute the transpose of any matrix. [2+6]

## **Examination Control Division** 2078 Bhadra

H

Exam.	R	egular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	ALL except BAR	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Computer Programming (CT 401)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. a) What is a program? Explain different types of programming language in brief. [1+3] b) What is an algorithm? Explain how does algorithm and flowchart helps in computer [1+3] programming. [2+2]2. a) Explain Ternary operator in C with an example. Define following terms. (ii) Keywords (i) Preprocessor directives [4] b) Write the output of the following C program. int a,b; double c = 123.55667788char str[] = "I enjoy programming"; scanf(" %3d%2d", &a, &b); printf("a =  $%5\n b=%-7d$ ",a,b); printf("\n%10.7s",str); printf("\n%0.3f",c); printf("\n%-10.6f",c); 789 input:123456 3. Write the difference between formatted I/O and unformatted I/O functions in [2+4] C-programming. Write the syntax for following functions. (iii) scanf() (ii) getchar() (i) getche() 4. a) What do you mean by iteration? Explain the operation of break and continue [1+3] statement with a suitable example. b) Write a C program to check whether an entered word is a palindrome or not without [6] using library function. 5. a) What do you mean by a function header? Explain the function parameters and its [1+3] Write a C program to calculate the sum of digits of a given number unless the sum becomes a single digit using recursion. [Hint: 9785 => 29 => 11 => 2] [4] [1+2]6. a) What is an array? Why is it necessary in c programming? [5] b) Write a program which display following pattern. H HE HEL HELL HELLO HELL HEL HE

	Is there any relation between array and pointer? If yes, show the relation between array and pointer with a suitable example.	[1+3]
i.	What is structure? Write a program to read a structure named "Faculty" having StaffID, Name, Address and ServiceYear as member. Where ServiceYear is another structure having DurationInYear as member. Now display the details of those faculties whose service duration is more than 10 and less than 30 years.	[1+7]
).	a) Why do we need file handing? Write different modes of file opening.	[1+3]
	b) What is the purpose of fseek and write a program to write the name, roll no, and age of five students into a disk file name "STUDENT.DAT".	
10	Describe X format and T format in FORTRAN. Differentiate between unconditional goto	) (2+2+6)

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## **Examination Control Division** 2078 Kartik

3.7	Back	
BE		80
	Pass Marks	32
1/1	Time	3 hrs.
	All except BAR	All except BAR Pass Marks

[3]

[3×1]

# Subject: - Computer Programming (CT 401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) Discuss the recent software trends. Explain in details about the features that a [2+2] software should include.
  - b) List out the general rules for flowcharting. What are the errors that might occur during [2+2]debugging?
- 2. a) What are pre-processor directives? Explain compilation process with suitable block [1+3]diagram.
  - b) Why do we need to analyse the problem before solving it? Define tokens, expression [1+3] and identifiers.
- 3. a) What is the control statement? Write down the classification of control statements. [1+2][4×1]
- b) Write down the syntax of a given function.
  - (i) printf()
  - (ii) scanf()
  - (iii)getchar()
  - (iv)getch()
- a) Write the output of following program:

int main()

char ch='G';

int g=10;

float gravity = 9.81;

printf("%%d%%f\n");

printf("%10d\n", g);

printf("%3c\n", ch);

printf("%.3f\n", gravity);

printf("%-10.1f%d\n", gravity, g);

return 0;

b) Define and write syntax of the following:

- (i) gets()
- (ii) putchar()
- (iii)scanf()
- 5. Why do we need loop for programming? Write a program to evaluate the following [2+4] series.

$$cos(x) = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + n \text{ terms}$$

	_					
6. Why do we need	to declare a func	tion? Define	formal param	eter and ac	tual paramete	er. [2+2+4]
Evaluate following	g selles asing icca	13110 1	•	•		
•	1 11 111	1111 1111	n term	S .		[3±3]
7. a) Define an arra	Catring with ar	example, D	istinguish betw	veen an arra	y and a point	er. [2 <sup>+2</sup> ]
	rogram to insert new element to					
user.	•		•			[2]
8. a) Define a void	pointer with an ap	opropriate ex	ampie.			and
b) Write a C properties pxq respective	ogram that uses prely. Find the production cannot	ointer to repluct of these	resent two 2-1 two matrices it I" using function	on.		[o]
of student on the function.  10. Write a C pro	er name, address a e basis of alphabe gram to create a	new file r	f "name" and camed "emplo nation includes	display the	result in ma	un() [2+6] the
Read the file bac	nt format types us	ed in FORT	RAN. Mention	different d	lata types use	ed in [3+2]
FORTRAN.						, ···
	,	***				
	-			•		
•						
		*		•		
		-				. •

## **Examination Control Division**

#### 2076 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All except BAS & BAR	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

## Subject: - Computer Programming (CT 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- What are different types of computer software? What do you mean by high level and low level programming languages? A long with the block diagram explain the steps involved during compilation of a source code.
- Explain different types of error that usually appears during the programming. Define
  preprocessing directive and explain its type with example. Write the algorithm and draw
  the flowchart to find the reverse of given number. [2+2+4]
- 3. Why are formatted output important in C language? Write a program to print all the roots (Even imaginary roots) of quadratic equation. [3+5]
- 4. Explain the importance of a switch case statement. Compare switch-case with if-else ladder. Write a program to find sum of numbers from 1 to 100 which are exactly divisible by 5 and not by 3. [2+2+4]
- 5. How is function declared? Why is function prototype necessary? Write recursive function segment that returns the sum of numbers from 1 to n given by the user. [2+1+5]
- 6. How can you pass one dimensional array to function and what does name of an array in function call represents? Write a program to find the largest and smallest element of an array using a single function and display the result in calling function.

  [3+5]
- 7. Explain how a structure can be defined and structure variables can be declared in C. Write a program that reads name, roll numbers, program and marks obtained in five subjects by students until the user enters 'e' and display the student detail and total marks obtained by each student.

  [3+5]
- 8. What is pointer? Discuss its relationship with an array. Write a function program that behaves strcpy() function using pointer as argument. [1+2+5]
- 9. Explain different modes in opening file. Write a program to read a string, write it into a file and display the content of a file into a screen.

  [4+4]
- 10. Explain different data types available in FORTRAN. Write a program in FORTRAN to check whether a number given by user is palindrome or not. [2+6]

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# **Examination Control Division**

# 2076 Ashwin

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except BAR and BAS)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

		Subject: - Computer Programming (CT 401)	
<b>✓</b>	Can	adidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.	
✓	Atte	empt <u>All</u> questions.  If figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u> .	
1	The	ume suitable data if necessary.	
٧			21.23
1.	a)	Define a language processor. Explain the main types of language processor in detail [2]	2+3]
		c. I the sum of N natural number.	1+4]
2.	a)	Supposed I/O functions. Write the operations of following	2+3]
		(i) getch() (ii) getche()	
		the same entered from user using conditional operator.	[1+4]
2	د.	the same while and Do-while looping statement with example.	[4]
3.	b)	Write a program to evaluate the following series up in term. Frompt the above the wind that $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} $	[6]
4.	a)	What are the different types of functions available in C? What do you mean by real types by value	[2+3]
		What are the similarities and difference between iteration and recursive functions	[5]
5.	m th	ow do you initialize a 2D array? Explain with an example. Write a program to imput two attrices of size m×n and p×q respectively. Pass these matrices to the function to calculate a product matrix. Display the product matrix in the main () function.	[2+8] [2+2]
6		2 When do we use structure!	•
6	b)	What is a structure? When do we use states  Write a program using pointer to swap the value of two variable where the swapping operation is performed in separate function.	
_	• -	frate() and fruite() used?	[4]
./	b	Write a program to display the record in sorted older, softing is possible with respect to name using data files concept.	
,	n -	Total Wand Arithmetic If statement in FURTRAIN with example.	[4]
8	8. a t	<ul> <li>Compare Logical if and Arthinicite if Samuel</li> <li>Write a FORTRAN program to sort 10 integers given from user and display the second largest integer.</li> </ul>	e [6]
		***	

# INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2075 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular A Back - The same		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except BAE)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Computer Programming (CT 401)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. a) What is computer programming and computer software? Explain about types of programming languages and software. [2+2] b) What do you mean by compiler? Explain in brief the steps involved during compilation process along with block diagram. [2+4]2. a) What is expression? What kind of information is represented by expression? [2+2]b) What is the purpose of the putchar function? How is it used within a C program? Compare with the getchar function with example. [6] 3. a) Compare nested-if control structure with else-if ladder structure along with flowchart. [4] b) Write a program to read a number from user, count the number of even digits contained in it and display whether the resulting count is prime or not. [6] 4. a) Write a program to generate the following output. [6] 1 2 3 4 5 4 3 2 1 2 3 4 3 2 1 2 3 2 2 1 b) What is a function? What type is the main () function? Explain actual parameter and formal parameter with example. [1+1+2] 5. a) Write a program to read one dimensional array of n elements, pass it to a function for processing so that, the program should display the largest and smallest element of an [6] array from the main function. b) How can we initialize 2D array of character data type during compilation? Illustrate with suitable example. [4] 6. a) What is a structure? Explain nested structure with an example. [1+2] b) Write a program to define a structure named Person with Name, address, salary as its member. Enter values for five persons. Pass the structure to a function which increases the salary by 15% each. Display the updated information in the main () function. [7]

[6] 7. a) Write the output of the following. address: 65580 address: 65550 address: 65510 int a=10.\*b. \*\*c; b=&a; c=&b; printf("%d\t%d\n",b,\*c);, prinif("%d\i%d\n", c, \*\*c); printf("%d\t%d", \*b+5, &c+2); b) What do you mean by Generic pointer, Null pointer and File pointer? [4] 8. a) Explain the FORTRAN structure. What are data types in FORTRAN? [2+2]b) Write a program to print the Fibonacci series until the term is less than 500. [6]

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### **Examination Control Division** 2075 Ashwin

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions. ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. a) What is computer program? Discuss in brief about different generation of [1+4]programming languages. b) Why is algorithm and flow chart development important in problem solving? Write an algorithm and draw flow chart to test a number entered by user whether it is even or [2+3]2. a) What is the identifier? What are the ways to give value to variable? Explain with [1+2+1]example? b) Explain about input and output function available in C with syntax and example of [2+2+2]each part. 3. a) Write algorithm, draw flow chart and program to input a number check it is [2+2+2]Armstrong or not. b) What do you mean by selective and repetive statement? Why do we need break and [2+2]continue statement? 4. a) What do you mean by "call by value and call by reference"? Explain it with suitable [4] example. b) Can we pass whole array element from the function? Write the program to pass an [6] array to function and sort them. 5. a) Write a program that finds the largest word in a given sentence. [4] b) Differentiate between the methods of passing argument to function with example. What are their advantages and disadvantages? [6] 6. What is structure? Why is it necessary? Write a program to add two distances given in [1+1+6] feet and inch format using structure. 7. a) What is null pointer? What will be the output of following program, explain. [1+3]#include<stdio.h> int main() { if(!NULL) printf("C programming is easy"); printf("C programming is not easy"); return 0;
  - b) Write a program to calculate the length of string without using string handling function.

[4]

[8]

- 8. A file name employee.txt stores employee name, employee id and employee salary. Write a program to display the detail of all employees in the order of their salary.
- 9. Write a program in FORTRAN to read 10 integers from user and short them in ascending

# 01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY

# INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

# Examination Control Division 2074 Chaitra

Exam.	Reg	gular 🖘 😁 🛚	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

		Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)	
✓		Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.	
1		Attempt All questions.	
<b>√</b>		The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u> . Assume suitable data if necessary.	
		,	
1.	a	) What is a programming language? What is the difference between source code and object code.	[2+2]
	b	) What is debugging and testing? What are the step that need to be followed for developing the application software.	[2+2]
2.	a)	What is the difference between variable declaration and variable definition? Explain with example.	[4]
	b)	What do you mean by macro expansion and file inclusion in C? Explain with example.	[4]
3.	X X	That are functions used for formatted and unformatted output? Write down its syntax. Trite down the output of printf() function for the following sections of statements.	[4+4]
	fle	pat $a = 5.7891$ ;	
	pr pr	t b = 6789; intf("a=%4f and b=%-7d from first line", a,b); intf("a=%-7.2f and b=%07d from second line", a,b); intf("a=%.2f and b=%2d from third line", a,b);	
4.	a)	Explain about while loop with its syntax and flowchat.	[4]
	b)	Write a program to convert a decimal number into binary number.	[6]
5.	a)	Can a function return an array to the calling function? Explain with example.	[4]
	b)	Write a program to read a mxn matrix of integers and to find the largest elements of each row. Store the largest elements of the row in a one-dimensional array of m integers before displaying them.	[6]
ō.	a)	How does a structure differ from an array? What are the different ways to access structure member?	[4]
	b)	Create a structure named student that has name, roll and marks as members. Assume appropriate types and size of members. Use this structure to read and display records of 10 students. Crete two functions: One is to read information of students and other	142
		to display the information.	[6]
. :	a)	Define following term:	[5]
		<ul> <li>i) int*p;</li> <li>ii) int p(char*a)</li> <li>iii) int(*p(char*a))</li> <li>iv) int *p(void)</li> <li>v) int*(*p[10])char a)</li> </ul>	
1		Write the advantages of using pointer in C- programming.	[3]
ĺ	8.	Write a program to copy to copy content of one file source.txt to another destination.txt.	[8]
. :	a)	Explain the FORTRAN structure. What are different types on FORTAN?	[2+3]
	•	121 Land against largest number among	

b) Write a FORTRAN program to read N number to find second largest number among

### Examination Control Division 2074 Ashwin

Exam.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ack .	a graphic o
Level	BE	1 -	
Programme	All (Except B. Arch.)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

[5]

[5]

[8]

### Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. What are computer programs and computer programming? Explain the steps that are required to build a computer program for solving a certain problem.
- 2. Explain with an example the role that precedence and associativity play in the execution of an expression. Rewrite the following program by correcting any errors, if present and also write down the output of the corrected code.

Define MAX '5'
int main ()
{
 int case[MAX]={2,3,5,4,10},i,sum=0;
 for(i=0,i<MAX,i+=1)
 {
 printf("Case %d = %3.2d\n",i,case[i]);
 sum += \* case+i;
 };
 average = sum/MAX;
 printf("%06.2f",average);
 return 1;</pre>

- 3. a) Compare if-else-if ladder and switch construct with example and flowchart.
  - b) Write a program in C to generate following pattern using unformatted input/output functions only.

PPPPP ppppp aaaaaa LLLLLLLLL

4. Write a program in C to find out whether the n<sup>th</sup> term of the Fibonacci series is a prime number or not. Read the value of n from the user and display the result in the main function. Use separate user-defined functions to generate the n<sup>th</sup> Fibonacci term and to check whether a number is prime or not.

5. a) How two dimensional arrays are created in C programming? Write a program to read square matrix of size N×N and find sum of both diagonals. [2+4] b) Write a program in C to check whether a given string is palindrome or not using user defined function. [4] 6. What are the advantages of using pointer in C programming? Write a program in C to find second largest elements from an array containing N elements using concept of [2+4]pointer. 7. Explain structures and nested structures? Create a structure to hold any complex number x+iy. Write a program that uses the structure to read two complex numbers and display a third complex number which is the multiplication of the entered complex numbers. [3+5] 8. a) What are different input/output functions used with data files in C? Explain with syntax and examples. [4] b) Write a program in C to read integers from user until user says "no". After reading the data write all the odd numbers to a file name odd.txt and all the even number to file named even.txt. [4] When can we use recursive functions? Why do we need control statements in computer programs? Differentiate between do...while and for statements. [2+2+2]10. What are the characteristics of FORTRAN Programming? Write a program in FORTRAN to calculate the value of  $\pi$  by evaluating the following formula for the first 25 terms.

$$\pi = 4\left(1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \cdots\right)$$

. . .

## Examination Control Division 2073 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B.Arch.)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)

✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions. ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. Explain the generations of programming language. Distinguish between High level and [3+3]Low level programming language. 2. What is an algorithm and how it differs from pseudo-code? Develop algorithm and draw flowchart to find the largest of N numbers. [2+3+3]3. a) What are identifiers? List the rules to define valid C identifiers. [2+3]b) What is operator? Describe the conditional operator in C with syntax and example. [2+3]4. What are the differences between global and local function, variables and data types, & (Ampersand) operator and \* operators used in c-programming language? Explain with [4+4]example. 5. a) Differentiate between pass by value and pass by reference. [3] b) Explain the significance of user defined functions with example. [5] 6. a) Write a program to read a string and check whether it consists of Alphabet or not. Use [5] user defined function to accomplish the task. b) Explain how 2D array is passed to a function. Write a C program to display largest [5] and smallest elements of a 2D array. 7. What is nested structure? Write a program in C to read name, age and salary of 10 different employees as the three members of a structure named as "employee". Sort this data in salary basis using user defined function and display sorted data from main [2+8] function. 8. Write a program in C-programming language to compute the cosine series. (hints:  $cos(x) = 1-x^2/2!+x^4/4!-x^6/6!+...$  up to n terms) [6] 9. Write a program to open file named INVENTORY and store in it for maximum 10000 data of ITEM\_NAME, NUMBER, PRICE, QUANTITY. Extend the program to read this data from the above given filename and display the inventory table with the value of each [6] item. 10. a) Compare unconditional goto and computed goto in FORTRAN with syntax. [3] b) Write a program in FORTRAN to read an array containing N elements, sort this data [5] in ascending order and display the result.

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### Examination Control Division 2073 Shrawan

New Back (2066 & Later Batch)			
BE			
ALL (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	32	
1/1	Time	3 hrs.	
	BE	BE Full Marks ALL (Except B. Arch) Pass Marks	

Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401) ——Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions. √ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. a)- What do you mean by Programming Language? Explain about the evolution of programming languages. [1+3]b) What are the advantages of a Flowchart-design? Write down the guidelines to be followed to draw a flowchart. [2+2]2. a) What is the purpose of the semicolon that appears at the end of most assignment statement in C? Explain the program compilation, linking and loading process with example. [2+4]b) Discuss the types of errors in programming. How do you debug a C-program? [2+4]3. a) Explain relational and logical operators. [4] b) Write a C program to display following pattern without using formatted input/output statements. [4] Programming rogrammin ogrammi gramm ram . 4. a) Why do we need control statements? Compare switch and if-else-if ladder with example. [4] b) Write a C program to display all characters between a given ranges. [6] 5. a) What are the advantages of using functions? Differentiate between Library functions and User-defined functions with suitable example. [5] b) Write a program to check whether a given number is Armstrong number or not using recursive function. [5] 6. a) Write a C program to read two strings in main and compare them using userdefined function. Display appropriate message from main. [4] b) What are overflow and underflow errors in context of array? Write a program to add corresponding elements of two arrays. The results should form a new array. [2+4]7. a) Why should we prefer structure over array? Explain nested structure with example. [2+4]b) Write a program to read name and roll number of 48 students from user and store them in file. If the file already contains data, your program should add new data at the end of the file. [6] 8. a) What is the structure of FORTRAN program? [5]

Write a FORTRAN program to read n numbers and display largest number among

[5]

them.

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# Examination Control Division 2072 Chaitra

Exam.	Re	gular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	ALL (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)

Subject: - Computer Frogramming (	
✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.	
/ August All questions	
✓ Attempt Att questions: ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.	
a flow chart help computer programming:	2+2]
b) What is a program? Briefly describe types of computer software.	2+2]
2. a) What is an operator, datatype, constant and variable? Define.	[6]
b) Define and write syntax of the following:  i) gets()  ii) putchar()  iii) scanf()	[4]
iv) strlen()	
3. a) How is the switch statement used in decision making? Explain with a suitable	[4]
example.  b) Write a program to check whether a given integer is a triangular number or not.	[6]
(Any number is a triangular number if the sum of natural number from 1 to any number is exactly equal to that number. For e.g 1,3,6,10,15 etc are triangular number as, $1+2-3$ $1+2+3=6$ $1+2+3+4=10$ , $1+2+3+4+5=15$ )	
4. a) Briefly explain the passing by value and passing by reference in function with example.	[6]
b) Write a program to calculate sum of digits of a given 5-digits number entered by the	[4]
5. What is a string? Write a program to read a 3*3 square matrix, find minimum integer value of a matrix, replace the diagonal elements by the minimum element and display it using pointer.	. ,
What is the principal difference between a structure and an array?	[2]
b) Write a program to read structure "college" having name, estDate and location where estDate is an another structure having day, month and year as members. Display the records of 10 colleges.	[8]
What is a data file in C? What are the modes in file handling? Explain briefly.	[1+3]
b) Write a program to read the information of a file named "data.txt" and write its contents to another file "record.txt".	
S a) Compare DO and implied DO statement in FORTRAN.	[3]
b) Write a FORTRAN program to add and subtract two matrices and display the result in matrix form.	s [7]
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# Examination Control Division 2072 Kartik

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)

٧ ٧	' A	Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.  It tempt All questions.	•
<b>√</b>		he figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u> . ssume suitable data if necessary.	
	A	ssume suitable acta if necessary.	
1	. a)	Explain different generation of programming languages.	[4]
	b)	Why do we need analysis and design before coding a program?	[4]
2.		suitable example.	[3]
		What are the differences between formatted and unformatted Input / Output. Give suitable example with sample output for the following: %10i, %3c, %-10.3f and %x.	[1+4]
.3.	a)	What are the purpose of the continue statement? Within which control statements can continue statement be included? Compare with the break statement. [1]	+2+2]
•	b)	Write a program to find the sum of series $Sn = \sum 1/n^2$ up to N term.	[5]
•	ser	hat is the meaning of function prototyping? Write a program to calculate the sum of the ries 1+11+111++up to N terms using recursive function. If N is read as 5, the series 1+11+111+11111.	[2+6]
5.		Explain with an example for compile time initialization of 2D array. Describe how compilier manages according to the number of initializers and size of an array given by a user in case of 1D array.	[2+3]
	b)	Write a program to read a word from a main function, pass it into a function that will convert all of its characters into upper case if the first character is in lower case and into lower case if the first character is in upper case. Display the converted string from main function.	[5]
6.	a)	Explain need of structures. How can we create and use a structure within another.	[2+3]
		Explain dot and arrow operators for accessing the members of a structure.	[3]
7.		If Ptr is a pointer to user defined type or basic type, by how many bytes is Ptr incremented when the statement Ptr++ is executed?	[2]
	b)	Write a C program that calls reverse array () to reverse the array and return the array and display the element of reversed array using pointer.	[6]
	age	at different types of standard I/O used in C. Write a program to write name, roll no and of five students into a disk file name "STUDENT.DAT".	[2+6]
9.	a)	Explain different types of goto statements in FORTRAN programming with suitable example. Write a program to read n from user and display the sum of following series till $n^{th}$ terms: $1+(1+2)+(1+2+3)+(1+2+3+4)+$ n	[4+4]
	b)	Explain with suitable example to show how an Impiled Do loop works in FORTRAN.	[4]

### Examination Control Division 2071 Shawan

Exam.	- New Back (2060	i & Later Bat	ch)
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

## Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓. Attempt All questions. √ The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u>. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. a) Categorise programming languages on the basic of their uses and applications. Among them which programming language is C programming? [4] b) List and define different steps to solve the problem in computer system. [4] 2. a) Differentiate between declaration and definition. Explain structure of C program with an appropriate example. [4] b) Write syntax, example and use of following: [1×4] i) pintf() ii) scanf() iii) getche() iv) getch() 3. Write the difference between do and do.... while loop and write the program "to find-[3+7]whether a year is leap or not'. 4. What is recursive function? How does it work? Find out sum of digit of number until the number becomes one digit number.[891>18>9]. [2+2+4] 5. a) Write a program to read a string and rewrite its characters in alphabetical order. [4] b) A multinational company has hired 3 sales persons for marketing/selling its 3 different products in Kathmandu. Each sales person sells each of these products. Write a program to read number of each product sold by all sales-persons. Calculate total sells of each item and the total sells of each sales-person. Use arrays. [6] 6. a) Explain about "Arrays within structures" along with programming example. [4] b) Write the program "to understand how structure members are sent to a function". [4] 7. Write down advantages of pointer. Write a program using pointer to swap the value of two variables where the swapping operation is performed in separate function. [2+6]8. Write a C program to store employee details in a text file. Read data from the text file, sort them in ascending order of salary and store the sorted record to a binary file. Display the details and rank of employee given by the user. [8] 9. a) What do you mean by formatted and unformatted input/output statements in Fortran and also give suitable example which explain the concept of Formatted I/O. [8] b) Write the program to convert a binary number to a decimal number using Fortran [4] programming language.

# Examination Control Division 2071 Chaitra

7.732	
Level BE	Full Marks 80
Programme Alf (Except i	B. Arch), Pass Marks 32
Year / Part [/]	Time 3 brs.

	The second secon	<u>-</u>
٠	Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)	<b>-</b> .
✓	Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.	<u>.</u> :
1	Attempt All questions	
1	The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks	. •
7	Assume suitable data if riecessary	• •
1.	a) What is mean by compilation? What is mean by interpretation? How do these two processes differ?	[4]
•	b) Define programming language? What are the features of good computer program?	[1+3]
2.	a) What are preprocessor directives? Explain constants and variables.	[2+2]
•	b). Write syntax and example of following statements/functions:	[1×4]
	i) printf ii) getch iii) scanf	
•	iv) long	•
3.	What are control statements? Illustrate nested IF statement with its flowchart. Write a	
	program to calculate the series: $1\times10+3\times20+6\times30++\frac{N(N+1)}{2}\times10N$ , where N is	· ·-
. :	an integer term read from the keyboard.	!+2+6]
۰. 4.	a) Write a program to display Armstrong numbers between the sange entered by a user	•
	and also display their counts. You must use a function to check for Armstrong numbers and display them from main.	[4]
•	b) What do you mean by nested function and recursive function? Give an example of recursive function	[2+2]
5.	a) Wrife a C program to read a string and display its reverse. Use user defined function to count number of characters in it and to reverse it.	[4]
	b) Write an algorithm to insert a value in an array at a position given by user.	[4]
6.	a) What is a tag? Must a tag be included in a structure type definition? Must a tag be included in a structure variable declaration? Explain.	<u>+1</u> +2]
	b) Write a C program that reads several different names and address using structure computer, rearrange the names into alphabetical order and write out alphabetical list.	[4]
	HOM Keybourd, want homeon	[4+4]
8.	Write a program to continuously result name, age and salary of a worker and write it into a file until user confirms to end. Then read n from user and display the n <sup>th</sup> record in the file. Details of worker must be represented by a structure.	[7]
9.	a) Compare arithmetic and logical if statements in FORTRAN.	[7]
	b) Write a FORTRAN program to display nature of roots of a quadratic equation. Calculate and display the roots, if they are real and equal.	[8]
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# Examination Control Division 2070 Chaitra

5.

Exam.		egular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	80
Year / Part	1/1	Time	32
		Time	3 hrs.

T A THE	13 nrs
Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)	-
<ul> <li>✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.</li> <li>✓ Attempt All questions.</li> <li>✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.</li> <li>✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.</li> </ul>	<b></b>
<ol> <li>a) What do you mean by software and explain about generation of programming languages.</li> </ol>	
b) Define the term "Flowchart". Discuss about different symbols used in Flowchart.	[4]
2. a) Find out final value of a, b and c where following expressions are executed sequentially.	[4]
int $a = 2$ , $b = 3$ , c; a = (b++) + (++b) + a; c = a > b? $a:b$ ; b = (a++) + (b) + a; c = c++*b;	[4]
b) What are the difference between formatted and unformatted I/O statements? Describe with proper example.	
3. a) Explain importance of break and default statements in switch statements.	[4]
b) Write a C program to display following pattern using unformatted output statements:	[3]
P	[7]
Pu	
PuL	
PULC	
PulcH	
PULCHO	
puLcHoW	
PULCHOWK	
<ul> <li>a) Define "function definition" and write the program to find the sum of two numbers using user-defined functions.</li> </ul>	
	4]
	4] :]

			•
		•	
			·
			[2]
6.	a)	Explain the use of typedef of keyboard in structures.	[2]
	b)	Explain the need of nested structure. Write a C program to convert data in BS to data.	[1+5]
7.		A pointer variable is used to store address of some other variables, however, we need to store while declaring a pointer variable. Why?	[3]
	• •	Briefly explain array of pointers. How are array and pointer related? Give example.	[5]
	b)	Define opening and closing a file along with suitable examples.	[4]
8.	a)	Define opening and closing a me along what sorted order sorting is performed in	
	b)	Write the program to display the records in sorted order sorting is performed in ascending order with respect to name using data files concept.	[4]
	• • •	ascending order with respect to hame damp assenting order with respect to hame damp as a second order	[4]
9.	a)	Compare arithmetic and logical if statements in 1 officers and display both the	
	b)	Write a FORTRAN program to read m*n matrix, transpose it and display both the matrices.	[8]

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# . Examination Control Division

2070 Asbad

Exam.	NAME	Q.S.Z	MINTERIT	
Level	- BE		Full Marks	80
 Programme	All (Except B. Arch)	ot .	Pass Marks	32
Year/Part	1/1	6	Time	3 hrs.

- Subject: Computer Programming (CT40 Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. Assume suitable data if necessary. [3] ay Define software. Explain its types. by What are the steps required to develop a computer program? Explain. 2. 2) What are relational operators and assignment operators? Explain with examples. b) Rewrite the following program by correcting any syntactical errors, if present Also show the output of the corrected code. #Include <stdia.h> int main () float root int i = 1; do  $\{ sum = 2i - 1; \dots$ print ("\t"\d\n", sum), i \*= 5/3c while (sum <= L5) root = pow(i, 1/2);print ("\n%.3f., root); return void; 3. a), Write a program to read the number until - 1 is encountered. Also count the number of [6] even number and odd numbers entered by the user. b) Distinguish between break and continue statement with example. [4] 4. a) Explain how function is defined in C? Differentiate call by value and call by [1+2]reference. b) Write a program using a function that returns the largest number from an array of [5] numbers that is passed to the function. 5. a) How are one dimensional and two dimensional arrays created in C? Explain with [2+2]examples. b) Write a C program to read two matrices from user, add them and display the result in [6] matrix form. 6. What do you mean by nested structures? Give suitable example. Write a program to read the heights of two students and display the difference between their heights. Use feet and [2+6]inches as members of a structure to define height. [3] 7. a) Compare array and pointer with example. b) Write a program to read a string from user and use a user defined function to copy the content of the read string into another character array changing lower case letter to [5]upper if any. Use pointer to process the string.
- 8. Write a program to read the details of book authors and write it to a file, until the user confirms to end. Then read and display the n<sup>th</sup> record in the file, where n is read from the user. The data for authors must be represented by structures that contain name, nationally and number of books published.
- 9 a) Explain the FORTRAN structure. What are data types in FORTRAN. [2+2]

[8]

b) Write: program in FORTRAN to selve quadratic equation and display roots in proper

# Examination Control Division

## 2068 Chaitra

		Regular	
Exam.	BF	Full Marks	80
Level Programme	All (Except B.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs

(200 101)	
Subject: - Computer Programming (CT 401)	
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.	
Attempt All questions.  Attempt All questions.  The Courses in the margin indicate Full Marks.	
Assume suitable data if necessary.	
1. a) How high level programming languages are similar to natural language? Describe.	[3
b) Does Algorithm and Flowchart design, makes programming rates  Describe with strong supporting points. Also draw flowchart to check whether a  [2-	÷3
number is Armstrong or not.  2. a) What are unary operators in C? Why are they named so?  b) What are preprocessor directives in C? Why are they needed?  b) What are preprocessor directives in C? Explain with example.  c) How formatted input/output can be performed in C? Explain write a program in C	{2 -{2 -{4
c) How formatted input/output can be program in C  3. Differentiate between conditional operator and if-else statement, write a program in C that calculates the sum of digits entered by the user successively until the sum reduces to that calculates the sum of digits entered by the user successively until the sum reduces to [2]	26
4. Write a program in C to read a string and display it in reverse it.	[8
5 Write down the significance of array in C. Write a program to market function with Two matrix are input from main () function and pass to a user defined function with	2+6
6. Why structure variable differs from array? Write a plogram to imperior of ten employees from main () function and pass to structure type user defined function of ten employees from main () function and pass to structure type). This function returns structure (arguments of this function should also a structure type). This function returns structure variable which keeps the record of only those employees whose salary is greater than variable which keeps the record of only those employees whose salary is greater than	[2+6
7. Explain how pointers can be used in C. How can you access user defined function to copy Write a C program that reeds a string from user and use a user defined function to copy the contents of the read string into another character array changing lower case letters to the contents of the read string into another character array changing lower case letters to	+1+ <del>6</del>
8 Write a program to imput and save record like hame from a student whose obtained students in a binary file and search and display the record of a student whose obtained students in a binary file and search and display the record of a student whose obtained students in highest. The information should be organized in a structure entered from the	[8
keyboard is a pannar one of	. [£
the number itself).  (10) Write FORTRAN program to display greatest and smallest number form list ten elements:	

# **Examination Control Division**

#### 2069 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular			
Levei	BE	Fuii Marks	80	
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32	
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.	

### Subject: - Computer Programming (CT401)

✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

✓ Attempt All questions.

✓ The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u>.

✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

- 1. What are the features of a good computer program? Explain the process involved in converting a program written in high level language to an executable program. [4+4]
- 2. a) Why do we include <stdio.h> in our program? Can we write a C program without using any header file? Justify your answer. [2+2]
  - b) Give the output of the following program and justify your answer with reason. [4]

#include<stdio.h> int main()

int x=3, y=5, z=7; int a,b; a=x\*2+y/5-z\*y; b=++x\*(y-3)/2-z++\*y;printf("a=%d",a); printf("b=%d",t); return 0;

}

- 3. a) What is the importance of control structure in programming? Compare if else if ladder and switch construct. Which is better? [1+3]
  - b) Write a C-program to generate following pattern using unformatted output function.

k

[6]

ok

wok

hwok

chwok

lchwok ulchwok

polehowk

	•			
4.	a)	What is a function? Why is it recessary in programming?	[!+2]	
	6)	Write a program to find wheather a number is prime or not using function. The function should take the number as argument and return true or false to the main program.	[5]	
5.	a)	How can we pass two dimensional arrays from one function to another? Explain with example.	[4]	
	b)	Write a program in C to find the second largest number in an array of n numbers. Read the value of n and the elements of the array from the user.	[6]	
6.	na	hat is advantage of using structure? Create an array of structure named Employee with me and salary as structure member and the array of structure is passed to a function ich sorts in ascending order on the basis of salary and display the sorted array from!	[2+6]	
7.		Explain call by reference. How are pointers used in call by reference?	[2]	
		Using pointer concept, write a program to count the number of characters and the number of words in a line of text entered by the user.	- <del>-</del>	
8.	a)	Differentiate between text file and binary file.		
	b)	Write a program to read integers from user until user says "no". After reading the data write all the odd numbers to a file named ODD and all the even number to file named EVEN.		
Ð	a)		( <b>6</b> )	
7.		Differentiate "Logical if" with "Arthmetic if" in FORTRAN with suitable example.	[6]	
	υj	Compare "Computed goto" statement (FORTRAN) and "switch" (Clanguage). Write a program to read a day number and display whether it is Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday using both concept.	[6]	
		स्थिक		

196. BUE-96 BEX-100.

# 05 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

### Examination Control Division 2069 Ashad

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)			
Level	BE	Full Marks		
Programme	All(Except B. arch.)	Pass Marks	32	
Year / Part	1/1	Time	32 hrs.	

[4+4]

### Subject: - Computer Programming (CT 401) Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. Differentiate between high level and low level. Explain the steps of solving a problem using computer. 2. Consider a statement scanf("%s", str); Where str is a string variable In above statement, why '&' symbol is not used? Can we input string with space in this statement? If not, why? [4] 3. Write a program in C to find all possible roots of a quadratic equation ax2+bx+c=0. 4. Write down significance of main() function in C. Differentiate between pass by value and pass by reference arguments. Describe both with meaningful example. [2+6] 5. Explain how array can be passed to functions. Write a program that passes an array to a function and print the largest and smallest element. 6. How are structures different from arrays? Create a structure in C to store the name of a batsman, runs scored and no of times the batsman in dismissed. In the program, read the data of five players and display the batting average of the player whose name is entered by the user. Batting average is given by total\_runs/total\_dismissals. 7. Write down advantages of pointer. What type of arithmetic operations can be implemented in pointer? Also describe the relationship between array and pointer with appropriate syntax and examples. [2+3+3]8. Write a program in C, to read the following information for 96 students. Student Name. Student roll number, Marks obtained(in 100) Record all data in "ioe.txt" file, and program should print roll number and name of student who have obtained greater than or equal to 40 marks.

9. Rewrite the following source code correcting any error present in it. Also indicate the

error corrected in comment. Then write the output of the program.

```
//program to convert list of temperatures
 //in Centigrade to Fahrenheit
 #include stdio.h;
int main()
      int i, n=3;
      float celc[n], faren[n];
      for(i=0; i<n; i++)
            print("Celc[%d]=")
6
            scanf("%d", celc[i]);
      convert (celc, faren, n);
      for(i=0; i<n; i++) print(faren(i));</pre>
      break;
};
void convert(float cel[], float far[], int n)
      for(i=0; i<n; i++) cel2far(far(i), cel(i));</pre>
cel2far(float f, float c)
      f = 9/5*c+32;  };
```

10. How are do-loops used in FORTRAN? Explain with example. Compare it with implied do-loop. Write a FORTRAN program to read ten integer numbers, store them in array, arrange them in ascending order and display the sorted list. 5 []+]+6]

11. What is the syntax of two dimensional arrays in FORTRAN? Explain with example.  $\mathcal L$ 



# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

Exam.	R		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX/BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS, BCH	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs_

#### 2079 Bhadra

## Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) A coil is connected across a constant dc source of voltage 240V, draws a current of 12A at room temperature. After running 4 hours, temperature rises to 65° C and current reduces to 8A. Calculate the current when temperature increases to 80° C and the coefficient of resistance at 30°C and temperature coefficient of resistance at 40°C. [consider room temperature = 25°C]

[6]

b) Explain about ideal and practical current and voltage sources.

[4]

c) A 100 W, 250 V bulb is connected in series with a 40 W, 250 V bulb across 500 V supply. What will be the current drawn? What will be the power consumed by each bulb? Will such a combination work normally?

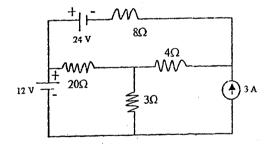
[6]

2. a) Prove that maximum power is transferred to the load when load resistance is equal to source resistance.

[4]

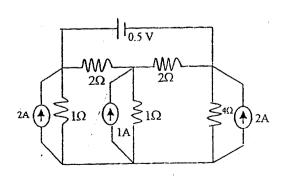
b) Find the current flowing through the  $20\Omega$  resistor using by superposition theorem the circuit shown below.

[8]

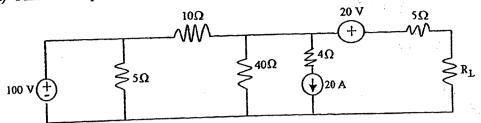


c) Find power dissipated through  $4\Omega$  resistor, using nodal analysis.

[4]



3. a) Find the max power through the load R<sub>L</sub> of the circuit given below.



[8]

[4]

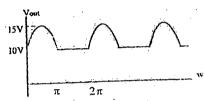
[6]

[6]

[8]

[8]

- b) The total capacitance of two capacitors is 0.25 μF, when connected in series and 0.15 μF, when connected in parallel. Find the capacitance of each capacitor.
- c) What is power factor? Write down the drawbacks of poor factor. Explain how connecting a capacitor across the load improves the power factor. [4]
- 4. a) Calculate the average and rms value of the voltage signal given below. Also find the form factor and peak factor.



- b) Two impedances (10+j5) and (8+j6) are connected in parallel an ac voltage source of V=200+j0. Calculate magnitude and power factor of circuit current and branch currents. Also find the total active power, reactive power, apparent power and draw the phasor diagram.
- c) An alternating current of 50 Hz, has a maximum value of 200 A. Reckoning time from the instant current is zero and is becoming positive, calculate: [4]
  - i) the instantaneous value after 2.5 m sec.
  - ii) the time taken for the current to reach 150 A for the first and second time.
- 5. a) Non-inductive loads of 8 kW, 6kW, and 4kW are connected between neutral and R,Y,B phase respectively of a 3-phase 4-wire system. The line voltage is 400 V. Find the current in each line conductor and neutral conductor.
  - b) Show that  $V_L = \sqrt{3} \ V_p$  for 3-phase star connected load. Derive an expression for power factor measurement of the load by two wattmeter method.

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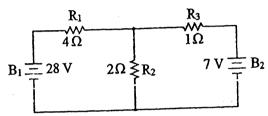
# **Examination Control Division**

2079	Ra	ieh:	akh

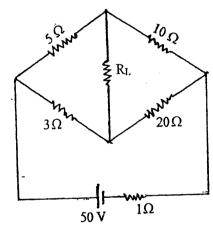
Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS, BCH	Pass Marks	
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 401)

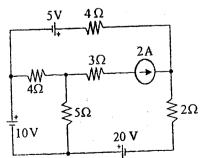
- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) State and explain Krichof's current and voltage laws. Find the current flowing through 2 ohm resistor using KCL equations.



b) Find voltage across the given load resistance  $R_{\text{L}}$ .



2. a) Find the current supplied by 10V source using Nodal Analysis in the circuit shown in figure below.



b) State and verify Reciprocity Theorem with an example.

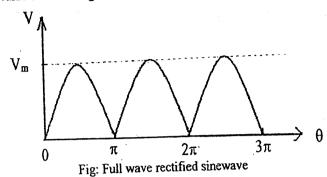
[8]

[8]

[6]

[10]

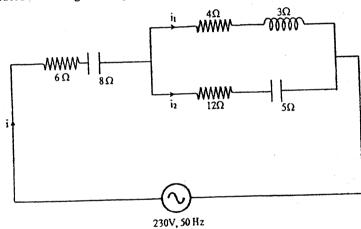
- 3. a) Explain the parallel connection of inductors with suitable example and also find the equivalent inductance of the circuit.
- [8]
- b) A full wave rectified sinusoidal voltage shown in figure below. Find the average and effective value of the voltage.
- [8]



4. For the circuit shown below. Calculate

[16]

- (i) Overall impedance of the circuit
- (ii) Total current taken from supply and overall power factor of the circuit
- (iii)Currents in each parallel branch
- (iv) Active, reactive and apparent power
- (v) Construct Phasor diagram for given circuit



- 5. a) Discuss the advantages of three phase system over single phase system. Mention the causes of low power factor and its measures to improve.
- [6]
- b) A 380 V, 3-Φ voltage is applied to a balanced star connected 3-Φ load of phase impedance  $(5+j9)\Omega$ . If wattrneters are connected taking Y phase reference, calculate wattmeter readings and also reactive power, apparent power and active power consumed. Take RYB phase sequence.

[10]

### TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING **Examination Control Division**

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	BEL, BEX/BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS, BCH		32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

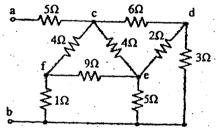
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[8]

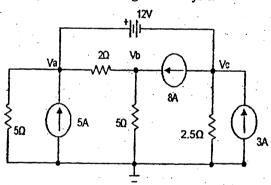
#### 2078 Bhadra

# Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 401)

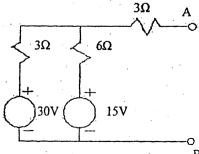
- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) Define ideal and practical voltage source. Explain the role of internal resistance in practical voltage source with an example.
  - [8] b) Using Delta-Star transformation, determine resistance between terminals a and b in the circuit shown in the figure. [8]



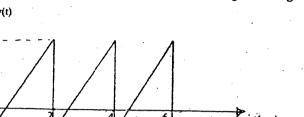
2. a) Find the current through  $2\Omega$  resistor using mesh analysis.



b) Find the value of resistance to be connected across the terminals A and B to transfer maximum power to it and find the value of this maximum power for the network shown below.



3. a) Calculate the average value, rms value and form factor of the given voltage signal.



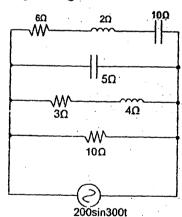
b) A single phase inductive load of 4kW at a power factor of 70% (lagging) is connected across 240V, 50Hz supply. Calculate the kVAR capacity of the capacitor bank and value of capacitance that must be installed in parallel with load to bring the overall power factor to (i) unity, (ii) 85% lagging.

[8]

[8]

[16]

- 4. In the network shown in figure below, determine:
  - (i) Total impedance
  - (ii) Total current drawn from source
  - (iii)The overall power factor
  - (iv) Total Volt Amperes, Active Power and Reactive Power
  - (v) Is the circuit capacitive or inductive?
  - (vi)Construct the phasor diagram for given circuit.



5. a) The star-connected load having impedance of (12-j16)Ω per phase fed from a 50Hz three-phase, 400V, balanced supply, with the phase sequence as R-Y-B. Find the line current, power factor, active power, reactive power, reactive VA and total voltamperes (VA).

[10]

b) Describe the measurement of 3-phase power by two wattmeter method.

[6]

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# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

Exam.	4 4 324	Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS, BCH	Pass Marks	
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

2078 Kartik

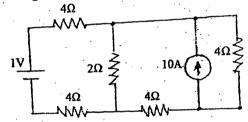
# Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks:
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- a) At 20°C, two coils connected in series having resistance of 600Ω and 300Ω respectively. The temperature coefficient at 20°C are 0.002/°C and 0.004/°C respectively for the coils. Find the resistance of combination at a temperature of 50°C. What is the effective temperature co-efficient of the combination at 50°C?
- [8] [8]

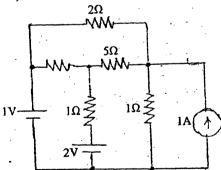
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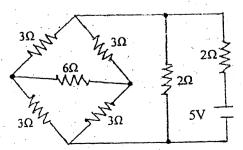
b) Find the current through  $2\Omega$  resistor using super position theorem in the circuit below.



2. a) Using Nodal Analysis, determine the current in  $5\Omega$  resistor in the circuit below.



b) State Thevenin's theorem. Determine the current through  $6\Omega$  resistor using Thevenin's theorem.

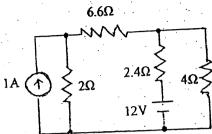


3. a) Use Nortons theorem to calculate the current through 4Ω resistance in the circuit

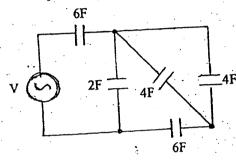
[8]

[8]

[8]

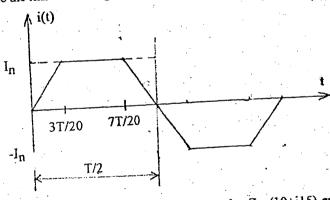


b) Calculate the equivalent capacitance in the circuit shown below.



- c) What are the drawbacks of low power factor? Explain a measure to improve power [4] factor.
- factor.

  4. a) Determine the rms and average value of the given waveform.



- b) Two circuits the impedances of which are given by  $Z_1$ =(10+j15) and  $Z_2$ =(6-j8) are connected in parallel. If the applied voltage to the combination is 230V, find (i) current and pf of each branch (ii) overall current and p.f. of the combination (iii) power consumed by each impedance and (iv) Draw the phasor diagram.
- 5. a) Derive an expression to calculate the power factor of load (lagging) using two wattmeter meter readings. Also, explain the effect of power factor on wattmeter readings. [4+4]
  - b) Three loads 3+j5, 3-j4 nd 8+j6 are connected in delta to a 3-phase, 400V supply. Find the phase currents, line currents and total power consumed.

# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

Exam.	Boyle Blockers R	egular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS, BCH	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

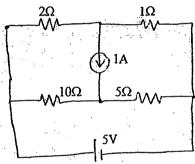
[8]

[8]

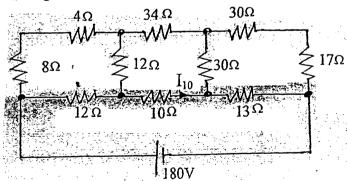
#### 2076 Chaitra

### Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 401)

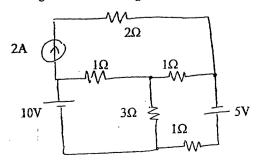
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) What do you mean by ideal and practical voltage source? Explain the effect of an internal resistance of voltage and current sources on their terminal characteristics. [4+4]
  - b) Using loop current method, determine the current through 5Ω resistor in the circuit below.
     20
     10



2. a) Find the  $I_{10}$  using Y/ $\Delta$  transformation method, in the network given below.



b) Find the current though  $3\Omega$  resistor using Thevenin's theorem.



3. a) Using Nodal analysis, determine the current through  $2\Omega$  resistor in the circuit below.

[8]

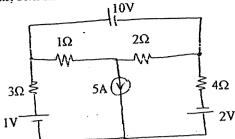
[4]

[4]

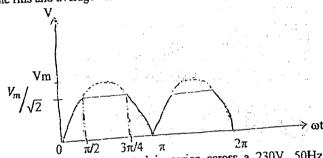
[8]

[8]

[8]



- b) What is a self inductance? Derive the expression of equivalent inductance, when the two inductances are connected in series (opposing).
- c) "The average power over complete cycle in a purely inductive circuit is zero". Justify with necessary waveforms and mathematical expression.
- 4. a) Find the rms and average value of the following waveform. [8]



- b) Two coils A & B are connected in series across a 230V, 50Hz ac supply. The resistance and inductance of coil A & B are 5Ω and 0.018H respectively. The input from the supply is 2KW and 2kVAR, find the inductance of coil A and resistance of coil B. Also calculate the voltage across each coil.
- 5. a) A two wattmeters measured an input power of 30KW and 40KW respectively to a motor. If the power factor of the motor be changed to 0.85 leading, determine the two wattmeter readings. The total input power remains the same. Draw a phasor diagram for the second condition.
  - b) Three loads 4-3j, 6+8j, and 8+6j are connected in delta to a 3-phase, 400V supply. Find phase currents, line currents and total power consumed.

# **Examination Control Division** 2076 Ashwin

	Ro	ck	
Exam.		Full Marks	80
Level	BEL BEX BEL BCT,	Pass Marks	
Programme	BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS	Time	3 hrs.
Year / Part	11/1	<u> </u>	

# Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) What are ideal and practical voltage and current source? Explain.

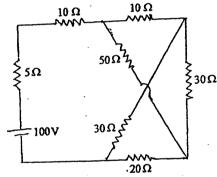
[4]

b) A coil has a resistance of 18  $\Omega$  when its mean temperature is 20°C and of 20  $\Omega$  when its mean temperature is 50°C. Find its mean temperature rise when its resistance is 21 ohm and the surrounding temperature is 15°C.

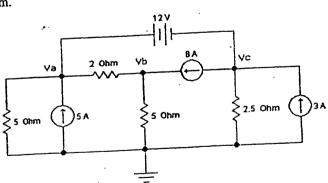
[6]

c) State and explain Kirchoff's voltage laws. Determine the current supplied by the battery in the circuit shown in figure below.

[6]



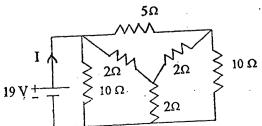
2. a) Use Nodal Analysis Method to determine the V<sub>b</sub>, V<sub>b</sub> and V<sub>c</sub> and Calculate current through 2 ohm.



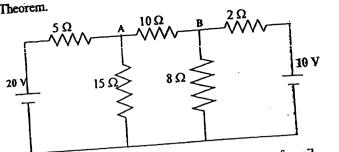
b) Find the current I as shown in figure using star - delta transformation.

[8]

[8]



3. a) Calculate the current in the  $10\Omega$  resistor in the networks shown in the circuit using Thevenin's Theorem.



[8]

[4]

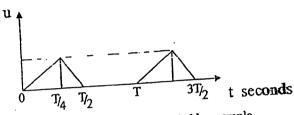
[4]

[4]

[2+6]

b) Explain what is mean by self inductance and mutual inductance of a coil.

c) Calculate the average and rms value of the waveform shown below, over one cycle. [4]



4. a) State and explain reciprocity theorem with a suitable example.

b) A resistance of  $20\Omega$ , an inductance of 0.2 H and a capacitance of  $100~\mu F$  are connected in series across a 220 V, 50 Hz supply. Determine the following (i) impedance (ii) current (iii) voltage across R, L and C.

c) Two impedances  $z_1$  and  $z_2$  are connected in parallel. The first branch takes a leading current of 16A and has a resistance of  $5\Omega$ , while the second branch takes a lagging [8]

current at power factor 0.8. The total power supplied is 5 kW, the applied voltage being (100+j200) V. Determine the branch and total currents.

5. a) What are the disadvantages of supplying a low power factor? A 100 KW load at 0.85 lagging power factor is being supplied by a 230 V, 50 Hz source. Calculate the reactive power drawn from the source. If a capacitor connected parallel to the load improves its power factor to 0.9, find the capacitance of the capacitor. Also, calculate the current drawn from the source before and after connecting the capacitor.

b) A three phase delta connected system with 400V line voltage is corrected to three unbalanced loads:  $(12-j16)\Omega$ , (3+j4), and  $20\Omega$ , are also connected in delta. Find [8] (i) phase currents (ii) line currents (iii) total active power consumed.

## **Examination Control Division**

2075 Ashwin

Exam.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ack	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BAME, BIE, B. Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/I	Time	3 hrs.

## Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) Differentiate between Practical Voltage Source and Practical Current Source.

[4]

b) The field winding of dc motor takes 1.15 A current at 20°C. If current falls to 0.26 A after working for some hours, supply voltage remaining constant, find the final working temperature of field winding. Given,  $\alpha_0 = \frac{1}{234.5}$  and voltage = 230V.

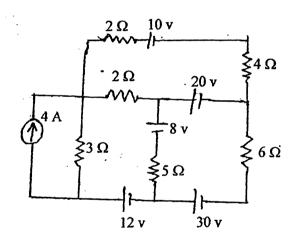
[6]

c) Three lapms of rating 220 V and 150 watt, 200 watt and 450 watt are connected across 200 V supply. Calculate the resistance of each lamp and the power consumed by each lamp at 200 V.

[6]

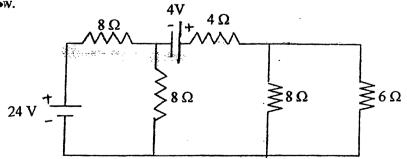
2. a) Solve the given network with mesh analysis to find voltage drop on 5  $\Omega$  resistors.

[6]



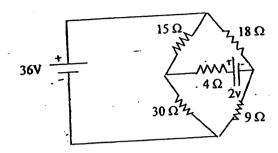
b) Use nodal analysis to find the current through  $4\Omega$  resistor for the network shown below.

[6]



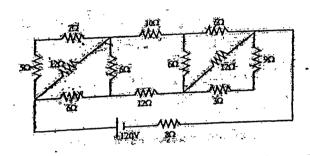
c) State and explain superposition theorem with suitable example.

[4]



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 b) Determine the power dissipated in the 8Ω resistor of the given network using stardelta and delta-star transformation.

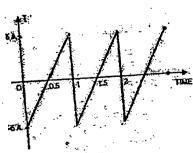


c) How mutual inductance between two coils depends upon dimensions of core and [4]

coils.

a) Find the form factor and peak factor of the current waveform given below.

[4]



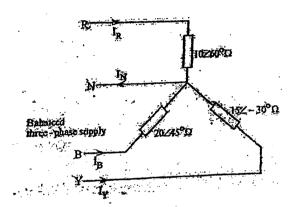
b) A coil of inductance 318.3 mH is connected in series with a 200Ω resistor to a 240 V, 50 Hz supply. Calculate the current flowing, power factor, active and reactive power of the circuit. Also draw the phasor diagram.

[6]

[6]

c)  $Z_1 = (40 - j318.31)$  and  $Z_2 = (50 + j62.83)$  are connected in parallel to each other and a source of 100v, 50 Hz is applied across the overall circuit. Calculate (i) circuit current (ii) Active, reactive and apparent power.

- 5. a) Discuss the effect of low power factor. A single phase load of 7Kw operates at a power factor 0.7 lagging. It is proposed to improve the power factor to 0.9 lagging by connecting a capacitor the load. Calculate the KVAr rating of the capacitor. [3+5]
  - b) For the following unbalanced system with balanced three phase supply of 400 V, 50 Hz, calculate: [8]
    - i) The line currents and neutral current
    - ii) Active and reactive power abosrbed by the circuit
    - iii) Draw the phasor diagram.



# **Examination Control Division**

#### 2075 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular	/ Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BEI, BCT, BAM, BIE, BAG, BAS	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

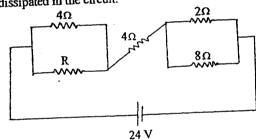
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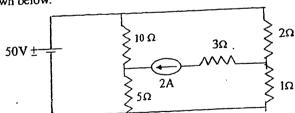
[8]

# Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 401)

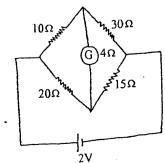
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) Discuss on brief voltage and current sources. Also justify the statement "terminal voltage goes on increasing on decreasing load current".
  - b) The resistance of the certain length of wire is 4.60 ohm at 20°C and 5.68 ohm at 80°C. Determine (i) the temperature coefficient of resistance of the wire at 0°C, (ii) the resistance of the wire at 60°C.
  - c) State and explain Kirchoff's current laws. Determine the value of unknown resistance R and the total current drawn from the source in the circuit of figure. Also compute the total power dissipated in the circuit.



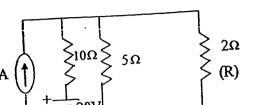
2. a) Use loop current method to calculate the current through the 5  $\Omega$  resistance for the network shown below.



b) Using delta/star transformation, find the galvanometer current in the Wheatstone bridge.



3. a) Find the current through R using thevenin's theorem. Also, find the value of R such that maximum power transfer takes place from the source to R in the network shown below.



[8]

[4]

[4]

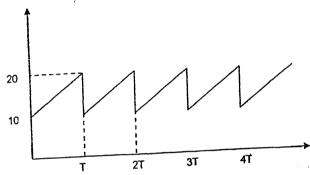
[4]

[8]

- b) Derive an expression for the equivalent capacitance of a group of capacitors when they are connected in series.
- they are connected in series.

  (4)

  Calculate the form factor and peak factor of the following waveform.



- 4. a) State and explain Norton's theorem with a suitable example.
  - b) A resistance of 12  $\Omega$ , an inductance of 0.15 H and a capacitance of 130  $\mu F$  are connected in series across a 100V, 50Hz supply. Calculate the impedance, current and phase angle and power factor.
  - c) A parallel circuit consists of two branches, one containing a coil of resistances 5 Ω and inductance 38.2mH, the other a non-inductive resistance 16 Ω in series with a capacitor of 300 μF capacitance. The circuit is connected to a 240 V, 50 Hz supply. Determine (i) the current in each branch (ii) the total current (iii) the circuit phase angle (iv) the circuit impedance (e) the components of an equivalent circuit consisting of a resistance and reactance.
- 5. a) Define power factor and explain causes of low factor. A single phase 240V, 50 Hz induction motor takes 20A at power factor of 0.75 lagging. It is desired to raise the power factor to 0.95 lagging by connecting a capacitor across the load. Calculate the capacitance of the capacitor to be used in parallel with induction motor.

  [2+6]
  - b) A three phase 400 V, 50 Hz power line has two loads connected to it. The first is delta-connected and draws 25 Kw at 0.70 power factor lagging. The second is wye-connected and draws 6.25 kVA at 0.8 power factor leading. What is the total line current and the combined power factor.

#### Examination Control Division 2075 Baishakh

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE .	Full Marks	80
	BCE, BGE, BME	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/11	Time	3 hrs.

[6]

[4]

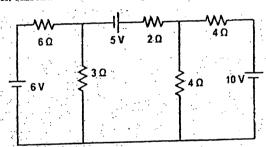
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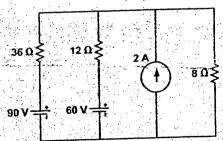
[4]

## Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE451)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- a) Derive a relation between the known resistance R<sub>1</sub> at t<sub>1</sub> °C and the unknown resistance R<sub>2</sub> at t<sub>2</sub> °C, when α<sub>0</sub> is not known.
  - b) Explain the process of source conversion. How is it helpful in solving electrical networks?
  - c) A circuit, containing of three resistances 12  $\Omega$ , 18  $\Omega$ , and 36  $\Omega$  respectively jointed in parallel, is connected in series with a fourth resistance. The whole is supplied at 60 V and it is found that the power dissipated in the 12  $\Omega$  resistance is 36 W. Determine the value of the fourth resistance and the total power dissipated in the group.
- 2. a) Find the branch currents in the circuit of given figure below by using nodal analysis? [6]



b) Find current in  $8 \Omega$  resistor of the network shown in figure below using superposition theorem.



c) State and explain Thevenin's theorem with suitable example.

3. a) In the network shown in figure below, find resistance R<sub>L</sub> connected between terminals A and B so that maximum power is develop across R<sub>L</sub>. What is the maximum power?

[6]

[4]

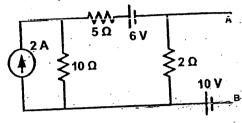
[6]

[6]

[6]

[4]

[8]



b) Derive an expression for the energy stored in the magnetic field of an inductor.

c) Derive an expression for the current drawn by a pure capacitor when connected across a voltage. Explain with the help of a power diagram that the value of average power drawn by the capacitor during one cycle is zero.

4. a) A resistance of 20 Ω, an inductance of 0.2 H and a capacitance of 100 μF are connected in series across a 220 V, 50 Hz supply. Determine the following (a) impedance (b) Current (c) Voltage across R, L and C and (d) Power factor. Also calculate the total power consumed by the circuit.

b) A coil resistance 50 Ω and inductance 0.318 H is connected in parallel with a circuit comprising a 75 Ω resistor in series with a 159 µF capacitor. The resulting circuit is connected to a 240 V, 50 Hz ac supply. Calculate: (a) The supply current (b) The circuit impedance, resistance and reactance (c) Power factor and (d) Total power consumed by the circuit.

c) Describe the method of measuring power in 3- $\Phi$  circuit by using two watt meters.

5. a) A 220 V, 50 Hz single phase ac motor draws a power of 10 kW at a power factor of 0.75 lagging. Calculate the change in current taken from the supply and the new power factor when a 250 μF capacitor is connected in parallel with the motor. If the motor is supplied through a cable of 0.05 Ω resistances, calculate the power loss in the cable before and after connecting the capacitor.

b) A three-phase Δ-connected load consists of three similar coils, each of resistance 50 Ω and inductance 0.3 H. The supply is 415 V, 50 Hz. Calculate (i) The line currents (ii) The power factor (iii) Total active and reactive powers when the load is Δ-connected. Draw the phasor diagram.

#### INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

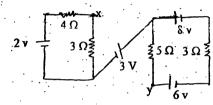
#### **Examination Control Division**

2074 Chaitra

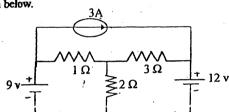
Level BE Fu	il Marks   80
Programme BEL, BEX, BCI, BAME, BIE, B. Agri.	ss Marks 32
Year / Part 1/1 Ti	

#### Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

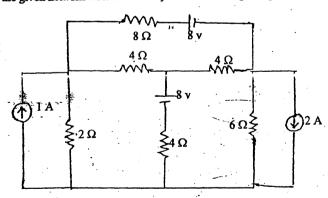
- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) What is source transformation? Explain with the help of an example.
  - b) A coil of stranded copper wire having a resistance of 12Ω at 25°C is embedded in the core of a large transformer supplied at 230 V. After the transformer has been in service for several hours, the resistance of the coil is found to be 13.4 Ω. What is the temperature of the core? Also find the power rating of the resistance. Assume temperature coefficient of wire as 0.00125/°C at 15°C.
  - c) Find V<sub>xy</sub> in the following circuit diagram.



2. a) Use loop current method to calculate the current through the  $2\Omega$  resistance for the network shown below.



b) Solve the given network with nodal analysis to find voltage drop on  $8\Omega$  resistor.



c) State and explain Norton's theorem with suitable example.

[4]

[6]

[6]

[6]

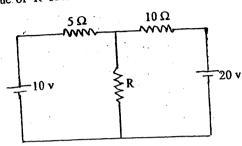
3. a) Find power dissipated in 3  $\Omega$  resistor using Norton's theorem.

b) Calculate the value of 'R' such that maximum power will be absorbed by it in the given circuit.  $5 \Omega$   $10 \Omega$ 

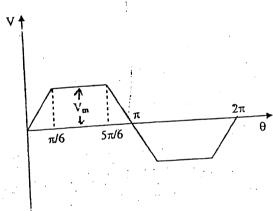
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[4]

[6]



- c) What is inductance? Derive the expression for two inductances in series, with mutual flux aiding each other.
- 4. a) Calculate the average (half period) value and rms value of the waveform shown below.



- b) An alternating source of emf v =200sin (314i) volts is applied to a practical coil with resistance 20Ω and inductance 0.1 H respectively. Determine (i) expression for instantaneous current and power factor (ii) active reactive and apparent power of circuit (iii) voltage drop on resistor and inductor and (iv) construct phasor diagram for above circuit.
- c) Find current flowing in each branches of the following circuit:

8 Ω 0.6mH 4 Ω

8 Ω 0.6mH 4 Ω

6 Ω 8 μF

220v, 50HZ

5. a) A 400V, 50 H3, 3 phase induction motor takes 60 KW power from supply mains at 0.8 power factor lagging. Calculate the capacitance per phase and KVAR rating per phase of capacitor in order to improve the power factor to 0.9 lagging using (i) star connected capacitor bank and (ii) Delta connected capacitor bank.

[8]

b) Define phase order and explain its significance. A three phase balanced star connected load with (6+j8) ohm per phase is supplied by 400V, 50 HZ three phase source. Find the line and phase currents and the total power dissipated in the load.

[2+6]

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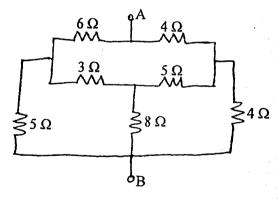
## **Examination Control Division**

#### 2074 Ashwin

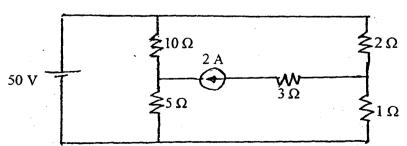
Exam.	В	ack	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BAME, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

## Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) What do you mean by ideal and practical voltage and current source? Explain the method for converting practical voltage source into current source and vice versa.
  - b) A 60 watt, 240 V incandescent filament lamp is switched on at 20°C. The operating temperature of the filament is 2000°C. Determine the current taken by the lamp at the instant of switching ON. The temperature coefficient of resistance of the filament material is 0.0045°/k.
  - c) A circuit containing three resistors with resistances  $12\Omega$ ,  $18\Omega$  and  $36\Omega$  respectively joined in parallel is connected in series with a fourth resistance. The whole circuit is supplied at 60V and it is found that power dissipated is  $12\Omega$  resistance is 36watt. Determine the value of fourth resistance and the total power dissipated in the group.
- 2. a) Make comparison table between series and parallel circuit. [4]
  - b) For the circuit shown in below figure, determine the resistance between points A and B using star / delta transformation theorem. [6]



c) Find all branch currents in the given circuit by using mesh current method.



[6]

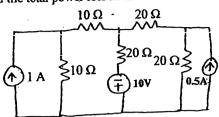
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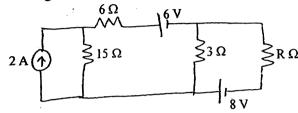
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[5]

3. a) Using Nodal analysis, determine currents in each branch of the network shown in below figure. Also find the total power loss in the network.

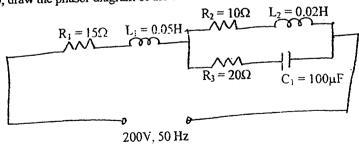


b) Find the value of Resistance 'R' to have maximum power transfer in the circuit as shown in below figure. Also obtain the amount of maximum power. [8]



- 4. a) Two inductances L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> are connected in parallel. Derive the relation showing the equivalent inductance of the combination when mutual flux helps the individual flux, what will be the equivalent inductance of the combination when mutual flux opposes the individual flux?
  - b) Two alternating currents represented by the equations  $i_1 = 7 \text{sinwt}$  and  $i_2 = 10 \sin \left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  are fed into a common conductor. Find the equation for the resultant current and its RMS value.
  - c) Below Figure shows a series parallel circuit. Find:
    - (i) total impedance
    - (ii) current drawn from the circuit
    - (iii)voltage across the parallel branches
    - (iv)current flowing through each parallel branch
    - (v) power factor
    - (vi)Active, reactive and apparent power

Also, draw the phasor diagram of the circuit.



[8]

[4]

[4]

[8]

5. a) A fluorescent lamp takes a current of 0.75A when connected across a 240V, 50Hz a.c supply. The power consumed by the lamp is 80 watt. Calculate the value of the capacitance to be connected in parallel with the lamp to improve the power factor to (i) unity (ii) 0.95 lagging.

[6]

b) The following balanced three phase loads are connected to a 415 V, three phase, four wire supply.

[4]

- (i) 160 kVA at 0.7 power factor lagging
- (ii) 50 kVA at 0.65 power factor leading
- (iii)50 kW at unity power factor

Calculate (a) the total load in kVA (b) the line current (c) the combined power factor

c) Prove that sum of the readings of two wattmeters is equal to the total three phase power in measurement of power of 3-phase circuit by 2 wattmeter method.

[6]

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## **Examination Control Division**

#### 2073 Chaitra

Exam.	Re	gular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BAME, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

[4]

[6]

[6]

[6]

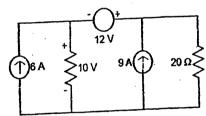
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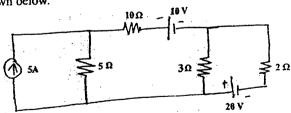
[6]

# Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

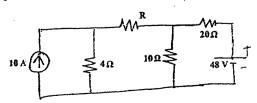
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- √ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- √ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) Describe the open circuit, close circuit and short circuit with diagram.
  - b) Two conductors, one of copper and the other of iron are connected in parallel and at 20°C carry equal currents. What proportion of current will pass through each, if the temperature is raised to 100 °C? Assume temperature coefficient of resistance at 20 °C for copper as 0.0042 per °C and for iron as 0.006 per °C.
  - c) A direct current circuit comprises two resistors A of value 25Ω and B of unknown value, connected in parallel together with a third resistor C of value 5Ω connected in series with the parallel group. The potential difference across C is found to 90V. If the total power in the circuit is 4320 watt. Calculate (i) the value of resistor B, (ii) the voltage applied to the ends of the whole circuit, (iii) the current in each resistor.
- 2. a) Using mesh analysis, calculate the voltage across the 20  $\Omega$  resistor shown in the figure below.



b) Use the nodal voltage method to find the current flowing through  $10\Omega$  resistor for the network shown below.

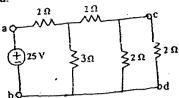


- c) State and explain thevenin's theorem with suitable example.
- 3. a) What is the value of R such that maximum power is transferred to it? Find the value of this maximum power for the circuit shown below.



b) State reciprocity theorem. Verify the reciprocity theorem for the network shown in figure below in branch cd.





c) Define capacitance and derive relation for connection of capacitors in series.

[4]

4. a) Calculate the form factor and peak factor of the following triangular waveform.

[4]

b) A choke coil having a resistance of  $10\Omega$  and inductance of 0.05H is connected in series with a condenser of 100  $\mu F$ . The whole circuit has been connected to 200V, 50 Hz supply. Calculate (i) impedance (ii) current (iii) power factor (iv) power input (v) Apparent and reactive power of circuit.

[6]

c) A 10 ohm resistor, a 31.8 mH inductor and  $318\mu F$  capacitor are connected in parallel and supplied from a 200V, 50Hz supply source. Calculate the supply current and power factor and also calculate current in each branch.

[6]

5. a) Define power factor and explain the disadvantages and causes of low power factor?

[4]

b) A balanced star-connected load of  $(8+\hat{j}6)\Omega$  per phase is connected to a balanced 3 phase 400V, 50Hz supply. Find the line current, phase current and total power consumed. Take RYB phase sequence.

[6]

c) With the help of connection and phasor diagrams, show that the power of a balanced three phase load can be determined using two-wattmeters.

[6]

# **Examination Control Division**

2073 Shrawai	3
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~	New Back (20	66 & Later B	atch)
Exam.	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BAME, BIE, B. Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

[6]

[4]

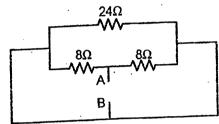
[6]

[8]

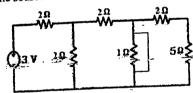
[8]

Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineerin	g (E	E401)	
	_	_	

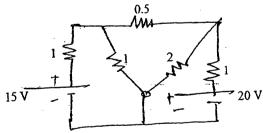
- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) A coil has a resistance of 100 ohms, when the temperature is 20°C and 110 ohms when the temperature is 45° C. Find temperature rise when its resistance is 124 ohms, and surrounding temperature is 15° C.
  - b) Find the equivalent resistance between A and B for the network shown in figure below.



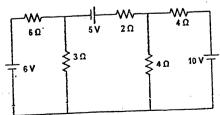
c) Find current from the source in the following circuit diagram.

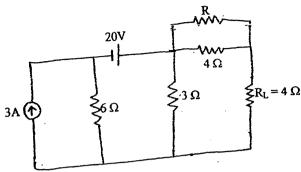


2. a) Find the current in 5-ohm resistor in the network shown below by using superposition theorem.



b) Find the branch currents in the circuit of figure below by using nodal analysis.





b) Derive an equation for inductance L in terms of flux linkages and current change.

[4]

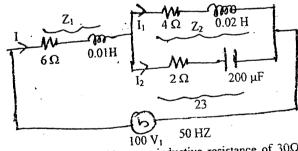
c) Calculate the (i) average value and (ii) RMS value of voltage wave shown in figure

[4]

311

4. a) Determine the value of current I1, I2 and I and overall factor of the circuit shown in figure below for series and parallel circuit. Also draw the phasor diagram and find the total power consumed by the circuit.

[8]



b) A coil is connected in series with a non-inductive resistance of  $30\Omega$  across 240V, 50Hz, 1-φ supply. The reading of voltmeters across the coil is 180 V and across the resistance is 130 V. Calculate,

[8]

- i) Inductance of coil
- ii) Resistance of coil
- iii) Power absorbed by coil
- iv) Power absorbed by whole circuit

[8]

5. a) Define power factor and explain why in general it should be kept on high as possible in power supply system.

b) Three similar coils each of resistance  $7\Omega$  and inductance of 0.03 H are connected in Delta to a 400 V, 3 phase, 50 Hz supply. Calculate the line current and the total power consumed.

[8]

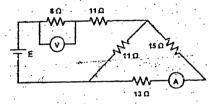
# 25 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING amination Control Division

Exam.	1	legular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BAME, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
W I Dains	11/1	Time	3 hre

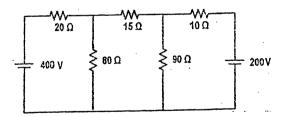
#### 2072 Chaitra

### Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

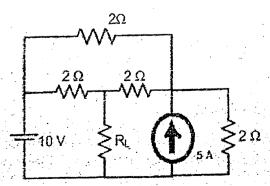
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) A 60 W, 240 V incandescent filament lamp is switched on at 20°C. The operating temperature of the filament is 2000°C. Determine the current taken by the lamp at the instant of switching ON. the temperature coefficient of resistance of the filament material is 0.0045/K.
  - b) A battery of unknown emf is connected across resistances, as shown in figure below. The voltage drops across the 8  $\Omega$  resistor is 20 V. What will be the current reading in the ammeter? What is the emf of the battery?



- c) What do you mean by ideal and practical voltage and current sources?
- 2. a) Find the power dissipation in 15  $\Omega$  resistor shown in figure below using mesh analysis.



b) Find current on load resistor  $R_L$ , if its resistance is  $2 \Omega$ , using superposition theorem.



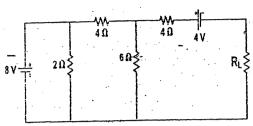
c) State and explain Norton's theorem with an appropriate example.

[5]

[6]

[6]

 a) Find the value of R<sub>L</sub> for which the maximum power is transferred in the load resistance R<sub>L</sub>. Also find the maximum power that can be transferred to the load resistance R<sub>L</sub>.



[8]

[4]

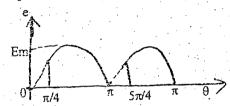
[8]

[8]

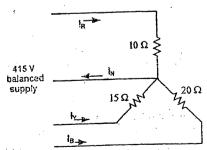
[4]

[8]

- b) Derive the expression for the inductance of inductor in terms of its physical dimensions.
- c) Calculate the average and rms value of full-wave rectified sine wave as shown below. [4]



- 4. a) A circuit consisting of a resistance of 30 Ω in series with an inductance of 75 mH is connected in parallel with a circuit consisting of a resistance of 20 Ω in series with a capacitance of 100 μF. If the parallel combination is connected to a 240 V, 50 Hz single phase supply, calculate (i) The current in each branch (ii) The total current and power factor and (iii) Power consumed. Also draw a neat phasor diagram.
  - b) For a series path with a resistance of 3 Ω, capacitor of 120μF and an inductance of 0.1 H, a capacitor 180μF is kept in parallel. Then the combination is fed by 240V, 50Hz, 1-φ supply. Calculate branch currents, total current from supply, power factor of whole circuit, active power and reactive power consumed by the circuit. Also show phasor diagram.
- 5. a) Develop relation between phase voltage and line voltage in 3-φ star connected system.
  - b) For the circuit shown in figure below, calculate the current through the neutral and the total power consumed in the load.



c) Explain with connection diagram the measurement of 3-φ power using two wattmeters.

### **Examination Control Division**

#### 2072 Kartik

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year/Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

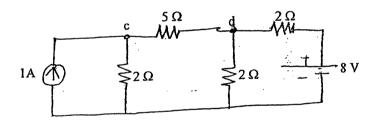
### Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) Explain ideal current and voltage sources.

[4]

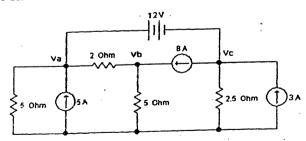
- b) Define temperature coefficient of resistance. The resistance of a certain length of wire is 4.6Ω at 20°C and 5.88Ω at 80°C. Determine (a) The temperature coefficient of resistance of the wire at 0° (b) The resistance of the wire at 60°C.
  - [8]
- c) State and explain Superposition theorem with an appropriate example.
- [4]
- a) Find out the current through 5 ohm resistor connected across the terminal c and d in the network shown below using the Venin's theorem.

[8]

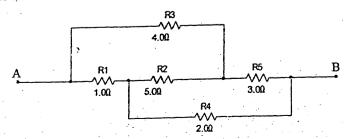


b) Use Nodal Analysis Method to determine the  $V_a$ ,  $V_b$  and  $V_c$  and calculate current through 2.5  $\Omega$ .

[8]



3. a) Find the resistance between the terminals A and B in the circuit segment below. [4]



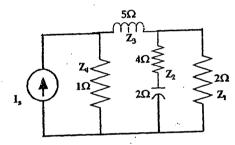
- b) Three capacitors A, B and C have capacitances 10, 50 and 25  $\mu F$  respectively. Calculate:
- [6]

- i) Charge on each when connected in parallel to a 250 V supply
- ii) Total capacitance and
- iii) p.d. across each when connected in series
- c) State Maximum Power Transfer Theorem and also prove "maximum power will be dissipated when  $R_{Internal} = R_L$ "

[6]

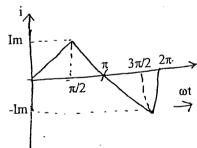
- 4. a) Derive the expression for electrical current in a pure inductive circuit when input power is V<sub>m</sub>Sinwt. Draw the wave form of voltage and current and phasor diagram of the circuit. Show analytically and graphically that it does not consume real power.
- [6]
- b) In the given circuit, find the current through the inductor, what is the equivalent impedance?

[6]



c) Find the peak factor and form factor of the triangular wave shown in figure below.

[4]



5. a) Explain the importance of power factor in an ac circuit, with suitable example. How power factor can be improved?

[4]

b) A three phase star connected system with line voltage 400 V is connected to three loads: 25∠0°, 11∠-20° and 15∠10° (also connected in star). Find the line to line current, total power and current in the neutral of the system.

[8]

c) Define phase sequence and explain its significance in three phase system.

[4]

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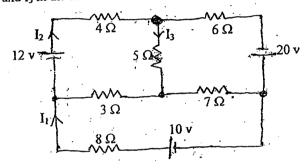
# **Examination Control Division**

#### 2071 Shawan

Exam.	& Later Bat	ch)	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

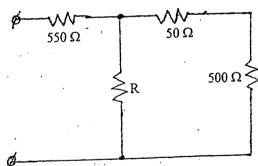
# Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any Five questions.
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) What is the difference between the potential difference and electromotive force?
- [4]
- b) Find I<sub>1</sub>, I<sub>2</sub> and I<sub>3</sub> in the circuit shown in the figure using Kirchh-off's law.
- [6]



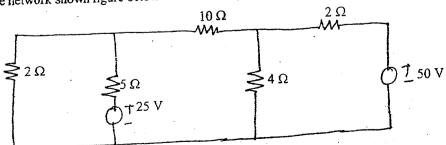
c) What is the value of the unknown resistor 'R' in figure below, if the voltage drop across  $500\Omega$  resistor is 2.5 volts?

[6]

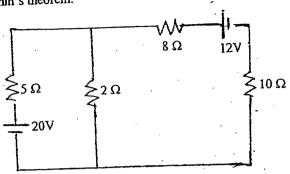


2. a) Use the node voltage method (nodal) to find the current flowing through  $10\Omega$  resistor in the network shown figure below.

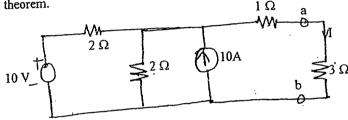
[8]



b) For the circuit shown in figure below, calculate the current in the 10 ohm resistance [8] using Thevenin's theorem.



3. a) Determine power dissipated in  $3\Omega$  resitor in the circuit shown in figure below using Norton's theorem.



- b) An inductor is to be made with copper wire wound on a circular iron core having mean length of 40 cm with cross-sectional area of 50 sq mm. If the required value of inductance is 500 mH, calculate the number of turns required given that relative permeability of the core is 1500.
- 4. a) A 415 V, 3 phase, 50 HZ induction motor takes 50 KW power from supply mains at 0.72 power factor lagging. A bank of capacitors is connected in delta across the line to improve the overall power factor. Calculate the capacitance per phase in order to raise the power factor to 0.9 lagging.
  - b) Three loads  $(31+j59) \Omega$ ,  $(30-j40)\Omega$  and  $(80+j60)\Omega$  are connected in delta to a 3 phase, 200 V supply. Find the phase currents, line currents and total power absabed.
- 5. a) Define cycle, Time period, angular velocity, frequency, average and rms value of an alternating quality.
  - b) A series circuit consists of resistance equal to  $4\Omega$  and inductance of 0.01 H. The applied voltage is 283 sin (300t + 90°)V. Calculate the following:
    - i) Power factor
    - ii) Expression for i(t)
    - iii) The power dissiputed in the circuit
    - iv) Voltage drop across each elements
    - v) Draw a phasor diagram

[8]

[8]

[8]

[8]

[6]

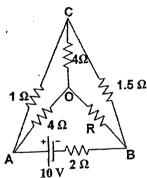
[10]

## **Examination Control Division**

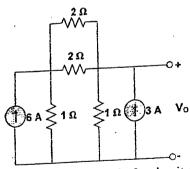
2070 Chaitra	Year/Part I/I
Cubicct:	Basic Electrical Engineering

Exam.	Re	gular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL,BEX,BCT,BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

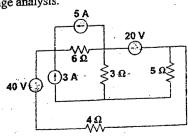
- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) What do you understand by terms 'resistance' and 'resistivity'? On what factors the resistance offered by a conductor depends?
  - b) Two resistors made of different materials having temperature coefficients of resistance  $\alpha_1 = 0.004/^{\circ}C$  and  $\alpha_2 = 0.005/C^{\circ}$  are connected in parallel and consume equal power at 15°C. What is the rate of power consumed in resistance R2 to that in R<sub>1</sub> at 70 c°?
  - c) Calculate the value of unknown resistance R in the circuit shown below and the current flowing through it when the current in the branch OC is zero. [6]



Calculate the output voltage, Vo for the circuit shown in figure below using Kirchoff's a) laws.



b) Determine the power dissipated by  $5\Omega$  resistor in the circuit shown in figure below by applying nodal voltage analysis.



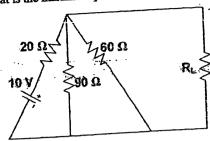
c) State and explain superposition Theorem with an appropriate example.

[6]

[4]

[6]

a) For the circuit shown in figure below, what will be the value of R<sub>L</sub> to get the maximum power? What is the maximum power delivered to the load?



[8]

[4]

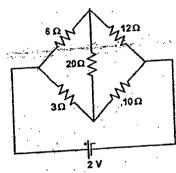
[8]

[4]

[8]

[4]

b) Determine the current in  $20\Omega$  resistor of the network shown in figure below using Star [4] Deita Transformation



- c) State the definition of the capacitance and from it write an equation for the charge [4] stored in a capacitor.
- 4. a) Derive the equation for instantaneous current flowing through a pure capacitor when excited by AC sinusoidal voltage  $V = V_m$  Sinus. Draw the waveform of voltage and current and phasor diagram of the circuit. Show analytically and graphically that it does not consume real power.
  - b) A coil takes 1.3 kVA nd 1.2 kVAR when connected to a 240 V, 50 Hz sinusoidal supply. Calculate: (i) Power dissipated (ii) Current and (c) Inductance of the coil. [4]
  - c) A Circuit consisting of a resistance of  $30\Omega$  in series with an inductance of 75mH is connected in parallel with a circuit consisting of a resistance of  $20\Omega$  in series with a capacitance of 100µF, if the parallel combination is connected to a 240V, 50Hz, single-phase supply. Calculate (i) The total current (ii) Power factor (iii) Active and reactive power. Also draw a neat phasor diagram.
- 5. a) What are the two ways of connecting a 3-phase system? Draw their phasor diagrams and write down the relationship between phase and line voltages and phase and line current for these system.
  - b) A 220 V, 3-phase voltage is applied to a balanced delta connected 3-phase load of phase impedance (15+j20)Ω. Calculate:
    - i) The phase voltages
    - ii) The phasor current in each line
    - iii) The power consumed per phase

    - v) What is the phasor sum of three line currents? Why does it have this value?
  - c) Explain 2-wattmeter method for the measurement of power in a balanced three phase load.

# **Examination Control Division**

2070 Ashad

	New Back (206	6.8 Later Ba	tch)
Exam.		Poll Marks	80
Level	DL	<u>.                                    </u>	
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B. Agri.	Pass Marks	32
i	1/1	Time	3 hrs.
Year / Part	. 1 - 1	<u></u>	

[6]

[4]

[6]

[4]

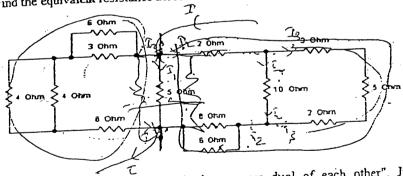
[6]

# Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

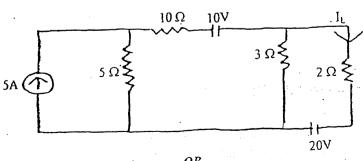
- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.

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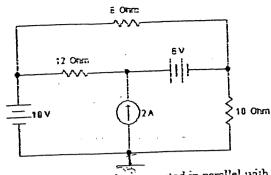
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) What is the factor responsible for the deviation of the practical sources from their ideal behavior? Explain the effect of this factor on the terminal characteristics of the voltage source.
  - b) Write down the steps to calculate Norton's equivalent resistance in the circuit with a suitable example.
  - c) A conductor material has a free electron density of 1024 electrons per m3. When a voltage is applied a constant drift velocity of 1.5×10<sup>-2</sup> m/s is attained by the electrons. If the cross sectional area of the material is 1 cm2 calculate the magnitude of the current.
- 2. a) Explain with neat diagram and write the equations for Delta- Star Conversion and for Star-Delta Conversion.
  - b) Find the equivalent resistance across the terminals A and B, RAB. [6]



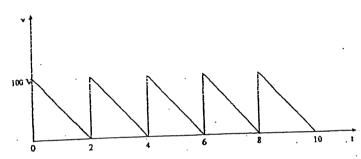
- "Thevenin's theorem and Norton's theorem are dual of each other". Justify the statement with suitable example.
- 3. a) Use Superposition theorem to find the current  $l_L$  through 2  $\Omega$  resistors in figure [8] below.



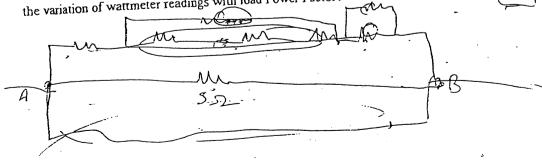
Find the current passing through  $10~\Omega$  resistor using loop current method.



- b) Calculate the inductance that must be connected in parallel with a 100 MH inductor to give a total inductance of 70 mH. Assume no mutual inductance between the two.
- c) Two impedances (3-4j) and (8+6j) are connected in parallel across an ac voltage source. If the total current drawn from the source in 25 A, find the total active power consumed by the impedances.
- 4. a) Find the average value, rms value of the voltage waveform given below.



- b) An Industrial load consists of the following:
  - i) A load of 200 KVA @ 0.8 power factor lagging
  - ii) A load of 50 KW @ unity power factor
  - iii) A load of 48 KW @ 0.6 power factor leading Calculate the total KW, Total KVAR, Total KVA and the overall power factor.
- 5. a) A 100 KW load at 0.8 lagging power factor is being supplied by a 220 V, 50 Hz source. Calculate the reactive power drawn from the source. If a capacitor connected parallel to the load improves its power factor to 0.9. Find the capacitance of the capacitor. Also calculate the current drawn from the source before and after connecting the capacitor.
  - b) With the help of necessary Phasor diagram and circuit diagram, explain the two wattmeter method of Active Power Measurement in Three Phase AC system? What is the variation of wattmeter readings with load Power Factor?



[4]

[4] [8] ·

[8]

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[8]

[8]

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## **Examination Control Division**

2069 Chaitra

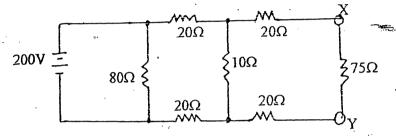
Exam.	, i R	egular:	
Level	BE	Ful Marks	80
Programine	BEL, BEX, 3CT, BIE, B.Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	]/I .	Time	3 hrs

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## Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt any Five questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Explain the methods for converting practical current source in to practical voltage source.
  - b) Calculate the power which would be dissipated in a 75 Ω resistor connected across. XY in the network shown below.



Find the currents I<sub>1</sub>, I<sub>2</sub>, I<sub>3</sub> using Kirchhoff's Law and also find the power output of each voltage source of figure below?

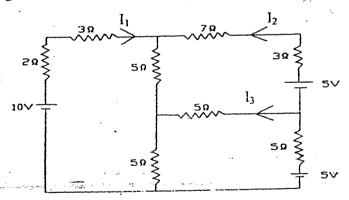
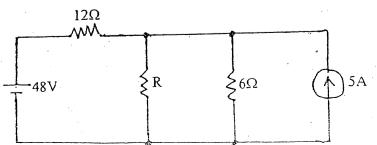


Fig: 1.2

- The resistivity of a metal alloy is  $50 \times 10^{-8} \Omega$ -m. A sheet of material 15 cm long, 6 cm wide and 0.014 cm thick. Calculate the resistance in the direction: (a) along the length and (b) along the thickness.
  - Use Norton's theorem to calculate the value of R that will absorb maximum power from the circuit shown in the figure below. Also calculate the maximum power drawn by it.



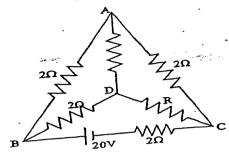
In the network shown below, find the value of resistance R and the current through it [4] when the current through branch DA is zero.



[8]

[6]

[6]



3. (a) Find the current through the  $10\,\Omega$  resistor using loop-current method?

10V

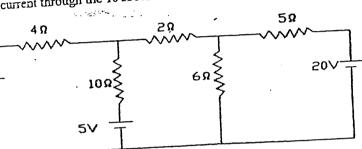
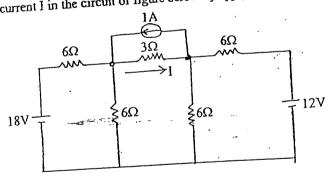


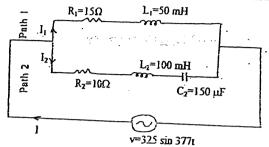
Fig: 3.1

b) Find the current I in the circuit of figure below by applying nodal voltage method. [8]



- a) Explain generation of sinusoidal emf with diagram and define angular velocity.
- b) A sinusoidal voltage is applied to three parallel branches yielding branch currents,  $i_1=14.14 \text{ Sin}(\omega t-45^\circ)$ ,  $i_2=28.3 \text{ Cos}(\omega t-60^\circ)$  and  $i_3=7.07 \text{ Sin}(\omega t+60^\circ)$  (i) Find the complete time expression for the source current (ii) Draw the phasor diagram in terms of effective values. Use the voltage as reference.
- c) Define inductance and derive relation for connection of inductors connected in [4] parallel connection.

- 5. a) For the parallel circuit shown below, calculate:
  - (i) RMS value for current, power factors and active power of path 1.
  - (ii) RMS value of current, power factor and reactive power of path 2.
  - (iii) RMS value of current and power factor of the whole circuit.



-b) A three phase induction motor takes 50KW at 415V, 50Hz and a power factor of 0.72 lagging. Determine the KVAR rating of capacitor bank to improve the power factor to 0.9 lagging. What capacitance per phase is required if the capacitor bank is connected in star connection? What is the advantage of power factor correction from the source point of view and from the point of view of motor itself?

[6+2]

[8]

[8]

- 6. a) In the network shown in figure below, determine:
  - i) Total impedance
  - ii) Total current

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- iii) The current in each branch
- iv) The overall power factor
  - v) Volt amperes, Active Power and Reactive Power

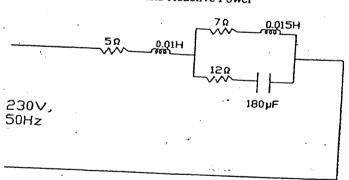


Fig: 5.1

In a 3-phase, 4 wire Wye connected system the phase voltage  $V_{ph}=200V$ , and its frequency is 60Hz. The load impedance components are  $R_1=100\Omega$ ,  $R_2=100\Omega$ ,  $C_2=66.3~\mu F$ ,  $R_3=100\Omega$ ,  $L_3=159.2 mH$ . Calculate the three line currents and the neutral current.

[8]

### **Examination Control Division**

#### 2068 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	27
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEL, BEX, BCT, BIE, B. Agri.	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

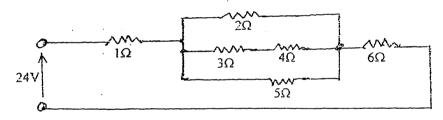
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✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

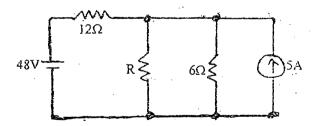
Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 401)

- ✓ Attempt any Five questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. a) Explain emf, potential difference and current with a circuit diagram.

- [4]
- b) The temperature rise of the machine field winding was determined by the measurement of the winding resistance at 20°C the field winding resistance was 160 Ohm(Ω). After running the machine for some hours at full load the resistance is 185 Ω. If the temperature coefficient of resistance of the copper winding is 4.3 × 10<sup>-6</sup>/°C at 0°C. Determine the temperature rise of the machine.
- [6]
- c) Find the equivalent resistance in the figure shown, and power dissipated in the  $5\Omega$  resistor.
- [6]



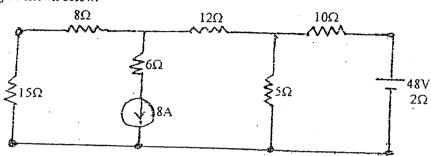
- 2. a) Calculate the value of R that will absorb maximum power from the circuit (shown in the figure). Also calculate the maximum power drawn by it.
- [6]



- b) State Norton's description theorem and list the steps for Nortonizing a circuit. Compare the Norton's equivalent circuit to the Thevenin's equivalent circuit.
- [6]
- c) What is the total cost of using the following at Rs 7 per killowatt hour?
- [4]

- i) A 1200 W toaster for 30 min
- ii) Six 50 W bulbs for 4 hours

- iv) A 4800 W electric cioths dryer for 20 min.
- 3. a) Use Nodal analysis method to calculate the current through the  $15\Omega$  resistor in the figure shown below.



[8]

[4]

[4]

[6]

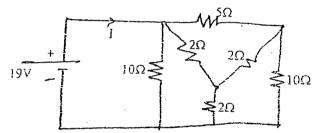
[5]

[5]

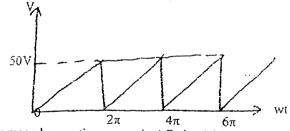
[8]

[8]

b) Find the current I as shown in figure below using star - delta transformation.

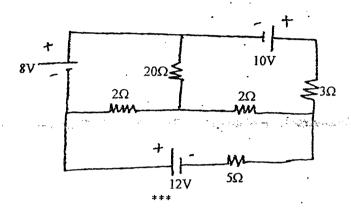


- c) An air cored ceil is 2.5cm long and has an average cross-sectional area of 2cm<sup>2</sup>. Determine the number of turns if the coil has an inductance of 100 μH.
- 4. a) Calculate the average value, rms value, form factor and peak factor of the saw tooth wave as shown in figure below.



- b) What do you mean by reactive power in AC circuit? Explain it by constructing phasor diagram for real power, reactive power and apparent power.
- c) Describe and illustrate the phasor relationship that exist between the voltage that appears across the terminals of a pure capacitor and the current that flows through it in steady state when the capacitor is excited by a sinusoidal source.
- 5. a) A voltage of  $200\angle0^{\circ}$  V is applied across impedances in parallel. The value of impedances are  $(12+j16)\Omega$  and  $(10-j20)\Omega$ . Determine the KW, KVA and KVAR in each branch and the power factor of the whole circuit.
  - b) A delta connected load of  $Z_{AB} = 52\angle 45^{\circ}\Omega$ ,  $Z_{BC} = 52\angle -30^{\circ}\Omega$  and  $Z_{CA} = 10\angle 0^{\circ}\Omega$  are connected to a 380V, 3 phase ac source. Find the magnitude of the line currents and total power absored by loads, when phase sequence is ABC.

- 6. a) A single phase motor takes a current of 40A it pf 0.7 lagging from a 440V, 50HZ supply. What value must a shunting capacitor have to raise the power factor to 0.9 lagging.
  - b) What are the advantages of three phase AC system over signal phase ac system?
  - c) Determine current in  $5\Omega$  resistor by mesh analysis in figure below.



## **Examination Control Division** 2079 Bhadra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All except BAR	Pass Marks	32
	1/I	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz's theorem. If  $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$  then show that  $x^{2}y_{n+2} + (2n+1) xy_{n+1} x + (n^{2}+1) y_{n} = 0.$
- Apply Maclaurin's series to find the expansion of  $e^x$  secx as far as the term in  $x^3$ .
- 3. State L'Hopital's rule. Using it evaluate  $\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve

$$(x + y)^{2} (x + 2y + 2) = x + 9y - 2$$

- 5. Show that for the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ , the radius of curvature at the extremity of the major axis is equal to half of the Latus rectum.
- 6. Integrate:  $\int_{1}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x dx}{(1+\sin x)(2+\sin x)}$
- 7. Apply the rule of differentiation under integral sign to evaluate:  $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-ax} \sin x}{x} dx$  and
  - hence deduce that  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$
- 8. Define Beta and Gamma functions. Evaluate:  $\int_0^a x^4 \sqrt{a^2 x^2} dx$
- 9. Show that the area of the astroid  $x^{2/3}$ - $y^{2/3}$ = $a^{2/3}$  is  $\frac{3\pi a^2}{8}$

Find the volume of the solid of revolution of the cardoid  $r = a(1+\cos\theta)$  about the initial line.

- 10. Solve:  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = x^2 \log x$
- 11. Solve:  $y = yp^2 + 2px$  where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$
- 12. Solve:  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = e^{2x} \sin x$
- 13. Solve:  $x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2 \frac{y}{x} = \frac{1}{x^2}$
- 14. Derive the standard equation of an ellipse.
- 15. Through what angle should the axes be rotated to reduce the equation  $3x^2 + 2xy + 3y^2 - \sqrt{2}x = 0$  in to one with the xy term missing?
- 16. Find the center, length of the axes and eccentricity of the conic

$$9x^2 + 4xy + 6y^2 - 22x - 16y + 9 = 0$$

Describe and sketch the graph of the equation  $r = \frac{10}{3+2\cos\theta}$ 

## TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY

#### INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

# Examination Control Division 2079 Baishakh

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except BAR)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz's theorem. If  $y = \log(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2})$  then using the theorem show that  $(a^2 + x^2)y_2 + xy_1 = 0$  and hence show that  $(a^2 + x^2)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + n^2y_n = 0$ . [1+4]
- 2. Assuming the validity of expansion, find the expansion of: log(secx) by using Maclaurin's theorem. [5]
- 3. What do you mean by indeterminate form? State various forms of indeterminacy. Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}.$$
 [5]

4. Define asymptotes and its types. Find the asymptotes of the curve

$$x^{3} + 4x^{2}y + 5xy^{2} + 2y^{3} + 2x^{2} + 4xy + 2y^{2} - x - 9y + 1 = 0.$$
 [1+4]

- 5. Find the pedal equation of the curve of  $r^m = a^m cosm\theta$ . [5]
- 6. Show that  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} \log(\sqrt{2} + 1).$  [5]
- 7. Evaluate, by using the rule of differentiation under the sign of integration:  $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{\log(1 + a \cos x)}{\cos x} dx.$  [5]
- 8. Define Beta and Gamma function and use these to evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{(1-x^6)^{1/6}}$  [5]
- 9. Find the area included between an arc of cycloid  $x = a(\theta \sin \theta)$ ,  $y = a(1 \cos \theta)$  and its base.

Find the volume of the solid formed by revolution of the cardoid  $r = a(1+\cos\theta)$  about the initial base.

[5]

[5]

- 10. Solve the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{x}{1-x^2}y = x\sqrt{y}$ . [5]
- 11. State Clairatut's equation, find the general and singular solution of  $y = px + p p^2$ . [5]
- 12. Find the particular integral and hence solve the differential equation  $y'' 2y' + 5y = e^{2x} \sin x$ . [5]
- 13. Solve the differential equation  $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = x \log x$ . [5]
- 14. Through what angle should the axes be rotated to reduce the equation  $3x^2 + 2xy + 3y^2 \sqrt{2}x = 0$  into one with the xy term missing? Also obtain the transformed equation. [2+3]
- 15. Deduce the standard equation of the hyperbola. [5]
- 16. Describe and sketch the graph of the equation  $r = \frac{10}{2 3\sin\theta}$

OR

Find the centre, length of axes and eccentricity of the conic  $3x^2 + 8xy - 3y^2 - 40x - 20y + 50 = 0$ .

### **Examination Control Division** 2078 Bhadra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All except BAR	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

[5]

[5]

[5]

### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. If 
$$y=(x^2-1)^n$$
, then prove that:  $(x^2-1)y_{n+2} + 2xy_{n+1} - n(n+1)y_n = 0$  [5]

- 2. Assuming the validity of expansion, expand log(1+x) by using Maclaurin's theorem.
- 3. Give an example of indeterminate from. Evaluate:  $\lim_{x \to 0} (\cot x)^{\frac{\log x}{\log x}}$ [5]
- 4. Find the asymptote of the curve:  $(x^2 y^2)^2 2(x^2 + y^2) + x 1 = 0$ [5]
- 5. Find the radius of curvature for the curve  $r^m = a^m \cos m\theta$ . [5]

Find the pedal equation of the following curves  $y^2 = 4a(x+a)$ . [5]

- 6. Evaluate:  $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\log(1+x)}{(1+x^2)} dx$ [5]
- 7. Evaluate by using the rule of differentiation under the sign of integration:

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\log(1+a^2x^2)}{1+b^2x^2} \mathrm{dx}$$
 [5]

- 8. Define Gamma function. Use it to prove:  $\int_{0}^{\pi/8} \cos^3 4x \, dx = \frac{1}{6}$ [5]
- 9. Find the area of a loop of the curve:  $a^2y^2 = a^2x^2 x^4$ [5]

Prove that the volume and surface area of a sphere of radius 'a' is  $\frac{4}{3}\pi a^3$  and  $4\pi a^2$ respectively. [5]

- 10. Solve:  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} \log y = \frac{y}{x^2} (\log y)^2$ [5]
- [5]
- 11. Find the general solution of the differential equation  $y = (1+p)x + ap^2$ . 12. Solve:  $(D^2+3D+2)y = e^{2x} \sin x$ [5]
- 13. Solve:  $(x^2D^2 2)y = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$

#### OR

A certain culture of bacteria grows at rate proportional to its size. If the size doubles in 4 days, find the time required for the culture to increase to 10 times to its original size.

- 14. Through what angle must the axes be rotated to remove the term containing xy in
- $11x^2 + 4xy + 14y^2 = 5.$ [5] 15. Prove that:  $2x^2 + 3y^2 - 4x - 12y + 13 = 0$  represents equation of ellipse. Find its center,
- length of axes, eccentricity, and direct ices of ellipse. 16. Show that the line  $x\cos\alpha + y\sin\alpha = p$  will be a tangent to the hyperbola  $\frac{x^2}{x^2} - \frac{y^2}{x^2} = 1$  if

$$a^2\cos^2\alpha - b^2\sin^2\alpha = p^2.$$
 [5]

### **Examination Control Division** 2076 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	All except BAR	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

# Subject: - Engineering mathematics I (SH 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- √ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. If  $y=a\cos(\log x) + b\sin(\log x)$  prove that:

(i) 
$$x^2y_2+xy_1+y=0$$

(i) 
$$x^2y_2+xy_1+y=0$$
  
(ii)  $x^2y_{n+2}+(2n+1)xy_{n+1}+(n^2+1)y_n=0$ 

- State and prove Lagrange's mean value theorem.
- 3. State L' Hospital's Rule and hence evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} (\cot x)^{\sin 2x}$
- 4. Find the asymptote of  $(x+y)^2(x+2y+2) = x+9y-2$
- Find the radius of curvature of the curve  $r = a (1 \cos \theta)$ .

Find the pedal equation of  $y^2=4a(x+a)$ 

- 6. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{x \sin x \cos x}{\cos^4 x + \sin^4 x} dx$
- 7. Using the rule of differentiation under the integral sign, evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\log(1+a^2x^2)}{1+b^2x^2} dx$
- Obtain the reduction formula for  $\int \cos^n x dx$  and hence evaluate  $\int \cos^{10} x dx$ .
- 9. Obtain the area of a loop of the curve  $y^2(a^2+x^2)=x^2(a^2-x^2)$

Find the volume of the solid formed by the revolution of the cycloid  $x=a(\theta+\sin\theta)$ 

- 10. Solve the differential equation:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} + \tan \frac{y}{x}$
- 11. Find the general solution of  $y=Px+x^4p^2$
- 12. Solve  $(D^2-2D+5)y = e^{2x}\sin x$

13. Solve 
$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = x^4$$

Or,

A nadio active material has an initial mass 100mg. After two years, it is left to 75mg. Find the amount of the material at any time t.

- 14. What does the equation  $3x^2+3y^2+2xy=2$  become when the axes are turned through an angle 45° with the original axes.
- 15. Obtain the equation of hyperbola in standard form.
- 16. Find the center for the conic  $3x^2+8xy-3y^2-40x-20y+50=0$ .

### Examination Control Division 2076 Ashwin

Exam.		3ack	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except BAR)	Pass Marks	32
Year/Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH 401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. If  $y = \sin(m\sin^{-1}x)$ , show that  $(1-x^2)y_{n+2} (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (m^2 n^2)y_n = 0$ , where suffices of y denote the respective order of derivatives of y. [5]
- 2. State Lagrange's mean value theorem. Verify it for the function  $y = \sin x$  on  $\left[ -\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$ . Is this theorem valid for the function  $y = \tan x$  on  $[0, \pi]$ ? [1+3+1]
- 3. Evaluate  $x \to 0$   $\left(\frac{\tan x}{x}\right)^{1/x}$  [5]
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve  $(x+y)^2(x+2y+2) = x+9y-2$ . [5]
- 5. Find the pedal equation of the curve  $y^2 = 4a(x+a)$ . [5]
- 6. Evaluate, if possible  $\int_0^e \ln x dx$ . [5]
- 7. Apply differentiation under integral sign to evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-ax} \sin x}{x} dx$  and then show that  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2}.$  [4+1]
- 8. Define Beta and Gamma function and use it to show that,  $\int_{0}^{\pi/6} \cos^4 3\theta \sin^2 6\theta \ d\theta = \frac{5\pi}{192} \ .$  [5]
- 9. Find the volume of the solid formed by the revolution of the cardioid  $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$  about the initial line. [5]
- 10. Solve the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = 2 \cos x$ . [5]
- 11. If p stands for  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ , then solve the differential equation  $y 2px + ayp^2 = 0$ . [5]
- 12. Solve the differential equation  $(D^2 2D + 5) y = e^{2x} \sin x$ . [5]
- 13. Solve the differential equation  $(x^2D^2 + xD + 1)y = \sin(\log x^2)$  [5]
- 14. Define ellipse and obtain the equation of ellipse in standard form. [5]
- 15. Prove that the locus of a point which moves in such a way that the difference of its distances from the point (5, 0) and (-5, 0) is 2 is a hyperbola.
- 16. Describe and sketch the graph of the conic  $r = \frac{10}{3 + 2\sin\theta}$  [5]

[5]

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# INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

### **Examination Control Division** 2074 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	ALL (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	32
	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401) Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. State Leibnitz theorem. If  $\log y = \tan^{-1} x$ , then show that  $(1+x^2)y_{n+2} + (2nx+2x-1)y_{n+1} + (n^2+n)y_n = 0$ [1+4] 2. State Rolle's theorem. Is the theorem true when the function is not continuous at the end points? Justify your answer. Verify Rolle's theorem for  $f(x) = x^2 5x + 6$  on [2,3]. [1+2+2]State L-Hospital's rule. Evaluate  $x \to l(2-x)^{tan(\frac{\pi x}{2})}$ [1+4]Find the asymptotes of the curve  $(x + y)^2(x + 2y + 2) = x + 9y - 2$ . [5] 5. Find the pedal equation of the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{b^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2} = 1$ . [5] [5] 6. Evaluate the integral  $\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{1}{v^2} dx$ 7. Apply the rule of differentiation under integral sign to evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-ax} \sin x}{x} dx$  and hence deduce that  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$ [5] 8. Define Beta function. Apply Beta and Gamma function to evaluate  $\int_0^{2a} x^5 \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx$ [5] 9. Find the area common to the circle r = a and the cordioid  $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$ [5] 10. Through what angle should the axes be rotated to reduce the equation  $3x^2 + 2xy + 3y^2 - \sqrt{2x} = 0$  into one with the xy term missing? Also obtain the [2+3]transformed equation. [5] 11. Derive the equation of an ellipse in standard form. 12. Find the product of semi-axis of the conic  $x^2 - 4xy + 5y^2 = 2$ [5] Describe and sketch the graph of conic  $r = \frac{12}{3 + 2\cos\theta}$ [5]

13. Solve the differentiate equation of  $(x^2 - y^2)dx + 2xydy = 0$ 

14. Solve: 
$$y = yp^2 + 2px$$
 where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$  [5]

15. Solve 
$$(D^2 - 6D + 9)y = x^2 e^{2x}$$
 [5]

16. Solve the differential equation of 
$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 4x^3$$
 [5]

# Examination Control Division 2075 Ashwin

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	ALL (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz's theorem. If  $y^{\frac{1}{m}} + y^{\frac{-1}{m}} = 2x$ , show that  $(x^2 1)y_2 + xy_1 m^2y = 0$  and hence prove that  $(x^2 1)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2 m^2)y_n = 0$ . [2+3]
- State Roller's theorem. Does the theorem hold when the function is not continuous at the end points? Justify your answer. Verify the theorem for f(x) = x² 4x + 3 on [1,3].
- 3. State L-Hospital's theorem and evaluate  $x \to 0 \left(\frac{\sin x}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$  [5]
- 4. Find the asymptotes of curve  $4x^3 3xy^2 y^3 + 2x^2 xy y^2 1 = 0$  [5]
- 5. Find the pedal equation of the curve  $y^2 = 4c(x+c)$  [5]
- 6. Show that  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log(\sqrt{2} + 1)$  [5]
- 7. Evaluate, by using differentiation under the sign of integration [5]

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\log(1+a^2x^2)}{1+b^2x^2} dx$$

- 8. Define Beta-Gamma function and use it to evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi} \cos^4 3\theta \cdot \sin^2 6\theta \cdot d\theta$  [5]
- 9. Find the surface area of the solid generated by the revolution of the cardioids  $1=a(1+\cos\theta)$  about the initial line. [5]
- 10. Transform the equation  $12x^2 10xy + 2y^2 + 11x 5y + 2 = 0$  by translating the axes into an equation with linear term missing. [5]
- 11. Derive the standard equation of hyperbola. [5]
- 12. Find the centre, Length of axes and eccentricity of the conic [5]

$$9x^2 + 4xy + 6y^2 - 22x - 16y + 9 = 0$$

OR

Describe and sketch the graph of the equation  $r = \frac{12\sec\theta}{2+3\sec\theta}$ 

13. Solve 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{\sin 2y}{x} = x^3 \cos^2 y$$
 [5]

14. Solve the differential equation of 
$$xp^2 - 2yp + ax = 0$$
 [5]

15. Solve 
$$(D^2 - 1)y = \sinh(x)$$
 [5]

16. 
$$(x^2D^2 + xD + 1)y = \sin(\log x^2)$$
 [5]

#### TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY

#### INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

### Examination Control Division 2075 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular / Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except BAE)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. If  $y = e^{a \sin^{-1} x}$ , then prove that  $(1 x^2) y_{n+2} (2n+1) x y_{n+1} (n^2 + a^2) y_n = 0$
- 2. Assuming the validity of expansion, find the expansion of  $log(1+e^x)$  by using Machlaurin's Theorem.
- 3. Evaluate:  $x \to 0$   $\left(\frac{\sin x}{x}\right)^{1/x}$
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve:

$$y^2 = \frac{(a-x)^2}{a^2 + x^2} x^2$$

- 5. Show that for the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ , the radius of curvature at the extremity of major axis is equal to half of the latus rectum.
- 6. Show that  $\int_0^1 \cot^{-1}(1-x+x^2)dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log 2$ .
- 7. Evaluate by using the rule of differentiation under the sign of integration

$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{\log(1 + a\cos x)}{\cos x} dx$$

- 8. Prove that:  $\int_0^\infty \sqrt{y} e^{-y^2} dy \times \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-y^2}}{\sqrt{y}} dy = \frac{\Pi}{2\sqrt{2}}$
- 9. Find the surface area of solid generated by revolution of cycloid.  $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta), y = a(1 + \cos \theta)$  about its axis.
- 10. Solve the differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{x}\sin 2y = x^3\cos^2 y$$

- 11. If p denotes  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ , then solve  $p^3 4xyp + 8y^2 = 0$ .
- 12. Solve:  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^2e^{3x}$
- 13. Solve:  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x$
- 14. Derive the standard equation of an ellipse.
- 15. Find the condition that the line  $x\cos\alpha + y\sin\alpha = p$  to touch hyperbola  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  and also find point of contact.
- and eccentricity of conic  $9x^2 + 4xy + 6y^2 22x 16y + 9 = 0$ .

OR

Describe and sketch the graph of polar equation:  $r = \frac{4}{1 + 3\cos\theta}$ 

#### Examination Control Division 2074 Ashwin

Exam.	В	ack	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B.Arch.)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz's theorem on heigher order derivative. If  $y = e^{a \tan^{-1} x}$ , prove that  $(1+x^2)y_{n+2} + (2nx+2x-a)y_{n+1} + n(n+1)y_n = 0$
- 2. State difference between Roll's Theorem and Lagrange's Mean value theorem. Verify Lagrange's mean value theorem for f(x) = x(x-1)(x-2) when  $x \in \left[0, \frac{1}{2}\right]$ .
- 3. Define inderminate form of a function. Evaluate

$$x \xrightarrow{\text{lim}} 0 \left(\frac{\tan x}{x}\right)^{1/x^2}$$

- 4. Define asymptote to a curve. Find the asymptotes of curve  $y^3 + 2xy^2 + x^2y y + 1 = 0$ .
- 5. Find radius of curvature of the curve  $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$  at origin.

#### OR

Find the pedal equation of the polar curve  $r^m = a^m \cos m\theta$ .

- 6. Integrate:  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x \, dx}{(1+\sin x)(2+\sin x)}$
- 7. Apply differentiation under integral sign to evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-ax} \sin x}{x} dx$ .
- 8. Define Beta and Gamma function. Use them to evaluate  $\int_0^{2a} x^5 \sqrt{2ax x^2} dx$ .
- 9. Show that the area of the curve  $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = a^{\frac{2}{3}}$  is  $\frac{3}{8}\pi a^2$ .

#### OR

Find the volume of the solid formed by the revolution of the cardoid  $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$  about the initial line.

- 10. Solve:  $(1 + y^2) dx = (\tan^{-1} y x) dy$
- 11. Solve:  $y = px \sqrt{m^2 + p^2}$  where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$ .

12. Solve: 
$$(D^2 + 2D + 1)y = e^x + x^2$$
.

13. Solve: Solve: 
$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = x^4$$
.

OR

A resistance of 100 ohms, an inductance of 0.5 Henry are connected in series with a battery of 20 volts. Find the current in the circuit as a function of time.

- 14. What does the equation of lines  $7x^2 + 4xy + 4y^2 = 0$  become when the axes are the bisectors of the angles between them?
- 15. Derive the equation of hyperbola in standard form.
- 16. Find the foci and eccentricity of the conic  $x^2 + 4xy + y^2 2x + 2y 6 = 0$ .

OR

Describe and sketch the graph of the conic  $r = \frac{12}{6 + 2\sin\theta}$ .

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#### Examination Control Division 2073 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Drogramme	All (Except B.Arch.)	Pass Marks	32
	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- √ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz theorem. If  $y = e^{x^2}$ , then show that  $y_{n+1} 2xy_n 2ny_{n-1} = 0$ .
- 2. Expand e<sup>x</sup>log<sub>e</sub>(1+x) in ascending powers of x upto the term containing x<sup>4</sup> in Maclaurin's series.
- 3. State L-hospital's rule. Evaluate,

$$x \to 0 \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{\tan x}$$

- 4. State the types of asymptotes to a curve. Find the asymptotes of the curve  $(x^2-y^2)(x+2y+1)+x+y+1=0$ .
- 5. Find the chord of curvature through the pole for the curve  $r = a (1+\cos\theta)$ .
- 6. Show that  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\log(1+x^2)}{1+x^2} dx = \pi \log 2$
- 7. Apply the method of differentiation under integral sign to prove

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{(a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x)^2} = \frac{\pi (a^2 + b^2)}{4a^3 b^3}$$

8. Using Beta -Gamma Function, show that

$$\int_0^{\pi/4} \sin^4 x \cdot \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{3\pi - 4}{192}$$

9. Find the area included between an arc of cycloid  $x = a (\theta - \sin \theta)$ ,  $y = a (1 - \cos \theta)$  and its base.

Find the volume of the solid formed by the revolution of the cardoid  $r = a (1+\cos\theta)$  about the initial base

- 10. What does the equation  $x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}xy y^2 = 2a^2$  become when the axes are turned through an angle 30° to the original axes?
- 11. Derive the equation of an ellipse in the standard form.

12. Find the eccentricity of the conic,

$$x^2 + 4xy + y^2 - 2x + 2y - 6 = 0$$

OK

Describe and sketch the conic

$$r = \frac{10 \csc \theta}{2 \csc \theta + 3}$$

13. Solve: 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x + 2y - 3}{2x + y - 3}$$

14. Solve: 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = \sec x$$

15. Solve: 
$$y = 2px + p^3y^2$$
; where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$ 

16. Solve: 
$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = \frac{1}{x}$$

#### Examination Control Division 2073 Shrawan

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	ALL (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year/Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz's theorem. If  $y = (\sin^{-1} x)^2$ , show that  $(1-x^2)y_{n+2} (2n+1)xy_{n+1} n^2y_n = 0$
- 2. Verify Rolle's Theorem for  $f(x) = \log \frac{x^2 + ab}{(a+b)x}$ ;  $x \in [a,b]$ . How does Rolle's Theorem differ from Lagrange's mean value theorem.
- 3. Evaluate  $x \to 0^+ \left(\frac{\sin x}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{x}}$
- 4. Find the asymptotes to the curve  $y^3 + 2xy^2 + x^2y y + 1 = 0$
- 5. Find the radius of curvature at origin for the curve  $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$ .
  - 6. Show that  $\int_{0}^{\pi} x \log(\sin x) dx = \frac{\pi^{2}}{2} \log \frac{1}{2}$
- 7. Apply the rule of differentiation under integral sign to evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-ax} \sin x}{x} dx \text{ and hence}$  deduce that  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$
- 8. Define Beta function. Apply Beta and Gamma function to evaluate  $\int_{0}^{2a} x^{5} \sqrt{2ax x^{2}} dx$
- 9. Find the volume generated by revolution of astroid  $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = a^{2/3}$  about x-axis.
- 10. What does the equation  $3x^2 + 3y^2 + 2xy = 2$  becomes when the axes are turned through an angle of  $45^{\circ}$  to the original axes?
- 11. Find center, length of axes, eccentricity and directrices of the conic

$$3x^2 + 8xy - 3y^2 - 40x - 20y + 50 = 0$$

OR

Describe and sketch the conic  $r = \frac{12}{2 - 6\cos\theta}$ 

- 12. Deduce standard equation of ellipse.
- 13. Solve the differential equation:  $(1+y^2)+(x-e^{\tan^{-1}y})\frac{dy}{dx}=0$
- 14. Solve:  $xp^2 2yp + ax = 0$  where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$
- 15. Solve:  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = e^{2x} . \sin x$
- 16. Resistance of 100 ohms, an inductance of 0.5 Henry are connected in series with battery

#### INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

#### Examination Control Division 2072 Chaitra

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Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	ALL (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz's theorem. If  $y = (x^2 1)^n$ , then prove that

$$(x^2-1)y_{n+2} + 2xy_{n+1} - n(n-1)y_n = 0$$

- 2. Assuming the validity of expansion, expand log(1+sinx) by Maclaurin's therom.
- 3. Evaluate  $x \xrightarrow{\lim} 0 \frac{(1+x)^{1/x} e}{x}$
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve:  $x(x-y)^2 3(x^2 y^2) + 8y = 0$
- 5. Find the radius of curvature at any point  $(r,\theta)$  for the curve  $a^2 = r^2 \cos 2\theta$
- 6. Show that:  $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$
- 7. Apply differentiation under integral sign to evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log \frac{a + b \sin x}{a b \sin x} \frac{dx}{\sin x}$
- 8. Define Gamma function. Apply Beta and Gamma function to evaluate:

$$\int_0^{\pi/6} \cos^2 6\theta . \sin^4 3\theta = \frac{7\pi}{192}$$

- 9. Find the area inclosed by  $y^2(a-x)=x^3$  and its asymptotes.
- 10. If the axes be turned through and angle of  $tan^{-1}2$ , what does the equation  $4xy-3x^2-a^2=0$  become?
- 11. Find the center, length of axes, eccentricity and directrices of the conic.

$$2x^2 + 3y^2 - 4x - 12y + 13 = 0$$

#### OR

Describe and sketch the graph of the conic  $r = \frac{10}{3 + 2\cos\theta}$ 

- 12. Deduce standard equation of hyperbola.
- 13. Solve the differential equation:  $x \log x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2 \log x$

14. Solve: 
$$(x-a)p^2 + (x-y)p - y = 0$$
: where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$ 

- 15. Solve:  $(D^2 D 2)y = e^x + \sin 2x$
- 16. Find a current i(t) in the RLC circuit assuming zero initial current and charge q, if R = 80 ohms, L = 20 Henry, C = 0.01 Fardays and E = 100 volts.

#### Examination Control Division 2072 Kartik

Exam. New Back (2066 & Later Bat			
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. If  $y = (\sin^{-1} x)^2$ , then show that:
  - i)  $(1-x^2)y_2-xy_1-2=0$
  - ii)  $(1-x^2)y_{n+2}-(2n+1)xy_{n+1}-n^2y_n=0$
- 2. State Rolle's Theorem and verify the theorem for  $f(x) = \frac{x(x+3)}{e^{x/2}}$ ;  $x \in [-3,0]$
- 3. Evaluate:  $x \to 0 \left(\frac{\tan x}{x}\right)^{1/x}$
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve:  $(a + x)^2(b^2 + x^2) = x^2 \cdot y^2$
- 5. Find the pedal equation of the curve  $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$
- 6. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{(\sin x + \cos x)}{(9 + 16\sin 2x)} dx$
- 7. Use Beta Gamma function to evaluate  $\int_0^{2a} x^5 . \sqrt{2ax x^2} . dx$
- 8. Evaluate by using the rule of differentiation under the sign of integration.

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-x}\sin bx}{x}.dx$$

9 Find the area of one loop of the curve  $r = a \sin 3\theta$ 

#### OR

Find the volume of the solid formed by the revolution of the cardioid  $r = a (1+\cos\theta)$  about the initial line

Find center and eccentricity of conic  $x^2 + 4xy + y^2 - 2x + 2y - 6 = 0$ 

Describe and sketch the graph of the equation  $r = \frac{10}{3 + 2\cos\theta}$ 

- 10. Find the condition that the line 1x + my + n = 0 may be a normal to the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$
- 11. Show that the pair of tangents drawn from the center of a hyperbola are its asymptotes.
- 12. Solve the differential equation:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} + \tan \frac{y}{x}$
- 13. Solve:  $y-2px+ayp^2=0$  where  $p=\frac{dy}{dx}$
- 14. Solve the differential equation:  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y \log y = xy e^x$
- 15. Solve the differential equation:  $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} 4y = x^2$

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### 01 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

#### Examination Control Division 2071 Chaitra

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Exam.	. R	egular	80
Level	BE	Full Marks ·	00
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt A!I questions.
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnity's theorem on Leigher derivatives:

If 
$$y = \sin(m \sin^{-1} x)$$
 then show that  $(1-x^2) y_{n+2} - (2n+1) xy_{n+1} + (m^2-n^2)y_n = 0$ 

- 2. Assuming the validity of expansion, find the expansion of the function  $\frac{e^x}{1+e^x}$  by Misclaurin's theorem.
- 3. Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{xe^x (1+x)\log(1+x)}{x^2}$
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve  $y^3 + 2xy^2 + x^2y y + 1 = 0$
- 5. Find the radius of curvature of the curve  $y = x^2(x-3)$  at the points where the tangent is parallel to x-axis

OR

Find the pedal equation of the curve  $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$ 

6. Show that 
$$\int_{2}^{2} \frac{dx}{x + \sqrt{x^{2} - x^{2}}} = \frac{\Pi}{4}$$

- 7. Apply differentiation under integral sign to evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{(a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x)^2}$
- 8. Use gamma function to prove that  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{(1-x^6)^{1/6}} = \Pi/3$
- 9. Find the volume or surface area of solid generated by revolving the cycloid  $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta)$ ,  $y = a(1 + \cos \theta)$  about its base.

- 10. If the line lx+my+n=0 is normal to the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  then show that  $\frac{a^2}{l^2} + \frac{b^2}{m^2} = \frac{(a^2 b^2)^2}{n^2}$
- 11. Solve the locus of a point which moves in such a way that the difference of its distance from two fixed points is constant is Hyperbola.
- 12. Solve the differential equation  $x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 6x$
- 13. Solve  $(x^2D^2 + xD + 1)y = \sin(\log x^2)$
- 14. Solve  $y = yp^2 + 2px$  where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$
- 15. Solve:  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = e^{2x} \sin x$
- 16. Describe and sketch the graph of the equation  $r = \frac{10}{2 3\sin\theta}$

 $\partial R$ 

Show that the conic section represented by the equation

 $14x^2 - 4xy + 11y^2 - 44x - 58y + 71 = 0$  is an ellipse. Also find its center, eccentricity, latus rectums and foci

### Examination Control Division 2071 Shawan

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. If 
$$y = \log(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2})$$
, then show that  $(a^2 + x^2)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + n^2y_n = 0$  [5]

2. State and prove Logrange's Mean Value theorem. [5]

3. Evaluate: 
$$x \to \prod_{i=1}^{lim} (\sin x)^{\tan x}$$
 [5]

4. Find the asymption of the curve 
$$a^2y^2 + x^2y^2 - a^2x^2 + 2ax^3 - x^4 = 0$$
 [5]

5. Find the radius of curvature at the origin for the curve  $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$ 

6. Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{a} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a - x}} dx$$
 [5]

7. Apply differentiation under integral sign to evaluate 
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-ax} - e^{-bx}}{x} dx$$
 [5]

8. Using Gamma function show that 
$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^4 x \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{3\pi - 4}{192}$$
 [5]

9. Find the area bounded by the curve  $x^2 = 4y$  and the line x = 4y - 2

OR

Find the volume of the solid generated by the revolution of the cardioid  $r = a (1-\cos\theta)$  about the initial line.

10. Solve: 
$$\operatorname{Sinx} \frac{\mathrm{dy}}{\mathrm{dx}} + y \cos x = x \sin x$$
 [5]

11. Solve: 
$$xp^2 - 2yp + ax = 0$$
 where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$  [5]

12. Soive: 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^2e^{3x}$$
 [5]

13. Solve: 
$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x$$
 [5]

14. Transform the equation 
$$x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + x - 3y = 0$$
 to axes through the point (-1,0) parallel to the lines bisecting the angles between the original axes. [5]

15. Find the center, length of axes and the eccentricity of the ellipse 
$$2x^2 + 3y^2 - 4x - 12y + 13 = 0$$

[5]

$$14x^2 - 4xy + 11y^2 - 44x - 58y + 71 = 0$$

OR

Describe and sketch the conic  $r = \frac{12}{2 - 6\cos\theta}$ 

#### **Examination Control Division**

#### 2070 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ <u>All</u> questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. If  $Y = Sin(m sin^{-1}x)$ , then show that  $(1-x^2)y_{n+2} (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (m^2 n^2)y_n = 0$
- 2. Apply Maclaurin's series to find the expansion of  $\frac{e^x}{1+e^x}$  as far as the term in  $x^3$
- 3. Evaluate:  $x \to a \left(2 \frac{x}{a}\right)^{Tan \frac{\pi x}{2a}}$
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve  $x(x-y)^2 3(x^2 y^2) + 8y = 0$
- 5. Find the pedal equation of the curve  $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = a^{\frac{2}{3}}$
- 6. Apply the method of differentiation under integral sign to evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\log(1 + a^{2}x^{2})}{1 + b^{2}x^{2}} dx$
- 7. Show that  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\log(1+x^2)}{1+x^2} dx = \pi \log 2$
- 8. Use Gamma function to prove that  $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{(1-x^{6})^{\frac{1}{6}}} = \frac{\pi}{3}$
- 9. Find the area of two loops of the curve  $a^2y^2 = a^2y^2 x^4$

#### OR

Find the volume of the solid formed by the revolution of the cycloid  $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta)$ ,  $y = a(1 - \cos \theta)$  about the tangent at the vertex.

- 10. Solve the differential equation  $(1+y^2)+(x-e^{\tan^{-1}y})\frac{dy}{dx}=0$
- 11. Solve:  $y 3px + ayp^2 = 0$
- 12. Solve:  $(D^2 2D + 5)y = e^{2x} \cdot \sin x$
- 13. A resistance of 100 Ohms, an inductance of 0.5 Henry are connected in series with a battery 20 volts. Find the current in the circuit as a function of time.
- 14. What does the equation  $3x^2 + 3y^2 + 2xy = 2$  becomes when the axes are turned through an angle 45° to the original axes.
- 15. Show that the locus of a point which moves in such a way that the differences of its distance from two fixed points is constant is a hyperbola.
- 16. Find the center, length of the axes and eccentricity of the conic  $2x^2 + 3y^2 4x 12y + 13 = 0$

OR

Describe and sketch the graph of the polar equation of conic  $r = \frac{10 \csc\theta}{2 \csc\theta + 3}$ 

#### INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

### Examination Control Division 2069 Chaitra

Level	BE	Full Marks	80
	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	32 ·
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- √ Assume suitable data if necessary.

1. If 
$$y = \log (x + \sqrt{(a^2 + x^2)})$$
 show that  $(a^2 + x^2)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + n^2y_n = 0$ 

2. State and prove Lagrange's Mean Value theorem.

If 
$$x \to 0$$
  $\frac{a \sin x - \sin 2x}{\tan^3 x}$  is finite, find the value of a and the limit.

- 4. Find asymptotes of  $(x^2-y^2)^2 2(x^2+y^2) + x-1 = 0$
- (5. Find the radius of curvature at any point (x,y) for the curve  $x^{2/3}+y^{2/3}=a^{2/3}$

• 6 Prove that 
$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin bx}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} (b > 0)$$

7. Use Beta and Gamma function to evaluate 
$$\int_0^{2a} x^5 \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx$$

Evaluate 
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-x} \sin bx}{x} dx$$
 by using the rule of differentiation under the sign of integration.

9. Find the volume of the solid formed by the revolution of the cardiod 
$$r = a (1+\cos\theta)$$
 about initial line.

#### OR

Find the area bounded by the curve  $x^2y = a^2$  (a-y) and the x-axies

$$< 10$$
. Solve the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} + \tan \frac{y}{x}$ 

11. Solve the differential equation 
$$x \frac{dy}{dx} + y \log y = xye^x$$

12. Solve the differential equation 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x + e^{-x}$$

13. Solve 
$$y = px - \sqrt{m^2 + p^2}$$
 where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$ 

A resistance of 100 ohms, an inductance of 0.5 henry are connected in series with a battery of 20 volts. Find the current in the circuit as a function of time.

\*\*\*

OR

-15. Find the equation of ellipse of the form 
$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$
 where a>b

16. Describe and sketch the graph of the equation 
$$r = \frac{4 \sec \theta}{2 \sec \theta - 1}$$



# ON TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

# Exam. New Bark Fallon Country 12 Level BE Fall Marks 80 Programme All (Except B.Arch) Pass Marks 32 Year / Part 1/1 Time 3 hrs.

#### 2070 Ashad

#### Subject: - Mathematics I (SH401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All questions carry equal marks.
- √ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz's Theorem on higher derivatives. If  $y = \sin(m \sin^{-1}x)$  then show that  $(1-x^2) y_{n+2} (2n+1) x y_{n+1} + (m^2-n^2) y_n = 0$
- 2. State Rolle's Theorem and verify it for the function  $f(x) = \frac{x(x+3)}{e^{\frac{x}{2}}}$ ,  $x \in [-3,0]$
- 3. Evaluate:  $x \to 0 \left(\frac{\tan x}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve  $(x^2 y^2)^2 2(x^2 + y^2) + x 1 = 0$
- 5. Show that the radius of curvature at any point  $(r,\theta)$  of the curve  $r^m = a^m \cos m\theta \text{ is } \frac{a^m}{(m+1)r^{m+1}}$
- 6. Show that  $\int_0^1 \frac{\log(1+x)}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$
- 7. Evaluate by using the rule of differentiation under the sign of integration  $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-x} \sin bx}{x} dx$
- 8. Use Gamma function to prove  $\int_0^{\pi} \cos^4 3\theta \cdot \sin^2 6\theta = \frac{5\pi}{192}$
- 9. Find the area bounded by the curve  $x^2y = a^2(a y)$  and X axis

OR

Show that the volume of the solid formed by revolving the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  about the line x = 2a is  $4\pi^2a^2b$  cubic units.

- 10. Solve the differential equation  $(1+y^2) dy = (\tan^{-1} y x) dx$
- 11. Solve the differential equation  $y = yp^2 + 2px$  where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$

- 12. Solve the differential equation  $(D^2 2D + 5)y = e^{2x} \cdot \sin x$
- 13. Solve the differential equation  $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = x \log x$

OR

Newton's law of cooling states that the temperature of an object changes at the rate proportional to the difference of temperature between the object and its surroundings. Supposing water at 100°C cools to 80°C in 10 minutes in a room temperature of 30°C find the time when the temperature of water will become 40°C?

- 14. If the axes be turned through an angle  $\tan \theta = 2$  what does the equation  $4xy 3x^2 a^2 = 0$  becomes.
- 15. Find the condition that the straight line x cos  $\alpha$  + y sin  $\alpha$  = p touches the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$
- 16. Find the centre, length of axes and eccentricity of the conjugate  $9x^2 + 4xy + 6y^2 22x 16y + 9 = 0$

 $\partial R$ 

Describe and sketch the graph of the equation  $t = \frac{12}{3 + 2\cos\theta}$ 

### Examination Control Division. 2069 Ashad

Exam.	New Back (2	2066 & Later	Batch
Level	BE		80
Programme	All(Except.B. Arch.)	Pass Marks	.32
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### (8.17.

#### Subject: - Engineering Mathematics (SH 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ A!! questions carry equal marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. If  $y = (x^2 1)^n$ , prove that  $(x^2 1)y_{n+2} + 2xy_{n+1} n(n+1)y_n = 0$ .
- 2. State and prove Lagrange's mean value theorem and verify  $f(x) = \log x$ ,  $x \in [i,e]$ .
- 3. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{1}{x^2} \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} \right)$
- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve  $x(x-y)^2-3(x^2-y^2)+8y=0$
- 5. Find the tangent at (a, b) to the curve  $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^3 = 2$ .
- 6. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\alpha} \frac{dx}{x^3}$ .
- 7. Use Gamma function to prove  $\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin^{6} \frac{x}{2} \cos^{6} \frac{x}{2} dx = \frac{5\pi}{2^{11}}$
- 8. Use method of differentiation under integral sign, evaluate  $\int_0^{\alpha} \frac{Tan^{-1}(ax)}{x(1+x^2)} dx.$
- 9. Find the area between the curve and its asymptotes  $y^2(a-x) = x^3$

On

Find the volume of the ellipscoid formed by the revolution of an ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ 

- 10. Transform the equation  $3x^2-2xy+4y^2+8x-10y+8=0$  by translating the axis into an equation with linear term missing.
- 11. Find the equation of ellipse whose centre is origin and whose axis are the axis of coordinates and passes through the pair of curves (1,6) and (2,3).
- 12. Prove that the product of the semi axis of conic  $5x^2+6xy+5y^2+12x+4y-4=0$  is 3.
- 13. Solve the differential equation  $x dy y dx = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx$
- 14. Find the general solution of the differential equation  $xy^2(p^2+2)=2py^3+x^3$
- 15. Find the general solution of the differential equation  $(x^2D^2+4xD+2)y=e^x$ .
- 16. A tank contains 1000 liters of fresh water. Salt water which contains 150gms of salt per liter, runs into it at the rate of 5 liter per minute and well-stirred mixture runs out of it at the same rate. When will the tank contain 5000gms of salt?

OR

Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - y = x^2 \cos x$$

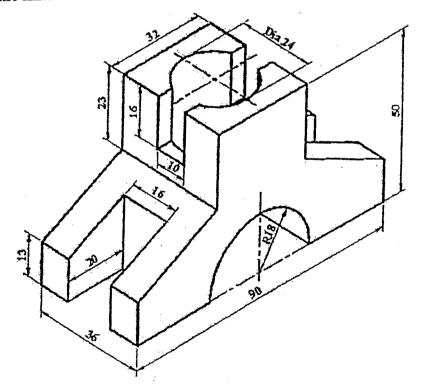
#### Examination Control Division 2079 Bhadra

Exam.	3	legular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All except BAR	Pass Marks	16
	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

[4]

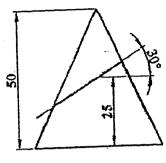
### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME 401)

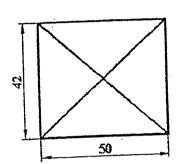
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw a cycloid, one and half revolution of a circle having diameter 45 mm.
- A pentagonal plane with 30 mm side has an edge on the HP. This plane is perpendicular to the VP and inclined at 45° to the HP. Draw its projection when its corner nearer to the VP is 10 mm infront of it.
- 3. Draw (a) full sectional front view, (b) top view and (c) side of an object shown in figure below. Also dimension it. [6+4+3+2]



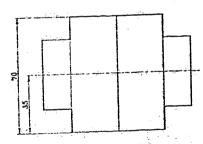
4. Draw a complete orthographic drawing of a geometrical solid cut by planes as shown in figure below. Find the true shape of the section. Then develop the complete surface of the solid.

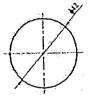
[10]

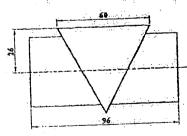




5. Draw the lines of intersection of the surfaces of geometrical solids in figure below.







#### Examination Control Division 2079 Baishakh

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except BAR)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw an ellipse with major and minor axes of 80 mm and 60 mm respectively.

[4]

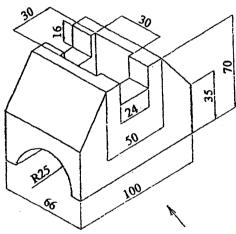
2. A line AB has its end A 15 mm above the HP and 10 mm in front of the VP and its end B 40 mm above the HP and 35 mm infront of the VP. The distance between its end projectors is 45 mm. Draw the projections of the line and determine the its true length and inclination with the HP and VP.

[5]

3. Draw a complete orthographic projection of an object shown in figure below with a sectional front view.

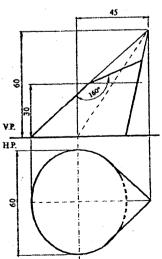
[14]

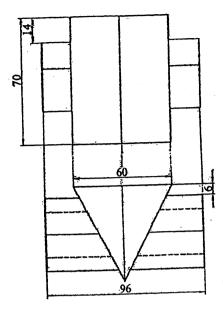
#### Through holes



4. Make a complete top view of orthographic drawing of a solid cut by a plane as shown in the figure below. Find the true shape of the section. Construct the development of whole surfaces of the solid.

[12]







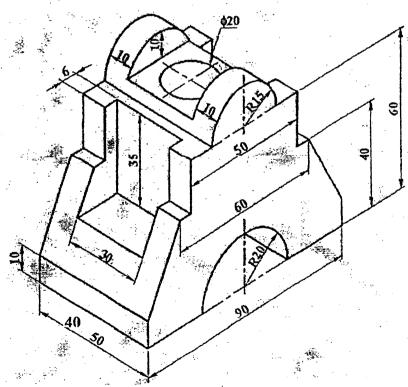
#### Examination Control Division 2078 Bhadra

Exam.	5	Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	ALL	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

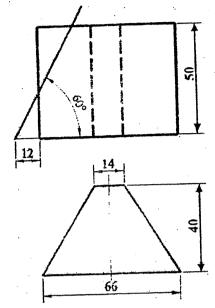
[5]

#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME 401)

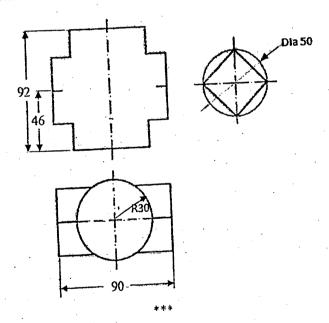
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw an helix of pitch 60mm and height 90mm on a cylinder of diameter 44mm. [5]
- A straight line AB 60mm long is inclined to the HP at 45° and its top view makes an
  angle of 60° with the reference line. Its end A is in the HP and 10 mm in front of the VP.
  Draw its projections and determine its inclination with the VP.
- 3. Draw the top view side view and full sectional front view from the given pictorial view in figure given below. Show all the necessary dimensions. [14]



4. Make a complete orthographic drawing of a solid cut by plane as shown in figure below. Find the true shape of the section. Construct the development of surfaces of the solid.



5. Draw a line intersection of the solids given in figure given below.



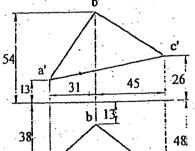
#### **Examination Control Division** 2078 Kartik

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
	All Except BAR	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

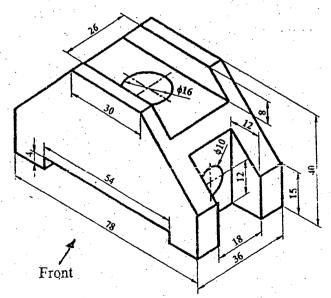
#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME 401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Construct a parabola with axis length of 60mm and double ordinate of 40mm.

2. Top and front views of a triangular plane is given in figure below. Draw its true shapes.

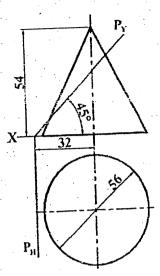


3. Draw orthographic views of the objects shown in figure below with full sectional front [15] view. Assume all holes as through holes.

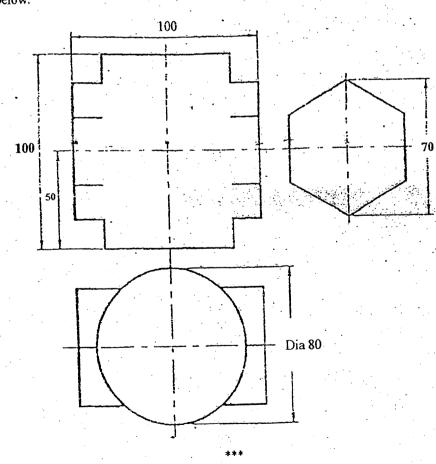


4. Draw a complete orthographic drawing of the right solids shown in figure below cut by the planes. Find the true shape of the section. Then draw development of the solid. [10]





5. Find the line of intersection of the surfaces of given geometrical solids shown in figure below.



### Examination Control Division 2076 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All except BAR	Pass Marks	16
Year/Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw a parabola with axis length of 70mm and double ordinate of 90mm.

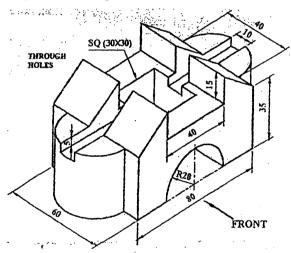
[5].

2. The front view p'q' of a line PQ 94mm long measures 60mm and its top view pq is 72mm. Its end Q is 24mm from both the planes. Draw its projections and find inclinations with VP and HP.

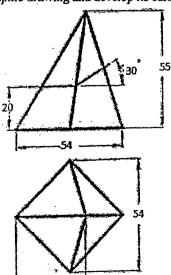
[5]

3. Draw orthographic projections with full sectional front view, side view and top view of the pictorial drawing as shown in figure below.

[14]



4. Complete the given orthographic drawing and develop its surfaces of figure given below: [10]



5. Draw the intersection curve for vertical cylinder and horizontal triangular prism shown in figure below.

80 050

#### Examination Control Division 2076 Ashwin

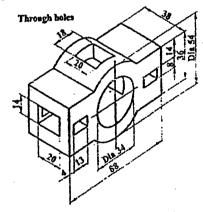
Exam.	В	ack	
Level		Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except BAR)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

[5]

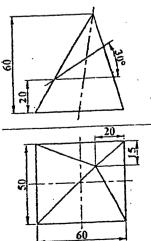
[10]

### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- √ The figures in the margin indicate <u>Full Marks</u>.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw an Archemedian Spiral for 1.5 convolutions with pitch equal to 50 mm. [4]
- A regular hexagon ABCDEF of 25 mm side rests on one of its corner on the HP. Its plane
  is perpendicular to the VP and inclined to the HP at 30°. Draw its projections when its
  corner nearer to the VP is 15 mm in front of it.
- 3. Draw complete Orthographic views with sectional front view of the figure below. [14]

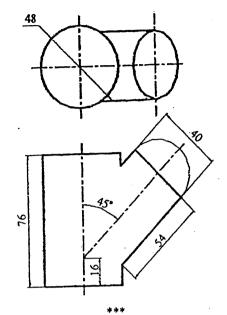


4. Make a complete orthographic drawing of a solid cut by a plane as shown in figure below. Find the true shape of the section. Construct the development of surfaces of the solid.



5. Draw orthographic projection of given geometrical figure by showing curve of intersection.

[7]



#### Examination Control Division 2075 Ashwin

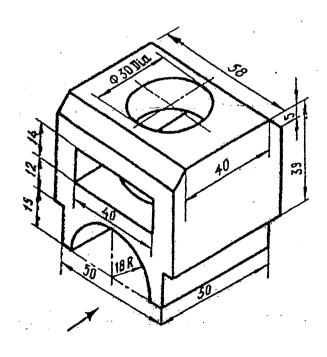
Exam.	第四世史·塔斯曼·Back 南海斯里特特军		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
	All (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	16
	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

[5]

[5]

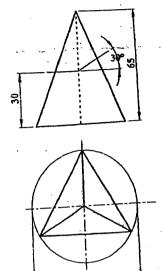
#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw helix having a pitch of 50 mm on a cylinder with the diameter of 40 mm and height of 75 mm.
- 2. ABC is a triangular plane with side AB = 30 mm and sides BC = CA = 50 mm. Side AB is contained by HP and is perpendicular to VP. Draw its projections when its top view is an equilateral triangle and the nearest point A is 15 mm away from VP. Also find its inclination with the HP.
- 3. Draw and dimension orthographic projections with full sectional side view, front view and top view of the pictorial drawing as shown in figure below. [14]

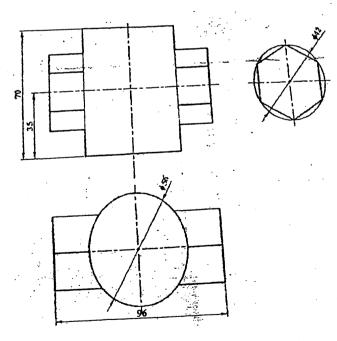


 Make complete orthographic projections of a solid cut by planes as shown in figure below. Find the true shapes of the sections. Construct the development of all the surfaces of the solid.

[10]



5. Draw the effects of intersection of the surfaces of geometrical solids shown in figure below.



#### **Examination Control Division**

2075 Ashwin

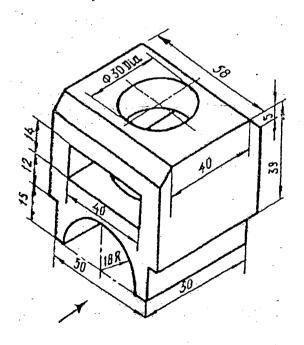
Exam.	然后中心理模型中中	lack is said	相连接
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	.16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

[5]

[5]

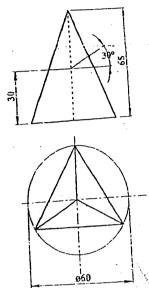
#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw helix having a pitch of 50 mm on a cylinder with the diameter of 40 mm and height of 75 mm.
- 2. ABC is a triangular plane with side AB = 30 mm and sides BC = CA = 50 mm. Side AB is contained by HP and is perpendicular to VP. Draw its projections when its top view is an equilateral triangle and the nearest point A is 15 mm away from VP. Also find its inclination with the HP.
- Draw and dimension orthographic projections with full sectional side view, front view and top view of the pictorial drawing as shown in figure below.

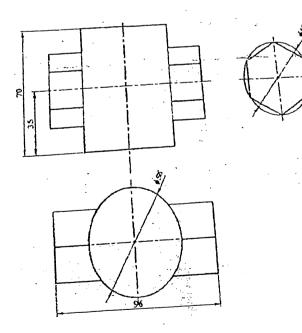


 Make complete orthographic projections of a solid cut by planes as shown in figure below. Find the true shapes of the sections. Construct the development of all the surfaces of the solid.

[10]



5. Draw the effects of intersection of the surfaces of geometrical solids shown in figure below.

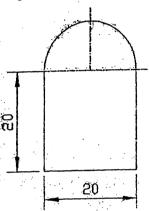


#### Examination Control Division 2074 Chaitra

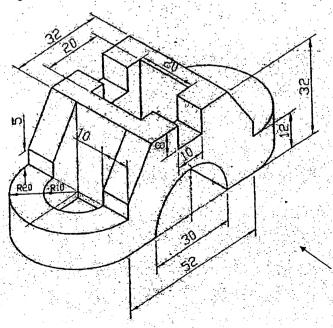
Exam.	Regi	ılar	
Level		Full Marks	
Programme	All (Except B. Arch.)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Geometrically construct one complete rotation of an involute curve on the solid with cross sectional shape as given in figure below.

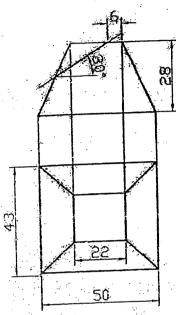


- 2. A regular pentagonal plane ABCDE of 20mm side has its edge BC resting on the HP. Its plane is perpendicular to the HP and inclined to the VP at 50°. Draw its projections when its corner nearer to the VP is 20 mm in front of the VP.
- Draw orthographic projections with Sectional Side View, Top View and Front View of pictorial drawing as shown in figure below. [14]

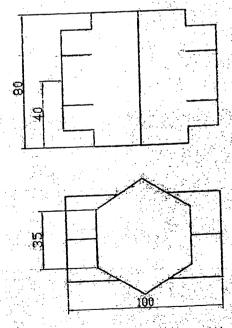


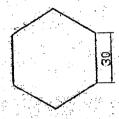
 Make a complete orthographic drawing of a pyramid cut by a plane as shown in figure below. Find the true shape and construct the surface development of the surface of the solid.

[10]



5. Draw the complete orthographic drawing for the intersection of hexagonal prisms as shown in figure below and complete the intersections.





## os tribhuvan university INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

2074 Ashwin

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw an involute of an regular square of side 20mm.

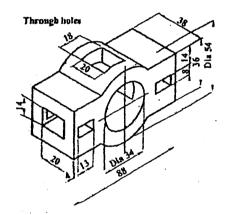
[3]

2. A straight line AB 80mm long is inclined at 30° to the HP and 45° to the VP. Its midpoint is 30mm above the HP and 35mm in front of VP. Draw its projection.

[5]

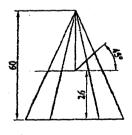
3. Draw complete Orthographic views with sectional front view of the figure below.

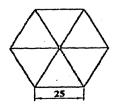
[14]

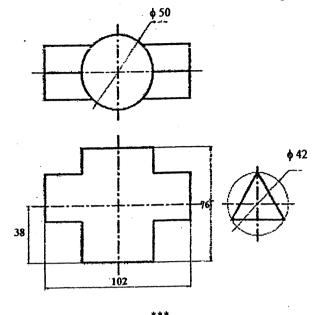


4. Make a complete orthographic drawing of geometrical solid cut by a plane as shown in figure below. Find the true shape of the section. Construct the development of the surfaces of the solid.

[12]







# L. mination Control Division 2073 Chaitra

~	Reg	ular	
Exam.	BE	Full Marks	40
Level	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	16
	1/I	Time	3 hrs.
Year / Part	1/1	L	

# Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Construct an ellipse of major axis 120mm and minor axis 80mm.

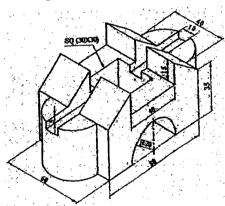
[3]

2. A regular hexagon ABCDEF of 25 mm side rests on one of its corner on the HP. Its plane is perpendicular to the VP and inclined to the HP at 30°. Draw its projections when its corner nearer to the VP is 15 mm in front of it.

[5]

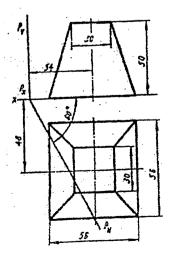
Draw orthographic projections with full sectional front view, side view and top view of pictorial drawing as shown in figure below.

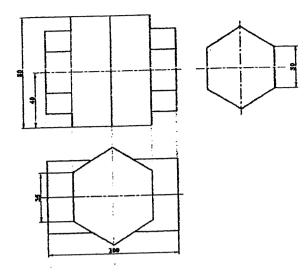
[14]



4. Make a complete orthographic drawing of a solid cut by a plane as shown in below figure. Find the true shape of the section. Construct the development of surfaces of the solid.

[12]





### Examination Control Division 2073 Shrawan

Exam.	New Back (206	6 & Later Ba	tch) 🦠
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	ALL (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

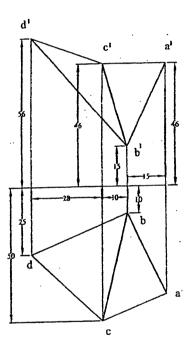
[4]

[5]

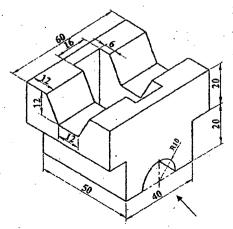
[14]

### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

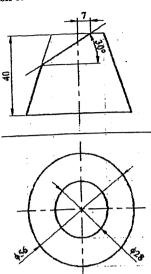
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- The distances between the focii and between the vertices of a hyperbola are 100 mm and 60 mm respectively. Construct the hyperbola.
- 2. Determine the true size of the angle formed by the planes ABC and BCD shown in figure below.



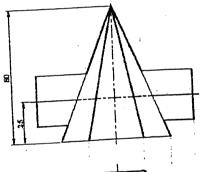
3. Draw orthographic projection with full sectional front view and full sectional side view of solid object shown in figure below.

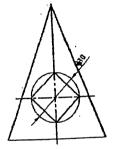


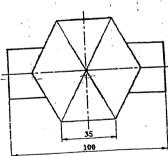
4. Make a complete orthographic drawing of the solid frustum cone cut by a plane as shown in given figure. Find the true shape of the section and draw the lateral surface development of the lower portion of the solid.



5. Draw the lines of intersection of the surfaces for given orthographic drawing in figure below.







# 02 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2072 Chaitra

• •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Exam.	$\mathbb{R}$	egular	1202
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

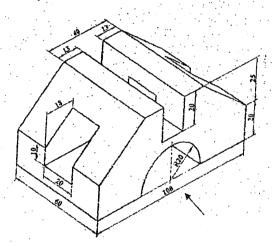
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- I. Draw an involute of the regular hexagon having side length 15 mm.-

[4

A square lamina ABCD of 30 mm side is perpendicular to VP and inclined to HP at 45°.
 Its side BC lies in HP. Draw its projection when the nearest side is 15 mm in front of VP.

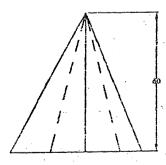
[<u>s</u> [14

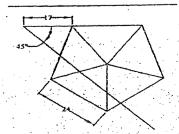
3. Draw the views of the objectives given in figure below with full sectional front view, full sectional side view and top view. Also dimension the views.

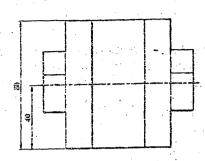


4. Complete orthographic views of the right solids shown in figure below cut by the plane. Find the true shape of the section. Then draw development of surface.

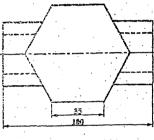
[12











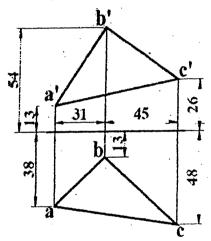
### Examination Control Division 2072 Kartik

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later Batch)		
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except B. Arch)	Pass Marks	16
Year/Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

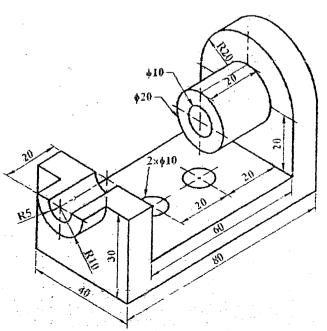
[3]

## Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Draw two circles with radii 15 mm and 20 mm respectively with their centers lying on a horizontal line and 60 mm apart. Draw an arc tangent of radius 40 mm outside to both the circles.
- 2. Reproduce the given views of the plane shown in figure below. Determine its true perimeter and true inclination with the HP. [5]

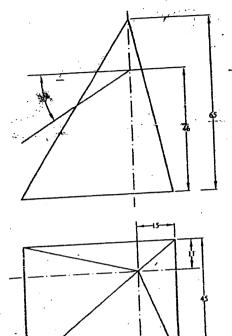


3. Pictorial view of an object is shown in figure below. Draw (with dimension) its (a) sectional front view, (b) side view and (c) top view. [15]

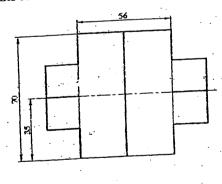


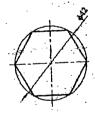
Complete the given orthographic views of geometrical solid cut by plane shown in figure below and develop the complete surfaces.

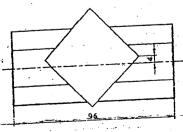
[10]



5. Draw the lines of intersection of the surfaces of geometrical solids shown in figure below:





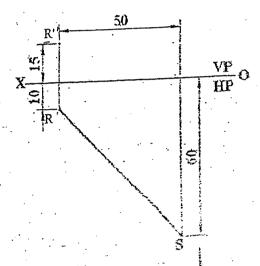


#### TRIBLEVANUNCHERSTY 02 INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division 2671 Chaitra

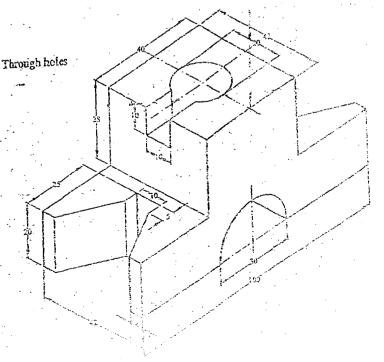
لونسون مارسون			
Exam. V	A CORRECTION	Full Marks	
Levei	BE All (Except B.Arch)		!6
Year / Part	11/1	Time	3 hrs.

				21 men 2071
Subject:	- Engine	ering D	LSEALES Y	(ML401)

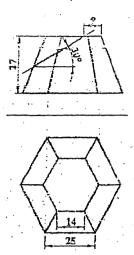
- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Construct an ellipse having a major axis 80 mm and minor axis 60 mm.
- [3]
- 2. Top view of a straight line RS and the front view of its end R are shown in figure below. Complete its projection if it is inclined at 30° to the HP. Also determine its true length and [5] true inclination with the VP.



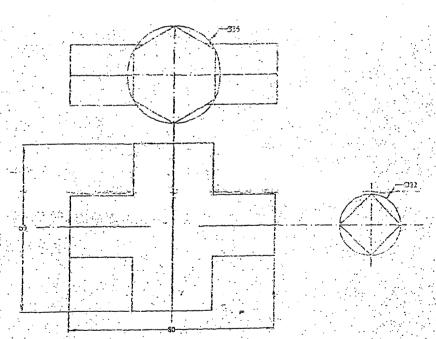
3. Draw orthographic projections with full sectional front view, top view and side view of the [15] given object shown in figure below.



Draw a complete orthographic drawing of a solid cut by a plane as shown in figure below.
 Find the true shape of the section. Then develop the surface of the solid.



5. Draw the given views assigned and complete the intersection for figure below.

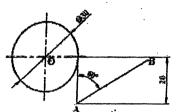


### Examination Control Division 2071 Shawan

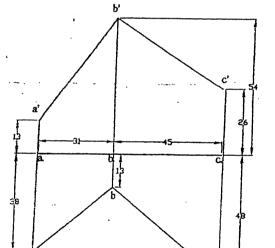
New Back (2066 & Later Batch)		
Full Marks	40	
Pass Marks	16	
Time	3 hrs.	
	Full Marks Pass Marks	

Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Figure below shows a straight line and a circle. Draw an arc of radius 18 mm tangent to both the given line and circle and outside to the given circle.

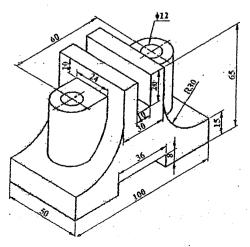


2. Find the true angle between line AB and BC.



3. Pictorial view of an object is shown in figure below. Draw (with dimension) its (a) sectional front view, (b) sectional side view and (c) top view.

[15]

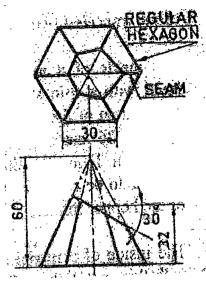


[5]

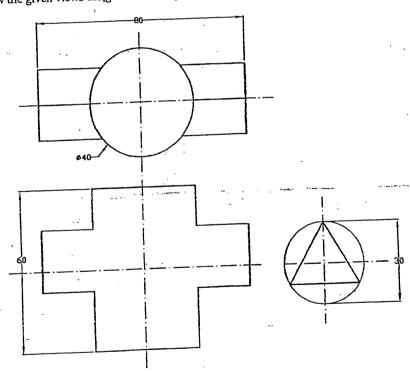
[3]

Draw a complete orthographic drawing of a solid cut by a plane as shown in figure below.
 Find the true shape of the section. Then develop lateral surface of the solid.

[12]



5. Draw the given views assigned and complete the intersection figure below.



# Examination Control Division 2070 Chaitra

Exam.	$\mathbf{R}$	egular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time .	3 hrs.

#### Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw an involute of circle having diameter of 40 mm.

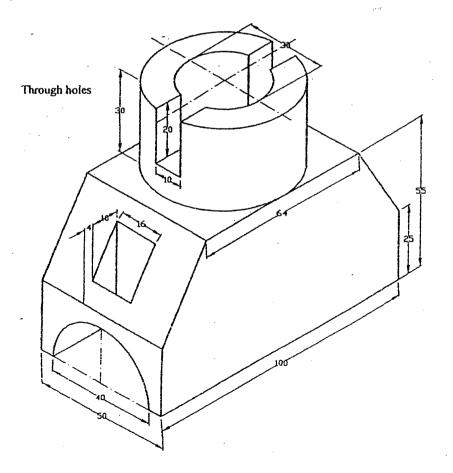
.[3]

2. A regular pentagonal plane ABCDE of 20 mm side has its edge BC resting on the HP. Its plane is perpendicular to the HP and inclined to the VP at 45°. Draw its projections when its corner nearer to the VP is 18 mm in front of the VP.

[5]

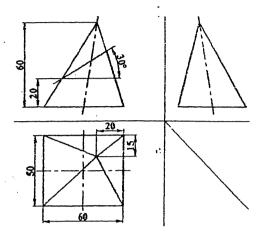
3. Draw orthographic projections with full sectional front view, top view and side view of the given isometric drawing in figure below.

[15]

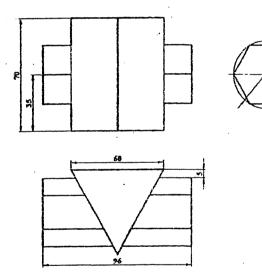


4. Draw a complete orthographic drawing of a solid cut by a plane as shown in figure below. Find the true shape of the section. Then develop the surface of the solid.

[12]



5. Draw the lines of intersection of the surfaces of geometrical solids shown in figure below. [5]



# Examination Control Division

### 2070 Ashad

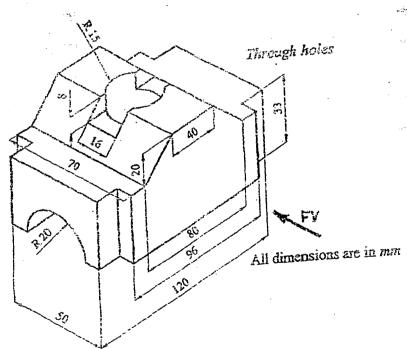
	Na Pale		into)
Exam.	RE.	Full Marks	40
Level	All (Except	Pass Marks	16
Programme Year / Pari	B.Arch)	Time	3 hrs.

[4]

[5]

# Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

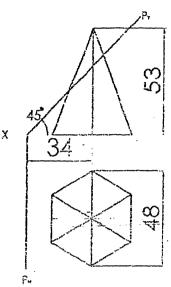
- Can didates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Con struct an Archimedian's spiral curve of one convolution of diameter 120mm.
- 2. Draw three orthographic projections of a rectangular lamina 60mm×40mm, which is parallel to H.P with one of its side inclined at 30 degree to V.P. The corner nearer to V.P. is 2.5mm in front of V.P and 30mm above H.P.
- 3. Pictorial view of an object is shown in figure below. Draw the views with sectional front [14] view.



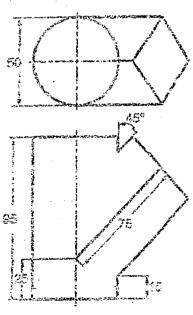
4. Make complete the orthographic view of geometrical solid out by plane as shown in figure below. Find the true shape of the section. Construct the development of the surfaces of the solid.

[12]

[5]



5. Draw the common curve of intersection of a prism with a cylinder as shown in figure below.



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### **Examination Control Division**

#### 2069 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	(
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

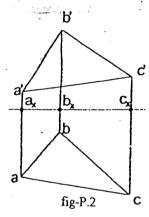
## Subject: - Engineering Drawing I (ME401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw one turn of a helix of pitch 60 mm on a cylinder of diameter of 40 mm

[4]

[6]

2. Reproduce the given views of the plane and find out its indination with HP and the true shape of the plane. Refer figure P.2



3. Pictorial view of an object is shown in figure P.3. Draw its (a) Sectional front view (b)
Side view from the left and (c) Top view. Also dimension the views.

[14]

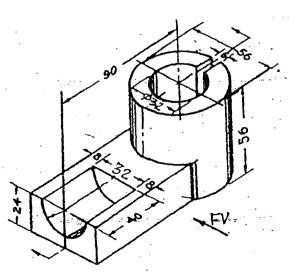
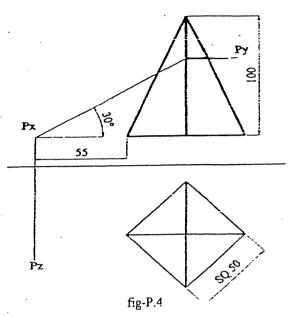


fig-P.3

[6]



5. Draw lines of intersection of the surfaces of geometrical solids as shown in figure P.5

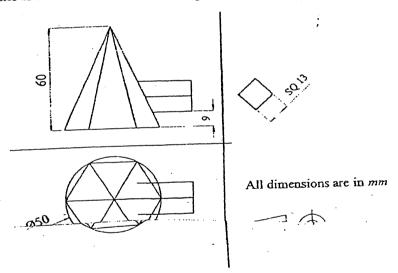


fig-P.5

### Examination Control Division-2069 Ashad

Exam.	New Back (	2066 & Later	Ratolov
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except B.Arch)	Pass Marks	16
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

### Subject: - Engineering Drawing (ME 401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw involutes of a square having side 30mm.

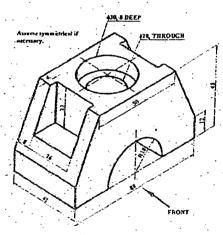
[3]

2. A rectangle ABCD, (60mm×40mm) is parallel to HP with one of its sides inclined at 30° to VP and the end of the side near to VP is 15mm in front of the VP and 30mm above the HP. Draw its projections.

[5]

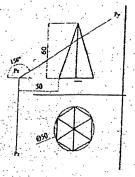
3. Pictorial view of an object is shown in figure below. Draw the sectional front view, top view and side view for the same.

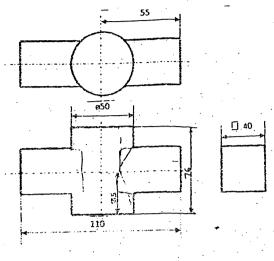
[15]



All dimensions are in mm.

Make a complete orthographic drawing of the solid pyramid cut by a plane as shown in figure below. Find the true shape of the section and construct development of the solid below the cutting plane.





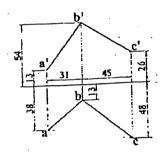
# o TRIBHLYAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING Examination Control Division

Exam.		Regular 🚞 🦫	
Level	BE	Full Marks	40
Programme	All (Except B. Arch.)	Pass Marks	
Year / Part	1/1	Time	3 hrs.

#### 2068 Chaitra

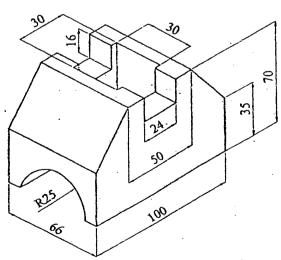
# Subject: - Engineering Drawing (ME 401)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ Necessary figures are attached herewith.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Draw a parabola with double ordinate 80mm and axis length 60mm. [3]
- 2. Find the true angle between lines AB and BC. [5]



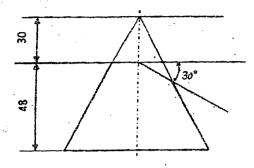
3. Draw orthographic projections with full sectional front view, side view and top view of pictorial drawing shown in figure below. [15]

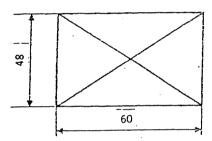
Through holes



4. Make complete the orthographic view of geometrical solid cut by plane as shown in figure below. Find the true shape of the section. Construct the development of the solid.

[12] surface.





5. Draw the lines of intersection of the surfaces of geometrical solids shown in figure below.

